catawba county

north carolina

2022

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report





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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

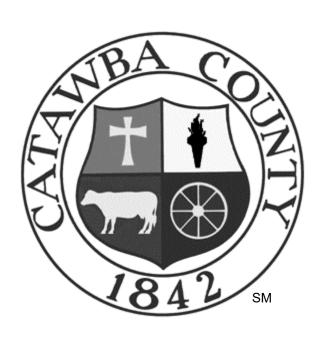


Catawba County, North Carolina

Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
For the Fiscal
Year Ended
June 30, 2022

Mary Furtado, County Manager Mary Morrison, Interim Chief Financial Officer

Prepared by Catawba County Finance Department Published November 29, 2022



Catawba County, North Carolina Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

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BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS



C. Randall Isenhower
Chair



Barbara G. Beatty Vice Chair



Austin M. Allran



Kitty W. Barnes



Sherry E. Butler



Catawba County Board of Commissioners and Citizens of Catawba County, North Carolina

November 29, 2022

State law requires all local governments to have their financial records audited by a certified public accountant using generally accepted auditing standards as soon as possible after the close of each fiscal year. Local governments are also required to publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Pursuant to those requirements, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for Catawba County for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

THE REPORT

This report of consists management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented herein. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations. County management established a comprehensive internal controls framework designed to both protect the organization's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits. the County's internal framework has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this

financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Martin, Starnes, & Associates, CPAs, P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining - on a test basis - evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. Issuance unmodified opinion means an auditor, upon review of a county's financial statements and accompanying notes, certifies the financial statements are reliable and represent the true financial condition of the county. independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader

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federally- and state-mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state grant awards. These reports, along with the schedule of expenditures of Federal and State awards, findings and recommendations, if any, are published in a separate report.

GAAP require that management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

COUNTY PROFILE

Named for the Catawba Indians who resided in the area prior to European settlement in 1747, Catawba County (established 1842) encompasses a 414-square mile area and is located in a peaceful valley just east of North Carolina's Blue Ridge Mountains. The center of the Greater Hickory metropolitan statistical area (MSA), Catawba County is conveniently located within a 1-hour drive to Charlotte, Asheville, and Winston-Salem, and affords easy access to both Interstate 40 and Highway 321. The Greater Hickory MSA consists of Alexander, Burke, Caldwell and Catawba counties. The County's mid-Atlantic location is halfway between New York and Miami and includes a land of scenic beauty and diverse cultures with a large industrial workforce.

The County has eight cities and towns within its boundaries, and is home to a population of 161,909 residents, which positions it as the 18th largest county in North Carolina and one of the 29 urban counties with population of 100,000 or more. Catawba County was one of the first of North Carolina's 100 counties to adopt the County-Manager Form of government. It is



governed by five commissioners (Randy Isenhower-Chair, Barbara Beatty-Vice Chair, Kitty Barnes, Sherry Butler, and Austin Allran) who are elected by countywide vote in partisan elections and serve four-year staggered terms.

The County Manager is appointed to serve as Chief Executive Officer and is responsible for the enforcement of laws and ordinances, preparation and administration of the annual budget, delivery of services, implementing policies, managing daily operations, and appointment of department heads.

Catawba County provides citizens with a broad range of services that include public safety, environmental protection, health and human services, cultural and recreational programs, community and economic development, and education. This report encompasses County's activities in maintaining these services and includes its financial support to outside agencies, boards and commissions to assist their efforts in serving citizens. Among these are the Catawba County, Hickory Public and Newton -Conover City Schools, Catawba Community College, Catawba County Economic Development Corporation and the Greater Hickory Metro Convention and Visitors Bureau.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when considered in the context of the overarching economic environment in which the County operates.

BOND RATING

The County is rated 'AA+' for its General Obligation Debt by Standard and Poor's (S&P). This rating highlights and confirms the financial and economic transition the County has been undergoing over the last few years. S&P's rating overview of the County included descriptions such as "Very strong management, strong

budgetary performance and very low overall net debt."

LOCAL ECONOMY

Catawba County is part of the Hickory Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), which includes Alexander, Burke, Caldwell, and Catawba counties.

Covid-19's Effect on Catawba County Employment

As of Spring 2020, Catawba County was in the midst of over a decade of economic expansion, nearing or breaking record levels in low unemployment, gross domestic product and the value of exported goods. While Covid-19 certainly hampered that economic activity for a time, more recently the local economy has stabilized, and new and expanding industry announcements are at an all-time high despite national concerns about labor availability.

Employment figures in the Hickory MSA have increased dramatically over the last year with 7,910 jobs added to the economy between June 2021 and June 2022, a 5% increase. Catawba County's unemployment rate, 3.8% for the period of this audit in June 2022, has declined 1.5% since June 2021, and 16.2% from a high of 20% during the pandemic in April 2020. Catawba County's June 2022 rate of 3.8% remains below the Hickory MSA at 3.9% and North Carolina at 4.1%. This unemployment rate is among the lowest in North Carolina, with only 14 of 100 counties having a lower rate.

Strong Retail Sales & Tourism Performance Indicate Sustained Recovery

Catawba County remains a retail magnet for the region, capturing 59% of the \$5.6 billion in retail sales from the four-county MSA, while accounting for only 44% of the population. Catawba County's taxable sales of \$3.27 billion showed a significant increase from 2020-2021 of 13% indicating a steady comeback from the minimal growth during Covid-19. In the two previous years, retail sales increased 16% and 1%, respectively. **Statewide, the County ranks 18th in population but 14th highest in taxable sales.**

These figures cement Catawba County's position as a regional retail magnet, with

furniture, automotive, restaurants, and shopping options that draw visitors from surrounding communities and generate taxable sales within the County.

Catawba County ranks 21st in the State for tourism revenue, with \$292 million generated in 2021. This represents a 32.4% increase from the previous year. This economic sector is buttressed by the presence of a wide range of cultural amenities that appeal to all audiences:

- Catawba Science Center
- Green Room Community Theatre
- Hickory Choral Society
- Hickory Community Theatre
- Hickory Crawdads Baseball Team
- Hickory Metro Convention Center
- Hickory Motor Speedway
- Hickory Museum of Art
- Newton Performing Arts Center
- Western Piedmont Symphony

A Focus on Job Growth and Investment

Catawba County has taken a proactive aggressive approach in charting its economic future through targeted expansion. In the past few years, job gains have been made as a result of significant expansion projects – funded both privately and in partnership with the public sector - occurring in a wide range of industries from traditional manufacturing to high-tech. This mix of public-private partnership and private investment underscores the County's balanced economic health and resiliency.

To further bolster these efforts, the County continues to actively recruit and attract targeted national and international companies with a focus on higher-wage industries like Information, and Advanced Manufacturing, the latter of which leverages the County's skilled workforce and high concentration of manufacturing support systems.

In 2021-2022, \$357.6 million in industry investments and 874 new jobs were announced in the County, according to the Catawba County Economic Development Corporation. A sampling

of the companies committing to deepening investments or adding jobs in Catawba County include:

- Everything Attachments, a manufacturer of high-quality farm implements and tractor attachments, announced plans in September 2021 to expand its existing manufacturing facility in Conover. Over the next five years, Everything Attachments committed to create 147 new jobs and invest a minimum of \$20 million in new facility construction, machinery, and equipment.
- In September 2021, **Prysmian Group**, announced an expansion of their Claremont facility. The \$50 million expansion committed to create 50 jobs and introduce new, industry leading technologies for the production of optical fiber. With this investment, Prysmian Group has approved capital expenditures of nearly \$130 million and created 174 jobs at its Claremont facility since 2014.
- Corning Optical **Communications** announced plans in September 2021 for a manufacturing expansion in Trivium Corporate Center in Hickory. Corning committed to invest \$150 million and create 200 jobs. With the expansion, Corning is addressing demand from leading network operators. in particular AT&T, which previously announced plans to significantly expand its fiber footprint.
- In October 2021 Pöppelmann Plastics USA, announced plans to expand its existing manufacturing facility in Claremont. Over the next three years, Pöppelmann committed to create 100 new jobs and invest a minimum of \$19 million in a new 100,000 square foot building on the company's existing campus.
- WestRock Company, a leading provider of differentiated paper and packaging solutions, announced plans in October 2021 to expand its existing manufacturing facility in Claremont. Over the next three years, WestRock committed to create 50 new jobs and invest a minimum of \$47 million to construct and equip a 285,000 square foot expansion of the company's existing facility.

 In November 2021, CommScope Inc. headquartered in Hickory, announced plans to invest \$25 million in both their Claremont and Catawba facilities with plans to create 50 additional jobs in each location.

Deliberately Driving Workforce Development

While Catawba County's economy is built upon a large industrial base (with 27.6% of its workforce in manufacturing), deliberate and targeted growth in several key sectors has resulted in a more balanced economic composition today than what existed a decade ago. From 2011 through 2021, the following sectors have experienced over 15% employment growth, collectively comprising 20% of the current total employment:

- Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services
- Transportation and Warehousing
- Construction
- Arts, Entertainment and Recreation
- Wholesale Trade
- Real Estate and Rental and Leasing

The growth in these sectors represents a 36% increase from 2011 employment levels.

Further, the County has been a leader in the manufacture and development of fiber optics and telecommunications equipment for more than a decade, producing approximately 50% of the world's supply of fiber optic cable and still providing significant employment opportunities for County residents.

In the context of Catawba County's efforts at economic diversification, manufacturing still represents a mainstay industry for the community, although to a lesser extent than in years past. Steady growth in fiber optic and telecommunications investment employment and continued reinvestment by newer industry sectors, combined with the effects of a "re-shoring" trend that has brought furniture manufacturing jobs back to Catawba County, has brought a more balanced and sustainable economy to the County.

Building upon the core strengths of the local economy, Catawba County has made significant strides in preparing its workforce with the skills to meet current and future labor needs of local employers.

With employment continuing to rise, crosssector partnerships between local governments, the business community, public educational institutions, and industryspecific resources have institutionalized a full-spectrum approach to aligning local talent with available jobs.

Programs have been designed to target highschool students as well as college-aged students and adult learners to ensure the County's workforce is poised to help local businesses thrive. Several key initiatives that have emerged from these partnerships are highlighted below:

K-64

K-64 is a systemic approach to shaping future careers and meeting workforce demands by connecting students and employers throughout the educational curriculum. K-64 increases student and employer engagement in educational programs proven to prepare a

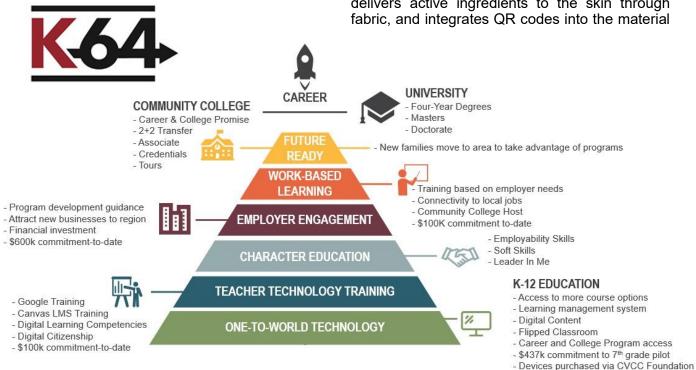
qualified workforce by collaborating with employers to align courses of study with workforce needs, connecting students to real-world careers and related curriculum choices from early on, and empowering adults to enhance employability in a dynamic work environment.

Lenoir-Rhyne University offers a program called the Catawba County Promise to provide a minimum of 50 percent off tuition for any firstyear undergraduate student with a 3.5 or higher high school GPA who is a resident of North Carolina or to a transfer undergraduate student with more than 30 attempted hours from an accredited North Carolina community college and a 3.5 GPA.

The Manufacturing Solutions Center (MSC)

MSC is a branch of CVCC focused on helping manufacturers increase sales and improve product quality and production efficiency. MSC connects the dots for entrepreneurs by bringing all of the resources needed to successfully launch a product together under one umbrella.

This combination of expertise and equipment has enabled the development of innovative products such as wearable technology that measures and regulates blood circulation, delivers active ingredients to the skin through fabric, and integrates QR codes into the material



so it can be scanned and tracked through the production process. Future product possibilities are staggering, with the potential for everything from caffeine-infused driving gloves to sleeves that deliver heart medicine in the prescribed amount on the horizon.

MSC has established itself as a regional expert in prototype development using 3D printing. The MSC has helped over 1,000 entrepreneurs and worked with companies in all 50 states and 32 countries to conduct product testing or prototyping, or to find domestically-produced production inputs.

Through strategic partnerships, the facility is expanding into the space of prototyping and testing reusable personal protective equipment products for entrepreneurs and existing manufacturers, a need both heightened and highlighted by the global pandemic.

Catawba Valley Furniture Academy

The Catawba Valley Furniture Academy, housed within CVCC, is an industry-driven training program designed in partnership with local furniture manufacturers to prepare students for high-demand skilled positions in the area. Depending on specialization, graduates of the Academy can secure jobs earning wages above the County's average. Program graduates have earned furniture manufacturing certificates and many have secured jobs at participating companies – Century Furniture, LEE Industries, Lexington Home Brands, Sherrill Furniture, and Vanguard Furniture.

Catawba Valley Manufacturing Academy

The Catawba Valley Manufacturing Academy, modeled after the Furniture Academy, is an industry-driven training course designed with input and expertise from 25 local manufacturers students for high-demand prepare manufacturing positions (such as machinists and maintenance technicians) with the region's largest employers. Graduates will be fasttracked for open positions with sponsoring companies. Readiness earning Career Certificates.

Catawba County is committed to working with the private sector, municipalities, and the Catawba County Economic Development Corporation to attract new businesses, development, and jobs and to support existing business and industry through the delivery of high quality government services supported by a low and stable property tax rate.

Recognizing the need to be proactive and take actions to stimulate economic growth, Catawba County invests in the following partnerships and strategies:

Trivium Corporate Center

Trivium Corporate Center is a 378-acre Class A Business Park being developed jointly by Catawba County and the City of Hickory. The Park is being developed incrementally over time in an effort to create job opportunities in advanced light manufacturing facilities, technical operations, and corporate headquarters, with funds set aside annually to support these anticipated capital expenses. The vision is to foster an up-scale corporate environment where light manufacturing, engineering, and innovation co- exist and augment the greater community.

Ground was broken on the park in May 2018 and improvements have been made, including extension of sewer into the park, a paved entryway, and landscaping. There have been five project announcements associated with the park so far – for a total of \$369 million in private investment supporting the creation of 772 jobs. (Project announcements include Corning (2 projects), ITM, Cataler North America, American Fuji Seal, and Gusmer Enterprises.)

Southeast Catawba County Business Park In April 2022, Catawba County purchased 54 acres in the southeastern part of the county. The land, just northeast of N.C. 16 at N.C. 150 is planned for development as a business park aimed at growing jobs and the tax base in the area. The county already received a grant from the Golden LEAF Foundation to help pay for a sewer line extension to serve the future business park.

Speculative Building Investments

Based on the success of previous speculative building initiatives in Catawba County, construction of two new spec buildings in Hickory was completed in early 2021 to spur new investment and job creation. Both have already resulted in new project investment and job creation

Atlanta-based developer Stonemont Financial Group (SFG) constructed a 192,000 sq. ft. speculative building with 32' ceilings in TriviumCorporate Center. The Stonemont Spec Building is expandable to 348,000 sq. ft. and was acquired by Corning, Inc to facilitate their September 2021 expansion.

The Lake Park Spec building, 40,185 sq. ft. with 26' ceilings, fronts on Hickory's Aviation Walk greenway and was purchased by The Print Path, a local large format printing company that focuses on mobile event set ups, vehicle wraps, signage, and fabric displays. Moving into a larger and better designed space will create much better workflow and growth opportunities for the company.

Strong Medical & Healthcare Presence

Well-positioned to meet the future medical and health care needs of its citizens, the County is home to a prospering medical and healthcare community and two large medical centers. Catawba Valley Medical Center (CVMC) is the largest not-for-profit community hospital in the region and the County's second largest employer. While technically owned by Catawba County, CVMC is completely self-supporting. Based on the quality and consistency of medical care provided by the facility, CVMC has received numerous awards in recent years, including:

- Women's Choice Awards for Best Hospital in patient experience and various medical specialties.
- American Nurses Credentialing Center Magnet Designation
- The Joint Commission Top Performer Quality Measures in Heart Attack, Pneumonia, Surgical Care, Stroke and Perinatal Care

LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Catawba County's economy continues to grow as reflected in strong retail sales activity, increasing building permit activity, business investment, and the County's low unemployment rate. The County is taking deliberate steps to accelerate and reinforce this economic growth.

Over the course of the past couple of years, the Board of Commissioners led a strategic planning process aimed at enhancing and promoting the County's quality of life in order to attract workingage families and to grow the economy. In the coming years, the County will continue to focus on anticipating future service pressures and delivering responsive services to the community.

In looking towards the future, the strategic plan invests in services and infrastructure related to many of the plan's 10 major focus areas as well as general service needs. Some of the highlights of these investments include:

Education

\$1.3 million dedicated to K-64 for the fifth year of a 5-year commitment, 5.3 percent per pupil current expense increase for the three public school systems, and a 3.5 percent increase in funding to CVCC. Additionally, the budget funds \$11.2 million in schools and community college annual capital needs and plans for up to \$30.8 million in projects for school construction approved in Fiscal Year 2022/2023.

Parks

The budget provides funds for investments in county parks including the new Mountain Creek Park in the southeastern section of the County.

Public Safety

The budget includes \$3 million in initial funding for the construction of a new emergency medical services base in Newton.

The County is able to make these investments within available revenues, maintaining the property tax rate of \$0.575 for every \$100 of valuation, thanks to a strong tradition of fiscal stewardship and conservative budgeting. Comprehensive long-range plans have been developed for critical service areas such as school construction, water and sewer infrastructure, parks, libraries, and solid waste.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Catawba County for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the 40th year in a row that the County has secured this recognition. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national annual award that recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local

government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement. a government must publish an easy to understand ACFR that is wellorganized and conforms to program standards. The ACFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. This report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and will be submitted to GFOA for consideration thereof.

In addition, the County has prepared and will be submitting a Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR) to GFOA for Fiscal

Year 2021-2022. The PAFR is designed to provide citizens with easily understandable information about a government's finances and economic conditions in a more condensed fashion. PAFRs are supplements to — not replacements for — ACFRs, and are reviewed by a GFOA-appointed task force. The County has received an award for its PAFR for the past fourteen years and hopes to continue with the Fiscal Year 2021-2022 entry.

Finally, the County has also received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its Fiscal Year 2021-2022 Adopted Budget effective July 1, 2021. This is the 33rd consecutive year the County has

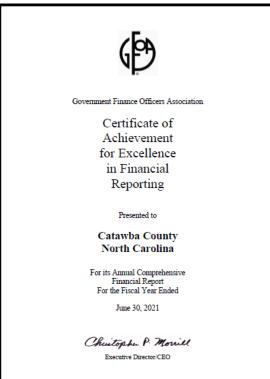
received this award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the County's budget document was determined to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning, and organization.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Each County department's strong commitment to the goals, vision, and mission of Catawba County is reflected in the services provided to the citizens of Catawba County. We appreciate

the cooperation County departments in carrying out the financial activities encompassed in this report. The preparation Comprehensive the Annual Financial Report was made possible by dedicated service of the entire Finance Department staff and independent auditors. Martin Starnes and Associates, CPAs. Each has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in preparation of this report.

In closing, we thank the Catawba County Board of Commissioners for its leadership and support in positioning Catawba County as a fiscally sound, well-governed community.



Respectfully submitted,

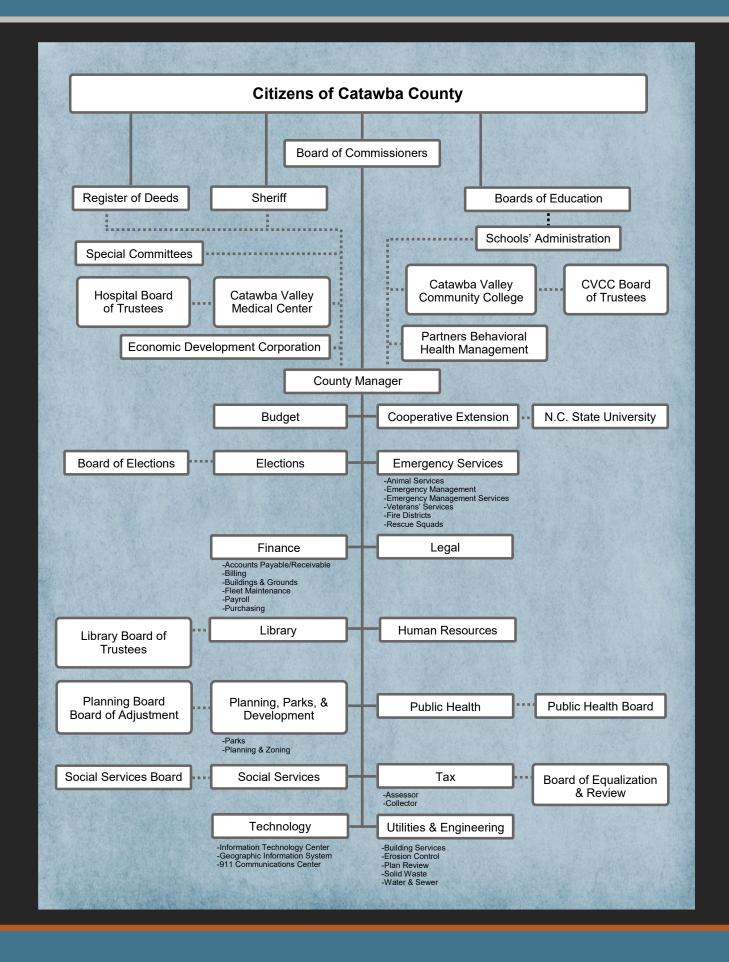
Mary Surtado

Mary Furtado County Manager Mary O Marison

Mary Morrison Interim Chief Financial Officer



ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE





"A Professional Association of Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants"

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Catawba County Newton, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Catawba County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Catawba County, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Catawba Valley Medical Center, which represents 96.9%, 95.9%, and 92.7%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. We did not audit the financial statements of the Catawba County ABC Board, which represents 3.1%, 4.1%, and 7.3%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Catawba Valley Medical Center and Catawba County ABC Board, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of the Catawba Valley Medical Center and Catawba County ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements, in 2022 the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of the Change in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll, the Other Post-Employment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Schedule of County's Contributions, and the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) and Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Catawba County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budget and actual schedules, supplemental ad valorem tax schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budget and actual schedules, supplemental ad valorem tax schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 2022 on our consideration of Catawba County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Catawba County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Catawba County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina November 29, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Catawba County, we offer readers of our financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Catawba County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

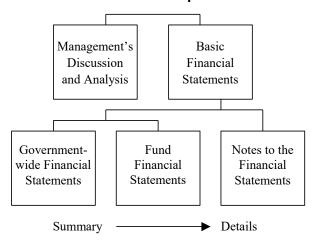
- ▶ The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Catawba County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$285,300,421 (net position). Of this figure, approximately \$206 million represents the County's investment in capital assets, which is not available for future spending.
- ▶ The government's total net position increased by \$40,145,991 resulting from an increase of \$ 48,374,256 in governmental activities and a decrease of (\$8,228,265) in business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Catawba County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$191,847,084 an increase of \$26,337,005 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 12.91 percent of this total amount, or \$36,821,265 restricted and nonspendable. [See Exhibits 3 and 4]
- ▶ At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$65,591,057 or 33 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- ▶ Catawba County's total long-term debt decreased by \$29,584,894 during the current fiscal year due to new financing and payments on outstanding debt. Outstanding debt principal is \$149,590,087 and equates to \$924 per capita at the end of the fiscal year.
- In FY 2022, Standard and Poor's maintained Catawba County's bond rating of AA+ for the fourth consecutive year. Moody's Investors Service maintained its Aa1 bond

rating for the County for the twelfth consecutive year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Catawba County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure A). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Catawba County.

Figure A - Required Components of Annual Financial Report



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 10) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial statements: (1) governmental funds statements,

(2) budgetary comparison statements, (3) proprietary fund statements, and (4) fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's non-major governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's pension and other post employment benefit plans.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position that are applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position that are applicable to a future reporting period. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: (1) governmental activities, (2) business-type activities, and (3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as human services, education, public safety, parks and recreation, and administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are

those that the County charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and landfill services offered by Catawba County. The final category is the component units. Catawba Valley Medical Center is a public hospital that was organized in 1962 by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners. The County appoints the board of trustees for the Medical Center and has issued debt on its behalf. Although legally separate from the County, the Alcohol Beverage Control (ABC) board is important to the County because the County is financially responsible for the Board by appointing its members, and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the County.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibit 1 and 2 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant A fund is a grouping of related activities. accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Catawba County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with financerelated legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Catawba County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between

governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Catawba County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by North Carolina General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board of Commissioners about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: (1) the original budget as adopted by the board; (2) the final budget as amended by the board; (3) the actual resources, changes to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and (4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 20-27 of the report.

Proprietary Funds - Catawba County maintains one type of proprietary fund which includes two enterprise funds.

Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for both its solid-waste and water and sewer operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 28-33 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of

parties outside the government. Catawba County has two fiduciary funds, both of which are custodial funds.

The fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on page 34-35 of this report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 38 of this report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Catawba County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post employment benefits to its employees.

Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 96 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position - As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. Catawba County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$285,300,421 as of June 30, 2022. The County's net position increased by \$40,145,991 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The largest portion of net position, 72.21%, reflects the County's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Capital assets increased by \$7,996,748 during the current year. Catawba County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Catawba County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Government-Wide Financial Anaylsis

Catawba County's Net Position

	Governmental Business-type					Total	<u> </u>	
	Activ	/ities	Activ	rities	To	tal	Dollar	Percent
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	Change	Change
Current and other assets	\$ 224,238,528	\$ 200,342,788	\$ 43,939,368	\$ 55,316,713	\$ 268,177,896	\$ 255,659,501	\$ 12,518,395	4.90%
Capital assets	172,513,330	164,390,764	76,451,253	76,577,071	\$ 248,964,583	240,967,835	7,996,748	3.32%
Right to use assets	1,290,907		12,130		\$ 1,303,037			
Total assets	398,042,765	364,733,552	120,402,751	131,893,784	518,445,516	496,627,336	21,818,180	4.39%
Deferred outflows								
of resources	30,225,821	28,702,971	735,943	695,886	30,961,764	29,398,857	1,562,907	5.32%
Long-term liabilities	203,964,700	231,389,092	412,903	17,200,650	204,377,603	248,589,742	(44,212,139)	-17.79%
Other liabilities	27,915,901	30,502,216	13,531,668	586,822	41,447,569	31,089,038	10,358,531	33.32%
Total liabilities	231,880,601	261,891,308	13,944,571	17,787,472	245,825,172	279,678,780	(33,853,608)	-12.10%
Deferred inflows								
of resources	17,639,661	1,171,147	642,026	21,836	18,281,687	1,192,983	17,088,704	1432.43%
Net position:								
Net investment in								
capital assets	131,737,711	124,449,252	74,283,661	70,980,887	206,021,372	195,430,139	10,591,233	5.42%
Restricted	36,821,265	35,266,100	-	-	36,821,265	35,266,100	1,555,165	4.41%
Unrestricted	10,189,348	(29,341,284)	32,268,436	43,799,475	42,457,784	14,458,191	27,999,593	193.66%
Total net position	\$ 178,748,324	\$ 130,374,068	\$ 106,552,097	\$ 114,780,362	\$ 285,300,421	\$ 245,154,430	\$ 40,145,991	16.38%

The restricted portion of Catawba County's net position, 12.91%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The final component of net position is unrestricted, which is 14.88% of the total net position.

In order to provide a complete picture of the changes in net position of the County, information is provided separately for the net positions of governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$48,374,256 Several particular aspects of the County's financial operations influenced the unrestricted governmental net position.

Property, sales and other taxes are approximately 74.2% of all revenues and increased by \$11.8 million from the prior year. The increase in property tax is primarily due to an overall 3.67% increase in assessed valuation. Due to an increase in retail activities, sales taxes increased by 14%

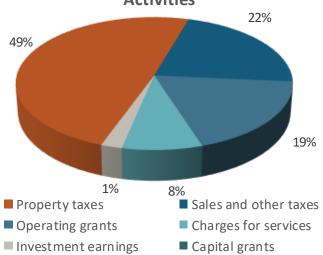
Investment earnings decreased (\$5.6) million primarily from a decrease in investment fair value. However, the county did receive approximately \$1.2 million in investment interest payments.

Business-type Activities - Business-type activities decreased Catawba County's net position by (\$8,228,265). Key elements of this change are as follows:

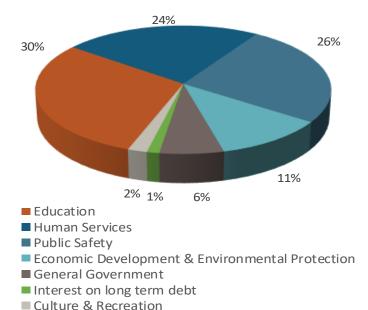
- Investment earnings decreased (\$1.8) million primarily from decrease in investment fair value. However, the county did receive approximately \$400,000 in investment interest payments.
- An authorized fund transfer from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund to the Water and Sewer Capital Fund was not recognized due to GAAP revenue recognition requirements, as no ARPA eligible expenses for these projects had been incurred as of June 30, 2022.

The following graphs represent the major sources of revenues and the major functions of expenses for governmental activities. Interest on long-term debt has been allocated to functional categories.





Expenses by Function - Governmental Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Catawba County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate

compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheets and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, the American Rescue Plan Act Fund, and the General Capital Projects Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules elsewhere in the report.

At June 30, 2022, the governmental funds of the County reported a combined fund balance of \$191,847,084, a 15.9 percent increase from the previous year. The primary reasons for this change are the increased revenues from property and sales taxes. Property tax revenue increased by 4%, primarily due to an overall 3.67% increase in assessed valuation. Sales taxes have increased by 14% due to increases in retail activities.

Additional information may be found in the notes to the financial statements.

General Fund - The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Catawba County. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance available for appropriation in the General Fund was \$107,946,054 while total fund balance was \$131,228,183. The governing body of Catawba County has determined that the county should maintain an available fund balance of at least 16% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the County. The County currently has available fund balance of 51.25% of total general fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 62% of that same amount.

Catawba County Changes in Net Position

	Governmental		Busines	ss-type		
	Activ	Activities Acti		rities	To	tal
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 21,319,718	\$ 18,568,000	\$ 9,772,558	\$ 8,777,537	\$ 31,092,276	\$ 27,345,537
Operating grants and contributions	47,486,254	36,094,621	1,340,993	1,096,384	\$ 48,827,247	\$ 37,191,005
Capital grants and contributions	14,472	14,472	-	-	\$ 14,472	\$ 14,472
General revenues:					\$ -	\$ -
Property taxes	125,402,460	120,612,862	-	-	\$ 125,402,460	\$ 120,612,862
Sales and other taxes	56,158,266	49,101,043	439,249	397,811	\$ 56,597,515	\$ 49,498,854
Investment earnings, unrestricted	(5,676,338)	(42,857)	(1,804,268)	1,682	\$ (7,480,606)	\$ (41,175)
Gain on sale of capital assets		8,075	429,000		\$ 429,000	\$ 8,075
Total revenues	244,704,832	224,356,216	10,177,532	10,273,414	254,882,364	234,629,630
Expenses						
General government	12,447,523	13,652,217	-	-	12,447,523	13,652,217
Public safety	52,626,431	51,540,354	-	-	52,626,431	51,540,354
Environmental protection	707,228	632,202	-	-	707,228	632,202
Economic and physical development	23,117,588	21,826,814	-	-	23,117,588	21,826,814
Human services	48,364,606	48,655,343	-	-	48,364,606	48,655,343
Cultural and recreation	3,974,978	3,843,536	-	-	3,974,978	3,843,536
Education	61,203,839	65,156,094	-	-	61,203,839	65,156,094
Interest on long-term debt	2,562,883	3,951,535	-	-	2,562,883	3,951,535
Solid waste management	-	-	6,944,338	6,629,740	6,944,338	6,629,740
Water and sew er			2,786,959	1,624,958	2,786,959	1,624,958
Total expenses	205,005,076	209,258,095	9,731,297	8,254,698	214,736,373	217,512,793
Increase (decrease) in net position						
before transfers	39,699,756	15,098,121	446,235	2,018,716	40,145,991	17,116,837
Transfers	8,674,500	700,000	(8,674,500)	(700,000)	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net position						
after transfers	48,374,256	15,798,121	(8,228,265)	1,318,716	40,145,991	17,116,837
Net position - beginning of year,	130,374,068	114,471,218	114,780,362	113,461,646	245,154,430	227,932,864
Restatement	-	104,729	- 14,700,002	- 10,401,040	-	104,729
Net position- beginning of year	130,374,068	114,575,947	114,780,362	113,461,646	245,154,430	228,037,593
Net position - end of year	\$178,748,324	\$130,374,068	\$106,552,097	\$114,780,362	\$285,300,421	\$ 245,154,430

The overall fund balance increased by \$18,603,675 due, in part, to the increase in property and sales taxes. In addition, the County elected to utilize American Rescue Plan (ARPA) Revenue Replacement funding of \$10 million to support general governmental services.

Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial statements and discussion on General Fund budgetary highlights on the next page.

Other Major Funds

The American Rescue Plan Act Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for

County funding from the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds. The County received an awarded of \$30.9 million for the purposes of funding ARPA eligible projects to address the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The change in fund balance consists of multiple ARPA eligible projects as well as interest revenue recognized and adjusted for negative change in fair market value in the amount of (\$255,049).

The General Capital Projects Funds is a major governmental fund. This fund accounts for the financing and construction

of all general government multi-year capital projects. Its fund balance increased by \$11,764,742. The net change in fund balance is the result of new capital expenditures and funding allocated for future capital projects.

Non-Major Funds - Fund balances for non-major funds decreased by \$3.7 million to \$30.2 million overall. The primary reason for this decrease was related to an adjustment for negative change in fair market value.

Proprietary Funds - The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. The County has two enterprise funds, the Solid Waste Management and the Water and Sewer Fund. Total net position of the Enterprise Funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$106 million with \$32.2 million of this amount being unrestricted. The decrease in net position in these funds was (\$8.2) million. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights - During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories:

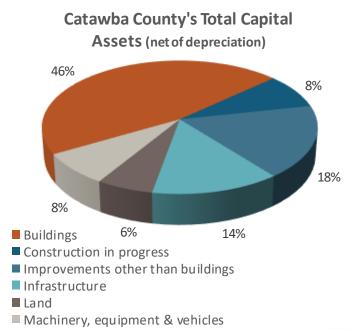
- Amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available.
- Amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as

Federal and State grants.

Increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenues by \$9.5 million or 4.9%. This increase was due mainly to anticipation of additional federal and state grants available for County services.

Actual expenditures were less than final budgeted amounts by \$23 million. These cost savings resulted mainly from unspent appropriations of \$11.5 million from changes in federal and state grants for human services operation. Further savings are lapsed salaries and benefits from vacant positions in various departments.



Catawba County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmentai		Busines	ss-type			
	Activities		Activ	ities	Total		
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	
Land	\$ 6,204,843	\$ 6,204,843	\$ 8,718,721	\$8,273,913	\$14,923,564	\$ 14,478,756	
Construction in progress	16,586,389	50,738,822	4,382,882	2,447,352	20,969,271	53,186,174	
Buildings	112,825,350	82,537,691	3,073,770	3,153,129	115,899,120	85,690,820	
Improvements other than					-		
buildings	20,675,911	8,095,665	23,299,015	23,922,546	43,974,926	32,018,211	
Plant and distribution	-		-		-		
systems and water lines	-	-	33,746,311	35,135,854	33,746,311	35,135,854	
Machinery, equipment					-		
and vehicles	16,220,837	16,813,743	3,230,554	3,644,277	19,451,391	20,458,020	
Total	172,513,330	164,390,764	76,451,253	76,577,071	248,964,583	240,967,835	

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets - Catawba County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2022, totals \$248 million (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, other improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- ▶ Increase in buildings as the new jail expansion become operational as well as the launch of a new County park.
- Increases in construction in progress for construction of a new Emergency Medical Services base and business development sites.
- Increase in construction in progress for solid waste resource recovery expansion.

More detailed information on capital assets can be found under Note 3.5 of this report.

Long-term Debt - As of June 30, 2022, Catawba County had outstanding debt of \$149,590,087. The overall change in long-term debt was a net decrease of \$19 million due an

early payoff of \$2.8 million for 2013 installment financing for water and sewer projects, \$15.7 in annual debt service payments, and \$1.5 million in new lease financing.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, Standard and Poor's maintained the AA+ bond rating for Catawba County for the 4th consecutive year. Moody's Investor Service maintained the Aa1 bond rating for the 12th consecutive year. This stable bond rating is a clear indication of the sound financial condition of the County. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the County's outstanding debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of debt that a unit of local government can issue. The County's debt limit is \$1,586,936,368. Total applicable debt of \$127,228,977 is 10% of that limit and results in a legal debt margin of \$1,457,851,491.

Additional information regarding Catawba County's long-term debt can be found in note 3.B of this report.

FISCAL YEAR 2021-22 ECONOMIC FACTORS

The following factors reflect economic activity of the County.

Catawba County's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental		Busine	ss-type			
	Activ	rities	Activ	/ities	Total		
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	
Certificates of Participation	\$ 2,880,000	\$ 3,895,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,880,000	\$ 3,895,000	
Installment Purchases	66,675,408	63,366,667	-	2,860,127	66,675,408	66,226,794	
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	-	50,000	-	-	-	50,000	
Qualified School Const. Bonds	27,808,553	27,808,553	-	-	27,808,553	27,808,553	
Limited Obligation Bonds	43,845,000	60,689,419	1,567,592	1,995,581	45,412,592	62,685,000	
Federal Revolving Loan		-	600,000	675,000	600,000	675,000	
NC Department of Commerce		-	-	-	-	-	
Premium on long-term debt	4,971,483	7,369,170	-	90,672	4,971,483	7,459,842	
Long-Term Leases	1,229,837		12,214		1,242,051		
Accrued landfill closure and							
postclosure costs	-	-	10,029,316	8,427,091	10,029,316	8,427,091	
Compensated absences	5,793,569	5,553,580	144,828	139,399	5,938,397	5,692,979	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	11,475,671	26,661,166	298,206	709,133	11,773,877	27,370,299	
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	6,637,702	6,352,087	-	-	6,637,702	6,352,087	
Total OPEB liability	32,647,477	29,643,450	879,480	795,135	33,526,957	30,438,585	
Total	\$203,964,700	\$231,389,092	\$13,531,636	\$ 15,692,138	\$217,496,336	\$247,081,230	

- Low debt burden and property tax rate. The County's existing debt obligations are only 8% of its statutory limit. The property tax rate of \$0.575/\$100 was below the State average of \$0.676/\$100 and the 22nd lowest of all 100 counties in North Carolina.
- ▶ The County is part of the Hickory Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) including the counties of Catawba, Alexander, Burke, and Caldwell. The County remains a retail magnet for the region, capturing 59% of the \$5.6 billion in retail sales from the four-county MSA despite having only 44% of the population.
- The County's unemployment rate continues to improve. As of June 2022, the unemployment rate was 3.8% compared to 4.7% from June 2021.

IMPACT OF COROINAVIRUS AND AMERICAN RESCUE ACT

As previously stated, the County received \$30.9 million in American Rescue Plan Act funding to mitigate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The County utilized the funding for eligible capital expenditures and services to address the impact to public health. The County elected the Revenue Replacement option to utilize funds for general government activities. The County continued to realize increases in the collection of property and sales taxes greater than anticipated.

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FOR NEXT FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2023

Governmental Activities - The local economy continues to thrive. The property tax rate remains at \$.575/100 in next year's budget. Revenue projections for the General Fund include a 2.4 percent increase in property tax revenue and a 14.6 percent increase in sales tax revenue. Sales tax is budgeted at a higher level due to growth in both the base and sales activity. The County is budgeting a net increase of 8.2 percent in operating expenses for all government activities. The increase is primarily driven by increases in employee compensation to remain competitive and to address retention. The total approved budget is \$306,247,224 for fiscal year 2022-2023.

Education continues to represent the largest portion of the local budget, with 41.6 cents of every property and sales tax dollar allocated for the instructional costs and capital needs of the three public school systems and Catawba Valley Community College. Included in this budget is a 5.3% increase in per pupil funding.

The budget commits \$1.3 million toward the K-64 initiative, a joint partnership of the three public school systems, community college, and business community to prepare students of all ages with the skills needed to compete in the global economy.

The County places public safety as a high priority and accordingly, additional expenditures are planned in this area. The second largest portion of local funds—26 cents of every property tax and sales tax dollar—is spent on public safety.

As a commitment to public safety, in fiscal year 2022-2023 the County budgets additional funds for new positions in the Sheriff Office including two narcotics officers and two new positions in Emergency Services.

The budget continues to set aside revenue for future economic development projects.

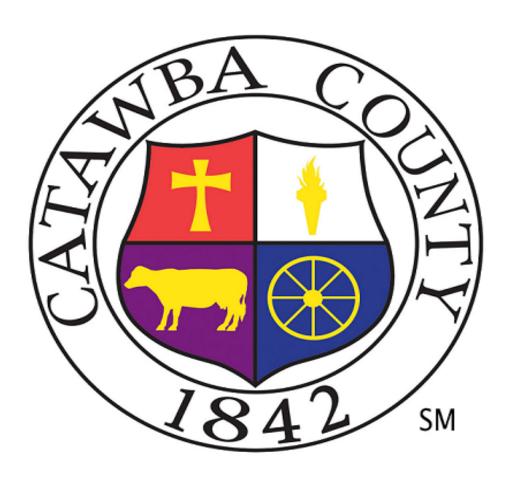
The County continues to review staffing needs annually, rightsizing in some areas while investing in others. The fiscal year 2022-2023 budget adds or increases 29 positions. Nineteen of these positions are in Public Health to address efforts to mitigate COVID-19. The County includes funds for a 2% 401-K contribution and an additional match up to 1% of salary for participating employees. In order to address staff retention and to ensure competitive compensation, the budget includes a 6% annual salary increase for all employees. In addition, the budget includes an annual salary increase based on employee performance with a 3% increase for effective performance and an additional .5% for top performance.

Business – type Activities - The 2023 budget includes \$8,169,064 for solid waste operations and \$1,368,750 for capital projects. The budget includes \$2,625,346 for water and sewer operations.

As the County grows, there is a greater demand for clean drinking water, sewage disposal, and landfill operations. To address these needs, the budget includes \$8,980,544 in related permits and fees to fund strategic operational and capital needs. Additional funding for capital projects comes from reallocation of unspent funds from previously approved projects.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Chief Financial Officer, Catawba County, PO Box 389, Newton, NC 28658. Online information may be found at the County's website at www.catawbacountync.gov.



Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
Assets	Addivided	Addivides	<u> </u>			
Cash and investments Taxes receivable - net Due from other governments Notes receivable	\$ 152,880,349 1,044,471 21,910,867 584,025	\$ 40,650,758 	\$ 193,531,107 1,044,471 22,560,301 1,805,990			
Other receivables Interest receivable Lease Receivable Lease Interest Receivable	3,278,948 228,670 -	1,150,815 73,409 192,682 305	4,429,763 302,079 192,682 305			
Inventories Prepaid items Restricted cash and investments	299,637 61,080 43,658,503	-	299,637 61,080 43,658,503			
Net pension asset - RODSPF Other assets Capital assets:	291,978	-	291,978			
Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation	22,791,232 149,722,098	13,101,603 63,349,650	35,892,835 213,071,748			
Total capital assets	172,513,330	76,451,253	248,964,583			
Right to use leases assets, net of amortization	1,290,907	12,130	1,303,037			
Total assets	398,042,765	120,402,751	518,445,516			
Deferred outflows of resources	30,225,821	735,943	30,961,764			
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Liabilities paid from restricted assets	7,366,238 20,549,663	412,935 -	7,779,173 20,549,663			
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year	18,770,026 185,194,674	725,369 12,806,267	19,495,395 198,000,941			
Total long-term liabilities	203,964,700	13,531,636	217,496,336			
Total liabilities	231,880,601	13,944,571	245,825,172			
Deferred inflows of resources	17,639,661	642,026	18,281,687			
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted	131,737,711	74,283,661	206,021,372			
Stabilization by State statute	29,268,413	-	29,268,413			
Register of Deeds	139,535	-	139,535			
Register of Deeds pension plan	337,764	-	337,764			
Public safety	2,042,228	-	2,042,228			
Fire Protection	2,077,632	-	2,077,632			
Social services Library Endowment	240,000		240,000			
Social services scholarships	197,841 56,244	-	197,841 56,244			
Parks preservation	76,104	-	76,104			
Community development	50,694	-	50,694			
Representative Payee	104,255	-	104,255			
Hospital capital projects	2,230,555	-	2,230,555			
Working Capital	-	-	-			
Other	10 100 010	20,000,400	40 457 704			
Unrestricted (deficit)	10,189,348	32,268,436	42,457,784			
Total net position	\$ 178,748,324	<u>\$ 106,552,097</u>	\$ 285,300,421			

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Component Units Catawba				
	Catawba Valley	_			
Annata	Medical Center	Board			
Assets Cash and investments	\$ 202,270,726	\$ 3,185,424			
Taxes receivable - net	Ψ 202,270,720	Ψ 3,103,424			
Due from other governments	1,843,549	-			
Notes receivable	4,750,879	-			
Other receivables	32,169,164	-			
Interest receivable	2,267	-			
Lease Receivable	195,244	-			
Lease Interest Receivable		- 400 -00			
Inventories	7,411,200	5,122,522			
Prepaid items Restricted cash and investments	2 256 770	-			
Net pension asset	2,356,770	-			
Other assets	35,837,907	_			
Capital assets:	00,007,007				
Land and construction in progress	28,327,379	3,002,435			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	93,169,389	1,458,967			
Total capital assets	121,496,768	4,461,402			
Right to use leases assets, net of amoritzation	13,562,819				
Total assets	421,897,293	13,362,847			
	,,,,,,,				
Deferred outflows of resources	23,826,756	519,103			
12-196.					
Liabilities	40 260 602	1 942 005			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Liabilities paid from restricted assets	48,369,693	1,842,095			
Long-term liabilities:	-	-			
Due within one year	9,838,612	_			
Due in more than one year	96,451,894	622,747			
Total long-term liabilities	106,290,506	622,747			
Total liabilities	154,660,199	2,464,842			
Deferred inflows of resources	27,611,049	313,320			
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	63,769,780	4,461,402			
Restricted					
Stabilization by State statute	-	-			
Register of Deeds	-	-			
Register of Deeds pension plan	-	-			
Public safety Fire Protection	-	-			
Social services	_	- -			
Library Endowment	_	_			
Social services scholarships	_	-			
Parks preservation	-	-			
Community development	-	-			
Representative Payee	-	-			
Hospital capital projects	2,307,987				
Working Capital	- 40 700	871,147			
Other	48,783	- 5 771 220			
Unrestricted (deficit)	197,326,251	5,771,239			
Total net position	\$ 263,452,801	<u>\$ 11,103,788</u>			

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Program Revenues

			Fe	es, Fines, and	Ope	rating Grants	Capi	tal Grants
				Charges for		and		and
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Con	tributions
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$	12,447,523	\$	1,930,031	\$	1,970,093	\$	-
Public safety		52,626,431		10,767,020		14,217,177		-
Environmental protection		707,228		30,545		27,316		-
Economic and physical development		23,117,588		5,442,985		912,205		14,472
Human services		48,364,606		3,012,971		29,634,688		-
Culture and recreation		3,974,978		(218,953)		724,775		-
Education		61,203,839		355,119		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		2,562,883						
Total governmental activities		205,005,076		21,319,718		47,486,254		14,472
Business-type activities								
Solid waste management		6,944,338		9,084,308		59,278		-
Water and sewer		2,786,959		688,250		1,281,715		-
Total business-type activities		9,731,297	_	9,772,558		1,340,993		
Total primary government	\$	214,736,373	\$	31,092,276	\$	48,827,247	\$	14,472
Component units								
Catawba Valley Medical Center	\$	353,447,198	\$	368,592,736	\$	5,041,491	\$	289,719
Catawba County ABC Board	Ψ 	28,036,066	Ψ	29,486,004	<u> </u>	-		-
Total Component Units	\$	381,483,264	\$	398,078,740	\$	5,041,491	\$	289,719

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position									
	P	rimary Governme	Component Units							
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Catawba Valley Medical Center	Catawba County ABC Board					
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities	\$ (8.547.399)	¢	¢ (0.547.200)							
General government Public safety	\$ (8,547,399) (27,642,234)	Ф -	\$ (8,547,399) (27,642,234)							
Environmental protection	(649,367)	-	(649,367)							
Economic and physical development	(16,747,926)	-	(16,747,926)							
Human services	(15,716,947)	-	(15,716,947)							
Culture and recreation	(3,469,156)	-	(3,469,156)							
Education	(60,848,720)	-	(60,848,720)							
Interest on long-term debt	(2,562,883)		(2,562,883)							
Total governmental activities	(136,184,632)		(136,184,632)							
Puningga type activities										
Business-type activities Solid waste management	_	2,199,248	2,199,248							
Water and sewer	-	(816,994)	(816,994)							
Total business-type activities		1,382,254	1,382,254							
rotal business-type activities		1,002,204	1,502,254							
Total primary government	\$ (136,184,632)	\$ 1,382,254	\$ (134,802,378)							
Component units Catawba Valley Medical Center Catawba County ABC Board				\$ 20,476,748	\$ - 1,449,938					
Total Component Units				\$ 20,476,748	\$ 1,449,938					
General Revenues:										
Taxes										
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		-	125,402,460	-	-					
Local option sales taxes	53,494,247	-	53,494,247	-	-					
Other taxes	2,664,019	439,249	3,103,268	- 1,587,327	-					
Investment earnings, unrestricted Gain on sale of capital assets	(5,676,338)	(1,804,268) 429,000	(7,480,606) 429,000	34,846	6,632 19,355					
Total general revenues	175,884,388	(936,019)	174,948,369	1,622,173	25,987					
Transfers	8,674,500	(8,674,500)	-	1,022,170						
	184,558,888	(9,610,519)	174,948,369	1,622,173	25,987					
Total general revenues and transfers	104,556,666	(9,010,319)	174,940,309	1,022,173	25,967					
Change in net position	48,374,256	(8,228,265)	40,145,991	22,098,921	1,475,925					
Net position, beginning	130,374,068	114,780,362	245,154,430	241,353,880	9,627,863					
Net position, ending	\$ 178,748,324	\$ 106,552,097	\$ 285,300,421	\$ 263,452,801	\$ 11,103,788					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

				Non	
		Major Funds American	General	Major Funds Other	Total
	General Fund	Rescue Plan Act Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Assets	'				
Cash and investments	\$ 96,595,862	\$ -	\$ 30,398,639	\$ 25,885,848	\$ 152,880,349
Taxes receivable - net	951,480	-	-	92,991	1,044,471
Due from other governments	18,126,097	-	599,692	3,185,078	21,910,867
Notes receivable	584,025	-	-	-	584,025
Other receivables	3,264,479	-	14,469	-	3,278,948
Interest receivable	145,476	10,283	36,537	36,373	228,669
Inventories	299,637	-	-	-	299,637
Prepaid items	61,080	-	-	-	61,080
Restricted cash and investments	21,502,625	19,755,911	89,786	2,310,181	43,658,503
Total assets	141,530,761	19,766,194	31,139,123	31,510,471	223,946,549
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Advance from grantor payable from restricted assets	6,219,109	-	545,898	601,229	7,366,236
		20,036,820		512,843	20,549,663
Total liabilities	6,219,109	20,036,820	545,898	1,114,072	27,915,899
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,083,469			100,097	4,183,566
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	946,779		-	-	946,779
Restricted	43,837,520	44,933	3,690,769	11,939,391	59,512,613
Committed	122,185	-	26,902,456	18,380,003	45,404,644
Assigned	20,730,642	-	-	-	20,730,642
Unassigned	65,591,057	(315,559)	-	(23,092)	65,252,406
Total fund balances	131,228,183	(270,626)	30,593,225	30,296,302	191,847,084
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 141,530,761	\$ 19,766,194	\$ 31,139,123	\$ 31,510,471	\$ 223,946,549

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Total fund balances for governmental funds (Exhibit 3)	\$	191,847,084
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		172,513,330
Right to use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		1,290,907
Charges related to refunding bond issues		300,138
Net pension asset RODSPF		291,978
Net pension liability LGERS		(11,475,671)
Total pension liability LEOSSA		(6,637,702)
Total pension liability OPEB		(32,647,477)
Pension related deferrals LGERS and ROD		1,122,245
Law enforcement separation (LEOSSA) deferrals		1,559,222
OPEB related deferrals		9,884,427
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements		3,903,691
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds (Note 4)	_	(153,203,848)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	\$	178,748,324

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Major Funds		Non Major Funds
	General Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds
Revenues Ad valorem taxes	¢ 115 001 201	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,330,899
Other taxes	\$ 115,081,281 45,132,143	Φ -	1,777,223	8,406,025
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	2,251,449	-	-	-
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	38,981,642	10,954,091	14,472	1,528,037
Permits and fees	5,672,207	-	-	511,697
Sales and services	10,128,551	-		-
Investment earnings	(3,632,941)	(255,049)	(920,584)	(867,761)
Miscellaneous	3,350,204		229,807	500
Total revenues	216,964,536	10,699,042	1,100,918	19,909,397
Expenditures Current				
General government	14,492,279	-		135,129
Public safety	40,408,652	15,100		10,650,657
Environmental protection	702,965	-		-
Economic and physical development	21,754,164	-		140,634
Human services	46,919,114	-		284,171
Culture and recreation Education	3,963,879 47,029,774	-		28,632 354,669
Capital outlay	47,029,774	_	13,096,033	13,821,362
Debt service	_	_	10,000,000	10,021,002
Principal	14,950,643	_	_	_
Interest	3,835,712	-	-	-
Bond issuance costs	7,616	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	194,064,798	15,100	13,096,033	25,415,254
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	22,899,738	10,683,942	(11,995,115)	(5,505,857)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers from other funds	12,279,006	-	23,759,857	2,819,487
Transfers to other funds	(18,154,866)	(10,938,991)	-	(1,089,993)
Lease liabilities issued	1,579,797	-	-	-
Bonds issued	10,757,408	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(10,757,408)	(40,000,004)		4 700 404
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,296,063)	(10,938,991)	23,759,857	1,729,494
Net change in fund balance	18,603,675	(255,049)	11,764,742	(3,776,363)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	112,624,508	(15,577)	18,828,483	34,072,665
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 131,228,183	\$ (270,626)	\$ 30,593,225	\$ 30,296,302

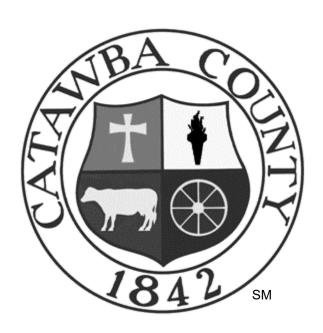
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Ad valorem taxes	\$ 125,412,180
Other taxes	55,315,391
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	2,251,449
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	51,478,242
Permits and fees	6,183,904
Sales and services	10,128,551
Investment earnings	(5,676,335)
Miscellaneous	3,580,511
Total revenues	248,673,893
Expenditures Current	
General government	14,627,408
Public safety	51,074,409
Environmental protection	702,965
Economic and physical development	21,894,798
Human services	47,203,285
Culture and recreation	3,992,511
Education	47,384,443
Capital outlay Debt service	26,917,395
Principal Principal	14,950,643
Interest	3,835,712
Bond issuance costs	7,616
Total expenditures	232,591,185
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	16,082,708
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Transfers from other funds	38,858,350
Transfers to other funds	(30,183,850)
Lease liabilities issued	1,579,797
Bonds issued	10,757,408
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(10,757,408)
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,254,297
Net change in fund balance	26,337,005
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	165,510,079
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 191,847,084

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

amoronic addada.	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 26,337,005
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which net capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	9,454,913
Net capital assets disposed during the year	(41,440)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	15,768,529
A portion of expense activity related to retirement and other post employment benefits are not reported in the Governmental funds and are included in the Statement of Activities Local Government Employee Retirement (LGERS and ROD) Law Enforcement Separation Allowance (LEOSSA)	6,630,277 111,690
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not recorded as revenues in the funds.	(1,117,242)
Deferral of revenue from receivables that do not provide current financial resources	114,950
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 (8,884,426)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	 48,374,256



General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenues	<u>Or</u>	iginal Budget	<u>F</u>	inal Budget		<u>Actual</u>	<u>(</u>	Over/Under
Ad Valorem taxes	\$	108,699,000	\$	108,699,000	\$	115,081,281	\$	6,382,281
Other taxes	Ψ	34,491,681	Ψ	37,006,370	Ψ	45,132,143	Ψ	8,125,773
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues		1,868,000		1,868,000		2,251,449		383,449
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		32,358,212		39,126,700		39,026,567		(100,133)
Permits and fees		4,001,839		4,079,839		5,672,207		1,592,368
Sales and services		9,056,625		9,214,647		10,128,551		913,904
Investment earnings		650,730		650,730		(3,625,069)		(4,275,799)
Miscellaneous		3,742,933		3,782,477		3,350,204		(432,273)
Total revenues		194,869,020		204,427,763		217,017,333		12,589,570
Expenditures								
Congret reversement		17 500 667		17 100 151		12 020 450		2 407 704
General government		17,589,667		17,436,151		13,938,450		3,497,701
Public safety		42,193,059		45,029,913		40,408,652		4,621,261 110,367
Environmental protection Economic and physical development		727,476 22,306,205		813,332 24,820,545		702,965 21,754,164		3,066,381
Human services		55,600,360		58,498,708		46,919,114		11,579,594
Culture and recreation		4,467,045		4,700,079		3,963,879		736,200
Education		47,029,774		47,029,774		47,029,774		730,200
Debt service		47,029,774		47,023,774		47,023,774		_
Principal		14,600,690		14,606,690		14,950,643		(343,953)
Sinking fund payments		1,853,905		1,853,905		1,853,902		3
Interest		4,019,460		4,019,460		3,835,712		183,748
Bond issuance costs		-		14,000		7,616		6,384
Total expenditures		210,387,641	-	218,822,557		195,364,871	_	23,457,686
		210,307,041	_		_	190,004,071	_	20,407,000
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(15,518,621)	_	(14,394,794)	_	21,652,462		36,047,256
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers from other funds		2,912,165		12,616,258		12,279,006		(337,252)
Transfers to other funds		(6,736,311)		(18,709,812)		(18,709,812)		-
Bonds issued		-		10,757,408		10,757,408		-
Payment to refunded escrow agent		-		(10,757,408)		(10,757,408)		-
Lease liabilities issued		-		-		1,579,797		1,579,797
Fund balance appropriated		19,342,767		20,488,348		<u>-</u>		(20,488,348)
Total other financing sources (uses)		15,518,621		14,394,794	_	(4,851,009)		(19,245,803)
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>		16,801,453	\$	16,801,453
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year						112,624,508		
Fund Balances - End of Year					\$	129,425,961		

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

A legally budgeted Tax Reappraisal Fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Investment earnings (7,872)Expenditures (553,829)Transfer from other funds 554,946 Fund Balance, Beginning 130,395 Fund Balance, Ending - Budget and Actual 129,419,206 Budget and actual reconcilement 1,808,977 131,228,183 Fund Balance, Ending (Exhibit 4)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual to the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Net change in fund balances - budget and actual General Fund Tax Reappraisal Fund	\$ 16,801,453 (6,755)
Contra revenue notes receivable payments	(44,925)
Contra expense for issuance of notes receivable	-
Payments to sinking funds for future debt service are shown in the budget and actual statements but do not reduce outstanding debt and are excluded from the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund	
balance	 1,853,902
Net change in fund balances - general fund (Exhibit 4)	\$ 18,603,675
Fund Balance Beginning (Exhibit 4) Fund Balance Ending (Exhibit 4)	\$ 112,624,508 131,228,183

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

A	Solid Waste Management Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Total
Assets Current assets			
	\$ 19,425,221	¢ 21 225 527	¢ 40.650.750
Cash and investments	. , ,	\$ 21,225,537	\$ 40,650,758
Due from other governments	262,075	387,359	649,434
Notes receivable	-	192,669	192,669
Accounts receivables (net of allowance)	1,149,565	1,250	1,150,815
Lease receivable Lease accrued interest receivable	13,704 305	-	13,704 305
Interest receivables	27,607	45,802	73,409
Total current assets	20,878,477	21,852,617	42,731,094
Total current assets	20,070,477	21,032,017	42,731,094
Noncurrent assets			
Lease receivable	178,978	-	178,978
Notes receivable	-	1,029,296	1,029,296
Capital assets			
Land and construction in progress	10,340,456	2,761,147	13,101,603
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	29,603,339	33,746,311	63,349,650
Total capital assets	39,943,795	36,507,458	76,451,253
Right to use leased asset, net of amortization	12,130		12,130
Total noncurrent assets	40,134,903	37,536,754	77,671,657
Total assets	61,013,380	59,389,371	120,402,751
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension - LGERS	428,147	30,153	458,300
OPEB deferrals	268,572	9,071	277,643
Total deferred outflows of resources	696,719	39,224	735,943
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	390,414	22,521	412,935
Longterm lease	4,486	22,321	4,486
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure care costs	100,000	_	100,000
Installment loan payable	100,000	530,715	530,715
Compensated absences	81,326	8,842	90,168
Total current liabilities	576,226	562,078	1,138,304
Total Current liabilities		302,076	1,130,304
Noncurrent liabilities			
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure care costs	9,929,316	-	9,929,316
Net pension liability	278,586	19,620	298,206
Total OPEB liability Longterm lease	850,510 7,728	28,970	879,480 7,728
Installment loan payable	1,120	1,636,877	1,636,877
Compensated absences	42,497	12,163	54,660
Total noncurrent liabilities	11,108,637	1,697,630	12,806,267
Total liabilities	11,684,863	2,259,708	13,944,571

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

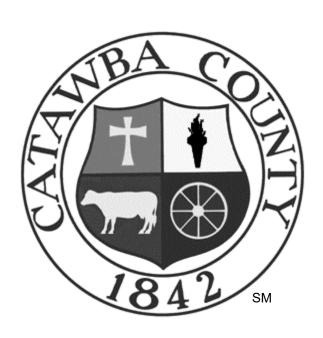
Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Solid Waste Management Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Total
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension - LGERS	402,015	28,312	430,327
OPEB deferrals	14,858	514	15,372
Lease deferred revenue	196,327	<u> </u>	196,327
Total deferred inflows of resources	613,200	28,826	642,026
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	39,943,795	34,339,866	74,283,661
Unrestricted	9,468,241	22,800,195	32,268,436
Total net position	\$ 49,412,036	\$ 57,140,061	\$ 106,552,097

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Solid Waste Management Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Total
Operating Revenues	Ф 0.4C4.44.4	Φ.	Ф 0.4C4.44.4
Charges for services	\$ 8,464,414	\$ -	\$ 8,464,414
Methane recovery	505,371	-	505,371
Lease revenue Other operating revenues	8,178 89,191	5,000	8,178 94,191
Total operating revenues	9,067,154	5,000	9,072,154
Total operating revenues	9,007,134	5,000	9,072,134
Operating Expenses			
Administration	744,656	132,805	877,461
Recycling	167,589	-	167,589
Solid waste management improvements	54,548	-	54,548
Solid waste code enforcement	98,719	=	98,719
Sanitary landfill	4,100,610	-	4,100,610
Blackburn landfill methane recovery	175,881	-	175,881
Water and sewer	-	996,974	996,974
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs	100,000	-	100,000
Lease amortization expense	4,578	-	4,578
Depreciation and amortization	1,497,641	1,559,673	3,057,314
Total operating expenses	6,944,222	2,689,452	9,633,674
Operating income (loss)	2,122,932	(2,684,452)	(561,520)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Solid waste disposal tax	85,181	-	85,181
Scrap tire disposal tax	269,110	-	269,110
White goods disposal tax	84,958	-	84,958
Scrap tire grant	59,278	-	59,278
Electronics management distribution	8,239	-	8,239
Gain on sale of capital asset	429,000	=	429,000
Property cleanup reimbursement	4,485	=	4,485
Court fees	2,129	=	2,129
Investment earnings	(684,831)	(1,119,437)	(1,804,268)
Engineering fees	-	683,250	683,250
Lease interest income	2,301	-	2,301
Lease interest expense	(116)	-	(116)
Interest on long term debt	-	(97,507)	(97,507)
Municipal revenue sharing		1,281,715	1,281,715
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	259,734	748,021	1,007,755
Income (loss) before transfers	2,382,666	(1,936,431)	446,235
Transfer to other funds	_	(8,674,500)	(8,674,500)
Change in net position	2,382,666	(10,610,931)	(8,228,265)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	47,029,370	67,750,992	114,780,362
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 49,412,036	\$ 57,140,061	\$ 106,552,097



Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Solid Waste Management Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash received from customers	\$ 8,389,122	(32,953)	\$ 8,356,169
Cash paid for goods and services	(3,228,037)	(909,118)	(4,137,155)
Cash paid to employees	(2,151,236)	(133,472)	(2,284,708)
Other operating revenues	89,191	5,000	94,191
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	3,099,040	(1,070,543)	2,028,497
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Solid waste disposal tax	85,181	_	85,181
Scrap tire disposal tax	269,110	_	269,110
White goods disposal tax	84,958	_	84,958
Scrap tire grant	59,278	_	59,278
Electronics management distribution	8,239	_	8,239
Court Fees	2,129	_	2,129
Property cleanup reimbursement	4,485	_	4,485
Domestic haulers and capital fees	-,-100	683,250	683,250
Transfer to general capital projects fund	_	(8,290,500)	(8,290,500)
Transfer to general fund	_	(384,000)	(384,000)
Municipal revenue sharing	_	1,281,715	1,281,715
Total cash provided by noncapital financing activities	513,380	(6,709,535)	(6,196,155)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Principal paid on installment notes payable		(4,930,708)	(4,930,708)
Interest paid on installment notes payable	-	(4,930,708)	(4,930,708)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(2,752,694)	(178,802)	(2,931,496)
Premium/deferred charge from debt refunding change	(2,132,094)	(65,476)	(65,476)
Proceeds from sale of assets	429,000	(03,470)	429,000
Proceeds from new debt	429,000	1,567,592	1,567,592
	(0.000.004)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(2,323,694)	(3,704,901)	(6,028,595)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		,, , <u></u> ,	,,
Investment earnings	(697,578)	(1,138,425)	(1,836,003)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	591,148	(12,623,404)	(12,032,256)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	18,834,073	33,848,941	52,683,014
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 19,425,221	21,225,537	\$ 40,650,758

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

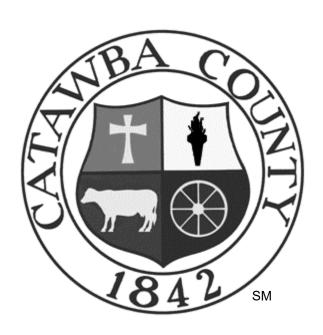
	Solid Waste Management Fund		Water and Sewer Fund		Total	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operat	ing activ	ities				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2	,122,932	\$	(2,684,452)	\$ (561,520)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used)	by operat	ing activities				
Depreciation and amortization	1	,497,641		1,559,673	3,057,314	
Lease amortization expense		4,578		-	4,578	
Increase (decrease) in landfill closure and postclosure care costs		100,000		-	100,000	
Changes in assets and liabilities, and deferred outflows and inflows						
of resources:						
(Increase) decrease in refundable sales tax		(49,738)		37,000	(12,738)	
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		(539,103)		(69,953)	(609,056)	
(Increase) decrease in notes receivables		-		192,668	192,668	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		(56,068)		(5,832)	(61,900)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		(3,245)		(108)	(3,353)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities		(58,903)		(104,812)	(163,715)	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		3,379		2,050	5,429	
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and other benefits		(6,929)		(3,275)	(10,204)	
Increase (decrease) in pension liability		(387,039)		(23,888)	(410,927)	
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		75,541		2,518	78,059	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		394,430		27,816	422,246	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		1,564		52	 1,616	
Total adjustments		976,108	_	1,613,909	 2,590,017	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 3	,099,040	\$	(1,070,543)	\$ 2,028,497	
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:						
Donated capital asset to municipality		-		-	-	
Right to use asset in exchange for lease liability		16,707		-	16,707	
(Premium)/deferred charge from debt refunding					 	
	\$	16,707	\$	-	\$ 16,707	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 81,516
Taxes receivable for other governments, net	3,189,406
Total assets	3,270,922
Liabilities	
Due to other governments	9,742
Total liabilities	9,742
Net Position	
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	3,261,180
Total fiduciary net position	\$ 3,261,180

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
Additions	
Ad valorem taxes collected for other governments	\$ 53,991,098
Collections on behalf of inmates	572,448
Total additions	54,563,546
Deductions	
Tax distributions to other governments	54,225,692
Payments on behalf of inmates	559,116
Total deductions	54,784,808
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	(221,262)
Net Position	
Net position - beginning	3,482,442
Net position - ending	\$ 3,261,180



Notes to Financial Statements - Contents June 30, 2022

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Catawba County (government) and its discretely presented component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The County, which is governed by a five-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the financial activities of the County and its component units, legally-separate entities for which the County is financially accountable.

The Catawba County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the *Authority*) exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements.

Catawba Valley Medical Center (the *Medical Center*) and the Catawba County ABC Board (the *Board*) have a June 30 year end and are presented as if they are separate proprietary funds of the County (discrete presentation).

The Catawba County Public Facilities Corporation (the *Corporation*) exists to plan, finance, construct, acquire, lease, sell and convey real property, improve real property, facilities, equipment and other property for the use of Catawba County. The Corporation's transactions are reported within the General Capital Project Fund. The Corporation does not issue separate financial statements.

The Southeastern Catawba County (SECC) Water and Sewer District (the *District*) was established by the Board of Commissioners in accordance with Chapter 162A of the North Carolina General Statutes. The district is a separate legal entity that operates as an enterprise fund, with a separate governing body comprised of the Board of Commissioners. As such, the district is accounted for as a blended component of the County. The District does not issue separate financial statements.

Component Unit Catawba County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority	Reporting Method Discrete	Criteria for Inclusion The Authority is governed by a seven-member board that is appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The County can remove any member of the Authority with or without cause.	Separate Financial Statements None Issued
Catawba Valley Medical Center	Discrete	The Medical Center is a public hospital that was organized in 1962 by resolution of the Board of Commissioners of Catawba County. The County appoints the board of trustees for the Medical Center. The County has issued revenue bonds for improvement of the Medical Center facilities, which are paid from Medical Center revenues.	Catawba Valley Medical Center 810 Fairgrove Church Road S.E. Hickory, NC 28602

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Catawba County ABC Board	Discrete	The members of the ABC Board are appointed by the County. The ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the County.	Catawba County ABC Board 1910 Fairgrove Church Road Newton, NC 28658
Catawba County Public Facilities Financing Corporation	Blended	The corporation is governed by a three to five-member board appointed by the Board of Commissioners. The Board can remove any member of the Corporation with or without cause.	None Issued
Southeastern Catawba County Water District	Blended	The corporation is governed by a three to five-member board appointed by the Board of Commissioners. The Board can remove any member of the Corporation with or without cause.	None Issued

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities except for interfund services provided and used which are not eliminated in the consolidation process. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for services provided to them.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. *Direct expenses* are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a specific function. *Indirect expense allocations* that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. *Program revenues* include 1) fees and charges by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and proprietary funds, each displayed in separate columns. All remaining governmental and proprietary funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result in exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary services.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. It accounts for all financial resources

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, sales taxes, Federal and State grants, and other various taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for education, human services, public safety, economic and physical development, environmental protection, cultural and recreational projects, and general government services. The Tax Reappraisal Fund is a legally budgeted fund under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 it is consolidated in the General Fund.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund - The American Rescue Plan Act Fund accounts for the transactions related to the American Rescue Plan Funds.

General Capital Project Fund-The *General Capital Projects Fund* accounts for the financing and construction of all major general capital projects.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds, which are both enterprise funds:

Solid Waste Management Fund - The *Solid Waste Management Fund* accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of various landfills and disposal sites and other solid waste activities.

Water and Sewer Fund - The *Water and Sewer Fund* accounts for the capital development and maintenance of water and sewer lines and pump stations.

The County reports the following fund types:

Custodial Funds – *Custodial funds* are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others that meet certain criteria. The County maintains the following custodial funds: The Municipal Tax Fund, which accounts for ad valorem and vehicle property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities within the County but that are not revenues to the County, and the Jail Inmate Pay Fund, which holds cash collections for the benefit of inmates collected from their friends and families and held while the inmates are incarcerated.

Non-major Funds - The County maintains thirty-three legally budgeted funds. The Emergency Telephone System Fund, Narcotics Seized Funds and Property Fund, State Unauthorized Substance Abuse Fund, Narcotics Seized Justice Fund, Narcotics Seized Treasury Fund, Rescue Squads Fund, Library Endowment Fund, Gretchen Peed Scholarship Fund, Parks/Historic Preservation Fund, Community Development Fund, Fines and Forfeitures Fund, Opioid Settlement Fund, Representative Payee Fund, Deed of Trust Fund and the fourteen individual Fire District Funds are reported as non-major special revenue funds. The Subdivision Road Improvement Projects Fund, School Capital Projects Fund, School Construction Fund and the Hospital Capital Reserve Fund are reported as capital projects funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recording when a liability is incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds, the Solid Waste Management Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund, are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated balances, which are recognized to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America may require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General, Special Revenue (except Community Development Fund), and Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances that may span more than one year are adopted for

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

the Capital Projects Funds except for the Hospital Capital Reserve Fund, and the Enterprise Capital Projects Funds. The Enterprise Capital Projects Funds are consolidated with the enterprise operating funds for reporting purposes. Grant ordinances that span more than one year are adopted for the Community Development Fund, ARPA Special Revenue Fund, and Opioid Settlement Fund. These appropriations are carried over until the projects and grants are completed.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund and departmental level for all annually budgeted and multi-year funds. Transfers of appropriations between funds may be made only by the Board, with the exception of merit, reclassification funds, and special contingency which the County Manager has the authority to transfer. Transfers of appropriations between departments in a fund or from contingency shall be approved by the Board, but may be approved by the County Manager if he finds they are consistent with operational needs and any Board approved goals and do not exceed \$50,000 for department transfers or \$50,000 for transfers from contingency. Transfers from contingency approved by the Manager can exceed \$50,000 if he determines an emergency exists. All such transfers approved by the Manager must be presented to the Board at its next regular meeting. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers the time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorized the County to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust.

The County's investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), which consists of an SEC-registered fund, is authorized by G.S. 159-30 (c)(8). The Government Portfolio, is a 2a7 fund that invests in treasuries and government agencies and is rated AAAm by S&P and AAA-mf by Moody Investor Services. The Government Portfolio is reported at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

A cash and investment pool is maintained by the County to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. The pool is used by all funds except the Representative Payee Fund and the Jail Inmate Pay Fund. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The Representative Payee Fund and the Jail Inmate Pay Fund are maintained in noninterest bearing demand deposit accounts as reflected on Schedule G-1.

3. Restricted Assets

The debt service reserve in the General Fund includes funds in sinking and other funds to accumulate resources for future debt maturities. The amount restricted for Social Services includes funds donated for specific social services programs. Money in the Tax Reappraisal Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150. The unexpended grant proceeds are classified as restricted assets within the American Rescue Plan Act Fund because their use is completely restricted to the uses as specified by current federal guidance. The unexpended debt proceeds are classified as restricted assets within the General Capital Projects and School Construction Funds because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the funds were borrowed. The unexpended Opioid Settlement Fund proceeds are classified as restricted for the purpose for which the funds were awarded.

General Capital Projects Fund

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities		
General Fund	Debt service reserve	\$21,119,994
General Fund	Unexpended debt proceeds	2,641
General Fund	Social services	240,000
General Fund	Taxreappraisal	137,990
General Fund	Advance from grantor	2,000
American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Unexpended grant funds	19,755,911
Opioid Settlement Fund	Unexpended settlement funds	493,490

Catawba County Restricted Cash

School Construction Fund Unexpended debt proceeds 1,816,691
Total Governmental Activities \$43,658,503

Unexpended debt proceeds

89,786

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021.

5. Lease Receivable

The County's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. There are no variable components under the lease agreements. A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

6. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

7. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of the County are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The County's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

8. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Catawba County Board of Education and Hickory Public Schools Board of Education and Newton-Conover City Schools Board of Education properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit financing of acquisition and construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Boards of Education give the Boards full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the properties back to the Boards of Education, once all restrictions of the financing agreements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Catawba County Board of Education, the Hickory Public

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schools Board of Education, and the Newton-Conover City Schools Board of Education.
Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvements	50 years
Furniture and office equipment	10 years
Maintenance and construction equipment	8 years
Medium and heavy motor trucks	6 years
Automobiles and light trucks	4 years
Computer equipment	5 years
Computer software	5 years

9. Right to Use Assets

The County has recorded right to use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion—a charge on refunding, OPEB and pension related deferrals, and contributions made to OPEB and pension plans in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County items that meet the criterion for this category are prepaid taxes, ambulance, taxes receivable, human resource receivables, leases, other unearned revenue and other OPEB or pension related deferrals. Detailed information regarding deferred outflows/inflows of resources can be found under Note 2 in the notes to the financial statements.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statements of net position. In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as another financing source.

12. Compensated Absences

It is the policy of the County to permit employees to accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned but unused vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The County's liability for accumulated earned vacation and salary-related payments as of June 30, 2022, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. For the County's proprietary fund, an expense and liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded within those funds as the leave is earned, if the amount is considered to be material.

The sick leave policy of the County provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned but unused sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since neither employee nor the County has any obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made by the County.

13. Opioid Settlement Funds

In April 2022, drug manufacturer, Johnson & Johnson, and three drug distributors, McKesson, AmerisourceBergen, and Cardinal Health, finalized a \$26 billion-dollar nationwide settlement related to multiple opioid lawsuits. These funds will be disbursed to each participating state over an 18-year period according to an allocation agreement reached with all participating states. The majority of these funds are intended for opioid abatement and the distribution of the funds will be front loaded.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

North Carolina's Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between the state and local governments for the settlement funds allocates the funds as follows:

- 15% directly to the State ("State Abatement Fund")
- 80% to abatement funds established by the Local Governments ("Local Abatement Funds")
- 5% to a County Incentive Fund.

The County received \$512,843 as a part of this settlement in Fiscal Year 2022. Per the terms of the MOA, the County created a special revenue fund, the Opioid Settlement Fund, to account for these funds. All funds are to be used for opioid abatement and remediation activities. Fund are restricted until expended. No funds have been expended as of June 30, 2022.

14. Reimbursements for Pandemic-Related Expenditures

The County was allocated \$30,990,911 of fiscal recovery funds to be paid in two equal installments. The first installment of \$15,495,455.50 was received in June 2021. The second installment of \$15,495,455.50 was received June 2022. County staff and the Board of Commissioners elected to use \$10,000,000 of ARPA funds for revenue replacement for eligible government provisions and \$954,091 for COVID-19 efforts. The County plans on using the remaining funds for eligible infrastructure projects and continued support of COVID-19 mitigation.

15. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balance as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaid - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the asset amount of prepaid expenditures, which are not spendable resources.

Notes Receivable – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the long-term portion of notes receivable, which are not spendable resources.

Leases - portion of fund balance that is not available resource because it represents the year-end balance of the lease receivable in excess of the deferred inflow of resources for the lease receivable, which is not a spendable resource.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposed externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization of State Statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930s that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is knowns as "restricted by State statute". *Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.*

Register of Deeds - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds' office.

Public Safety - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for public safety expenditures.

Fire Protection - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for fire protection expenditures.

Debt Service - portion of fund balance that is restricted for sinking funds and by revenue source for other debt service expenditures.

Social Services - - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for client services.

Library Endowment - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for library expenditures.

Scholarship - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for scholarship expenditures.

Parks Preservation - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for parks preservation expenditures.

Community Development – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for community grant expenditures.

Representative Payee - - portion of fund balance that can only be used to benefit beneficiaries under the Social Security's Representative Payee Program.

General Capital - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for specified capital projects.

School Capital and Construction – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source and debt financing that can only be used for specified school and community college capital projects.

Hospital Capital - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for hospital capital expenditures.

Restricted net position on Exhibit 1 differs from restricted fund balance on Exhibit 3 due to sinking fund debt payments to date of (\$21,119,994), unspent debt proceeds of (\$1,909,118), and the Register of Deeds pension plan of \$337,764.

Committed Fund Balance - Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote of Catawba County's governing body. The Board of Commissioners is the highest level of decision-making authority that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Tax Reappraisal - portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Reappraisal.

General Capital - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specified capital projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Subdivision Road Improvement - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specified capital projects.

School Capital - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specified school capital projects.

School Construction – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specified school construction projects.

Assigned Fund Balance - Portion of fund balance that Catawba County governing board has budgeted.

Public Health – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for future public health expenditures.

Social Services – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for future social service expenditures.

County Manager – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for future administrative expenditures.

Human Resources – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for future human resource expenditures.

Library – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for future library expenditures.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$50,000.

Unassigned Fund Balance - Portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the funds' assets and deferred outflows of resources.

For programs with multiple revenue sources, it is the County's practice to use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-County funds, and county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Board of Commissioners have developed a goal for the County to maintain an Unassigned General Fund balance of 16 percent, the equivalent of two months of operating expenses. These funds will be used to avoid cash flow interruptions, generate investment income, eliminate the need for short-term borrowing, and for use in the case of unanticipated emergencies.

16. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset (liability), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

F. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position. The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position– governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of (\$13,098,760) consists of several elements as follows:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column) Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$ 258,892,707 (86,379,377) 172,513,330
Right to use assets used in government activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds Less accumulated amortization Net right to use assets	1,579,802 (288,895) 1,290,907
Charges related to debt refunding issued - included on government-wide statement of net position but are not current financial resources	300,138
Net pension asset RODSPF	291,978
LGERS and ROD pension related deferrals	1,122,245
LEOSSA related deferrals	1,559,222
OPEB related deferrals	9,884,427
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the fund statements but not the government-wide	3,905,659
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not reported in the fund	
statements: Certificates of participation Installment purchase Qualified school construction bonds Limited obligation bonds Premium on long-term debt Leases Compensated absences Net pension liability LGERS Total pension liability LEOSSA Total other post employment liability	 (2,880,000) (66,675,408) (27,808,553) (43,845,000) (4,971,483) (1,229,837) (5,793,569) (11,475,671) (6,637,702) (32,647,477) (203,964,700)
Total adjustment	\$ (13,098,760)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position in governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$(22,037,251) as follows:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives	\$ 15,624,008
Depreciation and amortization expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	(6,169,095)
Statements	(0,109,093)
Net capital assets disposed during the year	(41,440)
Proceeds from issuance of long term debt not recorded in statement of activities	(10,757,408)
Lease Liabilities Issued	(1,579,802)
Premium on issuance of long term debt not recorded in statement of activities	-
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but affects only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements	
Certificates of participation	1,015,000
Installment purchases	7,448,667
Qualified zone academy bonds	50,000
Limited obligation bonds	16,844,419
Leases	349,965
A portion of activity related to retirement and other post employment benefits are not reported in the Governmental funds and are included in the Statement of Activities	
Local Government Employee Retirement (LGERS and ROD)	6,630,277
Law Enforcement Separation Allowance (LEOSSA)	111,690
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current	
resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements Pension expense	(5,360,820)
OPEB expense	(2,937,173)
Amortization of deferred interest	(1,117,242)
Net (increase) decrease in compensated absences	(239,989)
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements	
Difference of interest revenue between fund statements and government-wide	(346,443)
Amortization of premium on debt issuance	2,397,687
Net increase (decrease) in receivables and deferred revenue	 114,950
Total adjustment	\$ 22,037,251

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Deficit Fund Balance/Net Position

North Carolina General Statutes prohibits the County from having a deficit fund balance/net position in any fund. The American Rescue Plan Fund had a deficit fund balance/net position in the amount of \$270,626. Due to a NC statutory requirement, the proportional share of the mark to market loss must be allocated to the special revenue fund causing a deficit fund balance. This loss will be offset in future years by future market gains. If the fund balance remains negative at the end of next fiscal year, the County will transfer funds from the general fund to correct this in fiscal year 2023.

The Opioid Settlement Fund had a deficit fund balance/net position in the amount of \$18,666. Due to a NC statutory requirement, the proportional share of the mark to market loss must be allocated to the project fund causing a deficit fund balance. This loss will be offset in future years by future market gains. If the fund balance remains negative at the end of next fiscal year, the County will transfer funds from the general fund to correct this in fiscal year 2023.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the County's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's agents in the name of the County. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County, these deposits are considered held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County relies on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The County has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2022, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$43,245,637 and a bank balance of \$48,852,876. Of the bank balance, \$1,240,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$176,029 in non-interest bearing deposits and \$47,436,847 in interest bearing deposits was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2022, Catawba County had \$9,993 cash on hand.

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Investments

As of June 30, 2022 the County had the following investments and maturities.

	Valuation Measurement		Less	than 6			
Investment Type	Method	Fair Value	mo	onths	6-12	2 months	1-5 years
U.S. Government Agencies*	Fair Value-Level 2	\$ 136,140,637	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 136,140,637
Commercial Paper	Fair Value-Level 2	995,526				995,526	-
NC Capital Trust Manageme Government Portfolio	nt Trust Fair Value-Level 1	56,879,332	56,	879,332		<u>-</u>	
Total:		\$ 194,015,495	\$ 56,	879,332	\$	995,526	\$ 136,140,637

^{*\$84,474,463} of these securities have call options. It is the intention of the County to hold these to final maturity and this time frame is reflected in the table.

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level One debt securities are valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level Two debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's investment policy is to stagger portfolio maturities to avoid undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector. A portion of the portfolio is continuously invested in maturities of less than 12 months.

The investment policy limits all securities to a final maturity of not more than five years. The County does not have a board approved policy on interest rate risk; however, it follows the restrictions of an internal investment policy that has been reviewed by the Board of Commissioners.

Credit Risk

The County limits investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The County's investment in commercial paper carried a credit rating of A-1 by Standard & Poor's and P-1 by Moody's Investors Service. The County's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's and AAA-mf by Moody's Investor Service as of June 30, 2022. The County's investment in U.S. Agencies includes Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FreddieMac), Federal National Mortgage Association (FannieMae), and is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. The County does not have a board approved policy on credit risk; however, it follows the restrictions of an internal investment policy that has been reviewed by the Board of Commissioners.

^{**} As of June 30, 2022, the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), which consists of an SEC registered fund, is authorized by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). The Government Portfolio, is a 2a7 fund which invests in treasuries and government agencies and is rated AAAm by S&P and AAA-mf by Moody's Investor Services. The Government Portfolio is reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Proceeds from the issuance of certificates of participation and other installment financing are held in escrow in bank trust departments. These escrow agents purchase and hold the securities in the County's name. The County does not have a board approved policy on custodial credit risk; however, it follows the restrictions of an internal investment policy that has been reviewed by the Board of Commissioners.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The County places no limit on the amount that the County may invest in any one issuer. Approximately 70% of the County's investments are in United States government-sponsored enterprises. Investments in Federal Farm Credit are 13%, Federal Home Loan Bank are 44%, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation are 6%, and Federal National Mortgage Agency are 7% of the County's total investments. The County does not have a board approved policy on concentration of credit risk; however, it follows the restrictions of an internal investment policy that has been reviewed by the Board of Commissioners.

3. Property Tax - Use - Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year Levied	Tax	Interest	Total
2019	1,433,507	404,966	1,838,473
2020	1,424,891	274,291	1,699,182
2021	1,429,512	146,525	1,576,037
2022	1,432,331	<u>-</u>	1,432,331
Total	\$ 5,720,241	\$ 825,782	\$ 6,546,023

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

4. Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Governmental activities				
	General	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	Non-major Funds	Total Governmental Activities
Receivables					
Accounts	\$ 3,689,745	\$ -	\$ 14,469	\$ -	\$ 3,704,214
Taxes	2,831,806	-	-	214,154	3,045,960
Due from other governments	18,126,097	-	599,692	3,185,078	21,910,867
Notes	584,025	-	-	-	584,025
Other	32,583	-	-	-	32,583
Leases	118,010	-		-	118,010
Interest	145,476	10,283	36,537	36,374	228,670
Gross Receivables	25,527,742	10,283	650,698	3,435,606	29,624,329
Allowance for uncollectibles	(2,456,185)			(121,163)	(2,577,348)
Net total receivables	\$ 23,071,557	\$ 10,283	\$ 650,698	\$ 3,314,443	<u>\$ 27,046,981</u>
Amounts not scheduled for collection					
during the subsequent year	\$ 494,175	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 494,175

	Business-type activities					
	Solid Waste Management Fund		Water and Sewer Fund		Total Business-type Activities	
Receivables						
Accounts	\$	1,149,565	\$	1,290,110	\$	2,439,675
Notes		-		1,221,965		1,221,965
Due from other governments		262,075		387,359		649,434
Leases		192,682		-		192,682
Leases interest		305		-		305
Interest		27,607		45,802		73,409
Gross Receivables		1,632,234		2,945,236		4,577,470
Allowance for uncollectibles				(1,288,860)		(1,288,860)
Net total receivables	\$	1,632,234	\$	1,656,376	\$	3,288,610
Amounts not scheduled for colleciton						
during the subsequent year	\$	171,041	\$	1,029,296	\$	1,200,337

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The due from other governments that is owed to the County consists of the following:

	Governmental		Business-type	
	Activities			Activities
Local option sales tax	\$	13,858,102	\$	-
White goods disposal tax		-		21,163
Scrap tire tax		-		72,587
Solid waste disposal tax		-		19,748
Federal and state grants		7,145,489		428,332
Refundable sales tax		907,276		107,604
	\$	21,910,867	\$	649,434

In December 2015, the County entered into a lease with Cellco Partnership dba Verizon Wireless in exchange for use of the Communications Center tower. The agreement had a commencement date of July 1, 2016 for a 5-year term with an automatic extension of an additional 5-year term. Per the agreement, annual lease payments increase annually by 3% on the anniversary of the commencement date. For fiscal year 2022, Verizon Wireless paid the County \$24,720. There are no variable components in the lease. The lease received is measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the remaining lease term at a discount rate of 3%, which is the determined incremental borrowing rate.

In fiscal year 2022, the County recognized \$25,561.12 of lease revenue and \$1,125.82 of interest revenue under the lease.

In September 2020, the County entered into a lease with Spectrum Southeast, LLC in exchange for use of county-owned land located at 1085 Radio Station Road in the City of Newton. The agreement had a commencement date of March 1, 2021 for a 9-year term. Under the lease, Spectrum pays the County on a step-up payment basis. In fiscal year 2022, the annual payment was \$1,878.33 and will increase by 2% in 2023. For years 2024-2029, the annual payment will increase by 3%. The lease received is measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the remaining lease term at a discount rate of 1.527%, which is the determined incremental borrowing rate.

In fiscal year 2022, the County recognized \$1,790.65 of lease revenue and \$157.98 of interest revenue under the lease.

In April 2022, the County entered into a lease with Russell E. Hedrick. Under the lease, Hedrick pays the County \$3,005.76 annually for 5 years in exchange for use of land at the Landfill for the purpose of farming activities. There are no variable components in the lease. The lease received is measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the remaining lease term at a discount rate of 2.56%, which is the determined incremental borrowing rate.

In fiscal year 2022, the County recognized \$579.20 of lease revenue and \$22.34 of interest revenue under the lease.

In April 2022, the County entered into a lease with Daniel Isenhour. Under the lease, Isenhour pays the County \$2,586.61 annually for 5 years in exchange for use of land at the Landfill for the purpose of farming activities. There are no variable components in the lease. The lease received is measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the remaining lease term at a discount rate of 2.56%, which is the determined incremental borrowing rate.

In fiscal year 2022, the County recognized \$498.51 of lease revenue and \$49.82 of interest revenue under the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

lease.

In October 2014, the County entered into a lease with Blue Ridge Biofuels, LLC in exchange for use of the EcoComplex facility located at the County Landfill. The agreement had a commencement date of January 1, 2015 for a 20-year term. Blue Ridge Biofuels, LLC pays the County a monthly lease payment based on the annual Consumer Price Index Report. For fiscal year 2022 the lease payments received totaled \$6,726.07. The lease received is measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the remaining lease term at a discount rate of 1.913%, which is the determined incremental borrowing rate.

In fiscal year 2022, the County recognized \$6,179.77 of lease revenue and \$1,416.46 of interest revenue under the lease.

In April 2022, the County entered into a lease with MAS Catawba RNG, LLC. Under the lease, MAS Catawba RNG, LLC pays the County \$500.00 per month for 264 months in exchange for use of the land located at the County Landfill. The lease received is measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the remaining lease term at a discount rate of 3.236%, which is the determined incremental borrowing rate.

In fiscal year 2022, the County recognized \$918.79 of lease revenue and \$506.33 of interest revenue under the lease.

	Goverment	al activites	Business a	Business activities			
	Lease	Interest	nterest Lease				
	Receivable	Income	Receivable	Income			
2023	26,181	1,196	13,704	7,936			
2024	27,293	906	13,894	7,647			
2025	28,442	603	14,337	6,047			
2026	29,628	288	14,691	3,933			
2027	2,057	100	9,461	3,570			
2028-2032	4,409	99	50,861	-			
2033-2037	-	-	39,394	-			
2028-2042	-	-	26,143	-			
2043-2044			10,197	-			
Total lease receivable	\$ 118,010		<u>\$ 192,682</u>				
Total interest income		\$ 3,192		\$ 29,133			

(continued on next page)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 6,204,843	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,204,843
Construction in progress	50,738,822	11,639,246	(45,791,679)	16,586,389
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	56,943,665	11,639,246	(45,791,679)	22,791,232
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	138,401,614	33,003,890	-	171,405,504
Other improvements	14,300,215	12,885,723	-	27,185,938
Equipment and vehicles	36,205,270	2,307,026	(1,002,263)	37,510,033
Total capital assets, being depreciated	188,907,099	48,196,639	(1,002,263)	236,101,475
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(55,863,923)	(2,716,231)	-	(58,580,154)
Other improvements	(6,204,550)	(305,477)	-	(6,510,027)
Equipment and vehicles	(19,391,527)	(2,858,492)	960,823	(21,289,196)
Total accumulated depreciation	(81,460,000)	(5,880,200)	960,823	(86,379,377)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	107,447,099	42,316,439	(41,440)	149,722,098
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 164,390,764	\$53,955,685	<u>\$ (45,833,119)</u>	\$ 172,513,330

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 327,610
Public safety	3,680,042
Environmental protection	8,062
Economic & physical development	632,590
Human services	1,065,169
Culture and recreation	 166,727
Total depreciation expense	\$ 5,880,200

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Business-type activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Solid Waste Management				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 7,406,459	\$ 436,578	\$ -	\$ 7,843,037
Construction in progress	604,727	1,892,692	<u> </u>	2,497,419
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	8,011,186	2,329,270		10,340,456
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	3,996,631	24,281	-	4,020,912
Other improvements	38,068,129	12,129	-	38,080,258
Equipment and vehicles	12,235,616	387,014	(768,084)	11,854,546
Total capital assets, being depreciated	54,300,376	423,424	(768,084)	53,955,716
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(843,502)	(103,640)	-	(947,142)
Other improvements	(14,187,979)	(593,264)	-	(14,781,243)
Equipment and vehicles	(8,591,339)	(800,737)	768,084	(8,623,992)
Total accumulated depreciation	(23,622,820)	(1,497,641)	768,084	(24,352,377)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	30,677,556	(1,074,217)		29,603,339
Solid Waste Management capital assets, net	\$ 38,688,742	\$ 1,255,053	<u> </u>	\$ 39,943,795

Business-type activities Water & Sewer	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 867,454	\$ 8,230	\$ -	\$ 875,684
Construction in progress	1,842,625	42,838		1,885,463
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,710,079	51,068		2,761,147
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Plant and distribution systems/water lines	41,391,732	127,734	(716,001)	40,803,465
Other improvements	58,885		(58,885)	<u>-</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	41,450,617	127,734	(774,886)	40,803,465
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Plant and distribution systems/water lines	(6,255,878)	(1,517,277)	716,001	(7,057,154)
Other improvements	(16,489)	(42,396)	58,885	
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,272,367)	(1,559,673)	774,886	(7,057,154)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	35,178,250	(1,431,939)	-	33,746,311
Water & Sewer capital assets, net	\$ 37,888,329	\$ (1,380,871)	<u> </u>	\$ 36,507,458

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Construction Commitments

The County has active construction and other capital projects as of June 30, 2022. The government's commitments with contractors and vendors are composed of numerous projects within the following funds:

	Project	Expended to		Required Future
	Authorization	June 30, 2022	Committed	Financing
Governmental activities				
General Capital Projects	\$ 101,163,426	\$ 71,373,035	29,790,391	None
Schools Capital Projects	33,244,211	27,215,849	6,028,362	None
School Construction	123,984,794	59,195,462	64,789,332	None
Total governmental activities	\$ 258,392,431	<u>\$ 157,784,346</u>	<u>\$ 100,608,085</u>	
Business-type activities				
Solid Waste Management Fund	\$ 15,121,936	\$ 12,065,082	3,056,854	None
Water and Sewer Fund	28,123,088	4,952,593	23,170,495	None
Total business-type activities	\$ 43,245,024	<u>\$ 17,017,675</u>	\$ 26,227,349	

6. Right to Use Leased Assets

The County has recorded 9 right to use leased assets. The assets are the right to use assets for leased buildings, land and office equipment. The related leases are discussed in the Leases subsection of the Long-Term Obligations section of this note. The right to use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases.

Right to use asset activity at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Beg	jinning					Ending
Governmental activities	Ва	lance	Increases	Decreases			Balance
Right to use assets							
Leased Buildings	\$	-	\$1,033,472	\$	-	\$	1,033,472
Leased Office Equipment			546,330			_	546,330
Total right to use assets			1,579,802			_	1,579,802
Less accumulated amortization for							
Leased Building			128,425		-		128,425
Leased Office Equipment		-	160,471		-		160,471
Total accumulated amortization			288,895			_	288,895
Right to use assets, net	\$		\$1,290,907	\$		\$	1,290,907

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Beg	inning					E	inding
Business-type Activities	Bal	ance	Increases		Decreases		B	alance
Right to use assets								
Leased Land	\$	-	\$	5,126	\$	-	\$	5,126
Leased Office Equipment		-		11,581		-		11,581
Total right to use assets		-		16,707		-		16,707
Less accumulated amortization for	r							
Leased Land		-		1,282		-		1,282
Leased Office Equipment				3,296				3,296
Total accumulated amortization		-		4,578				4,578
Right to use assets, net	\$		\$	12,130	\$		\$	12,130

B. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

			Sa	alaries and				
	Vendors		Benefits		Other		Total	
Governmental activities								
General	\$	2,370,106	\$	3,711,075	\$	137,928	\$	6,219,109
American Rescue Plan Act Fund		-		-	2	0,036,820	2	0,036,820
General Capital Projects		545,898		-		-		545,898
Non-major Funds	_	596,602		4,627		512,843		1,114,072
Total governmental activities	\$	3,512,606	<u>\$</u>	3,715,702	\$2	0,687,591	\$2	7,915,899
Business-type Activities								
Solid Waste Management	\$	313,643	\$	66,491		10,280		390,414
Water and Sewer				6,580		15,941		22,521
Total business-type activities	\$	313,643	\$	73,071	\$	26,221	\$	412,935

2. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic postretirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are Law Enforcement Officers (LEO) are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 12.1% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 11.35% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$6,763,530 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Refunds of Contributions. County employees, who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$11,773,877 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was .76773% (measured as of June 30, 2021), which was an increase of .00179% from its proportion as of June 30, 2021 (measured as of June 30, 2020).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense of \$5,070,549. At June 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Governmental Activities	0	Deferred outflows of desources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	\$	3,650,823 7,209,653	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County		-	16,395,287
contributions and proportionate share of contributions County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		164,295 6,611,718	164,743 -
Total	\$	17,636,489	\$ 16,560,030
Business-Type Activities	0	Deferred outflows of desources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Solid Waste Management			_
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	88,628 175,023	\$ -
on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County		-	398,016
contributions and proportionate share of contributions County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,988 160,508	3,999
Total	\$	428,147	\$ 402,015
Business-Type Activities	0	Deferred outflows of desources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Water & Sewer			
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	6,242 12,326	\$ -
on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County		-	28,030
contributions and proportionate share of contributions County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		281 11,304	 282
Total	\$	30,153	\$ 28,312
	0	Deferred outflows of desources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Governmental Activities - Total Business-Type Activities - Total	\$	17,636,489 458,300	\$ 16,560,030 430,327
Total deferred	\$	18,094,789	\$ 16,990,357

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

\$6,783,530 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:

2023	\$ (350,539)
2024	(1,248,110)
2025	(5,147,430)
2026	-
2027	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 6.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation with the exception of the discount rate were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Opportunistic Fixed Income	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Sensitive	<u>6.0%</u>	4.0%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmark averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1	1% Decrease		Discount	•	1%Increase	
		(5.50%) Rate (6.50%)			(7.50%)		
County's proportionate share of the net							
pension liability (asset)	\$	45,705,209	\$	11,773,877	\$	(16,149,638)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance Plan Description.

Catawba County administers public employee retirement systems (the Separation Allowance), single-employer, defined benefit pension plans that provide retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the office for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the County are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2020, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Inactive Members Currently Receiving Benefits	14
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	<u>153</u>
	<u> 167</u>

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures for the County are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust funds that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2020 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50% per annum

Salary increases 3.25% - 7.75% per annum

Discount rate 2.25% per annum, compounded annually

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employee's Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2019.

Mortality Rate

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97% and set Forward by 1 year.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled Members at Retirement): Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are Set Back 3 years for all ages.

Deaths After Retirement (Survivors of Deceased Members): Mortality rates are based on the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors. Rates for male members are Set Forward 3 years. Rates for female members are Set Forward 1 year. Because the contingent survivor tables have no rates prior to age 45, the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Employees is used for ages less than 45.

Death Prior to Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

Contributions

The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The County paid \$181,910 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the County reported a total pension liability of \$6,637,702. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 based on a December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumption. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense of \$825,594.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experiences Changes of assumptions County benefit payments and plan administrative	\$ 373,347 1,311,458	\$ 19,763 217,510
expenses made subsequent to the measurement date	111,690	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 1,796,495	\$ 237,273

The County paid \$111,690 in benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30	:	
2023	\$	360,352
2024		350,810
2025		351,165
2026		318,638
2027		66,606
Thereafter		(39)

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.25 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.25 percent) or 1-percent-point higher (3.25 percent) that the current rate:

	19	%Decrease	Discount		1	%Increase
		(1.25%)		Rate (2.25%)		(3.25%)
Total pension liability	\$	7,221,129	\$	6,637,702	\$	6,102,938

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2022
Total Pension Liability as of December 31, 2020	\$ 6,352,087
Service Cost	349,034
Interest on the total pension liability	120,840
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	178,937
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	(181,286)
Benefit payments	(181,910)
Other changes	<u> </u>
Total Pension Liability as of December 31, 2021	\$ 6,637,702

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 1.93 percent at June 30, 2021 to 2.25 percent at June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in Benefit Terms. There are no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. All law enforcement officers employed by the County participate in the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. Participation begins at the date of employment, and benefits are provided to all law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

Total contributions for the County for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$516,835 which consisted of \$414,758 from the County and \$102,077 from the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

d. Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. Catawba County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$18,559 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, the County reported an asset of \$291,978 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportion was 1.51969%, which was a decrease of .05297% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense of \$21,318. At June 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Register of Deeds	_	eferred tflows of			
	Re	sources	Re	sources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,115	\$	3,541	
Changes of assumptions		21,291		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		-		897	
Changes in proportion and differences between County					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		16,562		9,303	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		18,559		-	
Total	\$	59,527	\$	13,741	

\$18,559 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ending June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2023	\$11,909
2024	9,194
2025	(684)
2026	6,808
2027	-
Thereafter	_

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 3.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2021 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmark averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.00 percent) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (2.00%)		Discount te (3.00%)	1	%Increase (4.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net					
pension liability (asset)	\$ (231,920)	\$	(291,978)	\$	(342,447)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

e. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as December 31, 2020. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of December 31, 2021, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2020.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	LGERS	ROD	LEOSSA	Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension				
Liability (Asset)	\$11,773,877	\$(291,978)	\$ -	\$11,481,899
Proportion of the Net Pension				
Liability (Asset)	0.76773%	-1.51969%	n/a	
Total Pension Liability	-	-	\$6,637,702	\$ 6,637,702
Pension Expense	\$ 5,070,549	\$ 21,318	\$ 825,594	\$ 5,917,461

At June 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

io nom the following codreco.						
	 LGERS	 ROD		EOSSA	_	Total
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>						
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$ 3,745,693	\$ 3,115	\$	373,347	\$	4,122,155
Changes of assumptions	7,397,002	21,291	•	1,311,458		8,729,751
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments	-	-		-		-
Changes in proprtion and differences						
between County contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions	168,564	16,562		-		185,126
County contributions (LGERS, ROD)/benefit						
payments and administration costs (LEOSSA)						
subsequent to the measurement date	6,783,530	18,559		111,690		6,913,779
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Difference between expected and actual						
experience	\$ -	\$ 3,541	\$	19,763	\$	23,304
Changes of assumptions	-	-		217,510		217,510
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments	16,821,333	897		-		16,822,230
Changes in proportion and differences						
between County contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions	169,024	9,303		-		178,327

f. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) – Catawba County Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. According to County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB plan). The Board of Commissioners have the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Benefits Provided. This plan provides health care benefits to retirees of the County who participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and have at least thirty years of creditable service with the County. The County will pay the individual premium for these individuals. Employees who retire with at least 15 years of service but less than 30 years can purchase coverage at the County's group rates. Also, retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the County's group rates. Eligibility for coverage ceases when the retiree and/or dependents receive Medicare. The Board of Commissioners may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2020, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

58
-
1,082
1,140

Total OPEB Liability

Heath Care Cost Trend Rates

The County's total OPEB liability (TOL) of \$33,526,956 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Real wage growth	.75 percent
Wage inflation	3.25 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	
General Employees	3.25% - 8.41%
Firefighters	3.25% - 8.15%
Law Enforcement Officers	3.25% - 7.90%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	2.21%
Measurement Date	2.16%

Pre-Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug 7.00% for 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

The County selected a Municipal Bond Rate equal to the June average of the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the measurement date as the discount rate used to measure the TOL.

(continued on next page)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type					
				Activities				
			S	olid Waste				
			M	anagement	Wate	r & Sewer		Total
Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2021	\$	29,643,450	\$	774,969	\$	26,452	\$	30,444,871
Changes for the year:								
Service Cost at the end of the year*		1,733,624		43,595		1,453		1,778,672
Interest on TOL and Cash Flows		688,077		17,303		577		705,957
Change in benefit terms		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(199,369)		(5,014)		(167)		(204,550)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		1,330,065		33,447		1,115		1,364,627
Benefit payments		(548,370)		(13,791)		(460)		(562,621)
Other		<u> </u>	_			<u>-</u>		
Net changes	\$	3,004,027	\$	75,541	\$	2,518	\$	3,082,085
Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2022	\$	32,647,477	\$	850,510	\$	28,970	\$	33,526,956

^{*}The service cost includes interest for the year

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.21% to 2.16%.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 – December 31, 2019, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capital costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience performed concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate of 2.16%:

	1% Decrease	Discount		1%Increase
	<u>(1.16%)</u>	(2.16%)	_	(3.16%)
Total OPEB Liability	37,166,624	\$ 33,526,956	\$	30,272,961

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		1%Decrease	Current	1%Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	29.194.500	\$	33.526.956	\$	38.716.974

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resource Related to OPEB For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$4,017,994. At June 30, 2022, the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

County reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		ed Outflows of Resources	rred Inflows Resources
Governmental Activities			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,499,914	\$ 173,777
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments for the OPEB plan paid subsequent		4,955,176	374,968
to measurement date		978,082	
Total	\$	10,433,172	\$ 548,745
Business-Type Activiies			
Solid Waste Management			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	116,548	\$ 4,370
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments for the OPEB plan paid subsequent		126,490	10,488
to measurement date		25,534	
Total	\$	268,572	\$ 14,858
Business-Type Activiies			
Water & Sewer			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,933	\$ 146
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments for the OPEB plan paid subsequent		4,256	368
to measurement date	-	882	 -
Total	\$	9,071	\$ 514
Governmental Activties - Total	\$	10,433,172	\$ 548,745
Business-Type Activities - Total		277,643	 15,372
Total deferred	\$	10,710,815	\$ 564,117

\$1,004,499 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:

2023 \$	1,533,365
2024	1,533,365
2025	1,533,365
2026	1,552,555
2027	1,362,029
Thereafter	1,627,520

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

g. Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in LGERS, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership services in LGERS at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefits payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the postemployment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

h. Catawba Valley Medical Center Pension Plan

Please see the separately issued financial report for Catawba Valley Medical Center for a complete description of the Medical Center's pension plan.

(continued on next page)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

3. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

	Oi	Deferred atflows of esources	ı	Deferred nflows of Resources
Exhibit 1				
Charge on refunding of debt	\$	300,138	\$	=
(Pensions, OPEB) - difference between expected and actual experience (Pensions, OPEB) - difference between projected and actual investment		8,742,550		201,597
earnings		-		16,822,230
(Pensions) - change in proportion and difference between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		185,126		178,327
(Pensions, OPEB) - change in assumptions	1	3,815,673		603,334
Contributions to pension plan subsequent to measurement date (LGERS,				
ROD		6,802,089		-
Benefit payments for the OPEB plan paid subsequent to measurement date Benefit payments and admin costs paid subsequent to the measurement		1,004,498		-
date (LEOSSA)		111,690		-
Leases				312,299
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)		-		156,798
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (Special Revenue)		-		7,102
Advance from grantor				2,000
Deferred revenue collected in advance (General)		-		
Total - Exhibit 1	\$3	0,961,764	\$	18,283,687
Exhibit 3				
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)	\$	-	\$	156,798
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (Special Revenue)		-		7,102
Unearned revenue collected in advance (General)		-		-
Advance from grantor (General)		-		2,000
Leases				115,973
Taxes receivable, net (General)		-		951,480
Taxes receivable, net (Special Revenue)		-		92,991
Ambulance receivable, net (General)		-		2,383,336
Human resource receivable, net (General)	_			473,882
Total - Exhibit 3	\$		\$	4,183,562

4. Closure and Postclosure Care Costs - Blackburn Resource Recovery Facility

State and Federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its current operating cell at Blackburn Resource Recovery facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County also has a closed cell at the Blackburn Resource Recovery facility for which the entire amount of the closure and postclosure costs has been recognized as the cell capacity was used. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$10,029,316 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability as of June 30, 2022 represents a cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 68.8% of the total estimated capacity of the municipal solid waste operating cell and 97.7% of the total estimated capacity of the construction and demolition operating cell of the landfill. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$20,006,411 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2022. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial test that is one option under State and Federal laws and regulations that helps determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and postclosure care requirements.

5. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of; damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The property of Catawba County Government is insured on a blanket basis with replacement cost coverage on buildings and contents, and actual cash value on equipment. The County self-insures its liability risk up to a deductible of \$75,000 each occurrence, and purchases excess liability insurance with limits of \$7 million for any one occurrence for bodily injury, property damage, and personal injury, including law enforcement, public officials, and employment practices liability. The County also self-insures its workers' compensation risks up to \$500,000 each accident for all codes except Police & Fire which are at \$650,000 each, and purchases excess workers' compensation insurance to statutory limits. The insurance program includes physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, and fidelity insurance with limits of \$250,000 per occurrence. At the inception of the program, all of the property, liability, and workers' compensation insurers utilized by the County have an A.M. Best's Company rating/financial size category of "A-/VII" or better with stable outlooks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The County is a member of the North Carolina Health Insurance Poole (NCHIP) since July 1, 2018, which is a local government risk pool for employee health benefits of cities and counties. Under NCHIP, a portion of the County's claims for employee health benefits is self-funded and a portion of the claims is pooled with other NCHIP member. NCHIP has contracted with Blue Cross and Blue Shield as a third-party administrator to adjudicate claims and manage cost containment. To safeguard against catastrophic claims, NCHIP has specific stop-loss coverage that occurs after \$200,000 in claims per member. The specific stop loss is brokered through Blue Cross and Blue Shield.

The County carries flood insurance as a part of its property insurance through Travelers Insurance Companies with limits as follows: Flood excluded at these locations: Loc. No.6.1, 6.2, 24, 26, 30, 39, 63, 71.1, 71.2, 71.3, 71.4, 71.5, 71.6, 71.7, 71.8, 71.9, 72.1, 72.2, 73.1, 73.2, 74.1, 74.2. Otherwise, flood limit is \$10,000,000. The deductible for is \$50,000. The County periodically reviews updated flood maps to identify any owned locations within designated flood zones.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, The County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The director of finance and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$100,000 each. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$250,000.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR's). Liabilities for claims are reported in the County's General Fund.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past three fiscal years are as follows:

	2022		2021			2020
Unpaid claims, beginning	\$	710,016	\$	643,356	\$	607,431
Incurred claims	1	0,254,495		9,404,955	;	8,873,233
Claim payments	(1	0,231,182)	_(9,338,295)	(8	8,837,308)
Unpaid claims, ending	\$	733,329	\$	710,016	\$	643,356
Gallagher Reserves		(733,329)				<u>-</u>
Unpaid claims, ending	\$		\$	710,016	\$	643,356

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

6. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2022, the County was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of management and the County attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material effect on the County's financial position.

7. Long-Term Obligations Governmental Activities

a. Certificates of Participation

On December 12, 2012, the County issued \$10,965,000 Certificates of Participation, Series 2012 with U.S. Bank to advance refund \$9,750,000 of Certificates of Participation, Series 2005. The financing contract required principal payments beginning June 2013 with an interest rate of 2.08%.

The future minimum payments as of June 30, 2022, including \$118,560 of interest are as follows:

Gove	overnmental Activities				
		Principal		Interest	
2023		990,000		59,904	
2024		960,000		39,312	
2025		930,000		19,344	
Total principal payments	\$	2,880,000			
Total interest payments			\$	118,560	

b. Installment Purchases

1. As authorized by State law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the County entered into a direct placement installment financing agreement on April 30, 2013 with SunTrust Institutional for the purpose of providing funds up to \$31,000,000 for the construction and renovations to public schools, community college, and County animal shelter. The installment purchase was issued pursuant to a deed of trust that requires that legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding because the public school property is pledged as collateral for the debt. The County entered into a lease with the Boards of Education and Community College Board of Trustees that transfers the rights and responsibilities for the maintenance and insurance of the property to the Boards of Education and Board of Trustees. The lease calls for nominal lease payments and a bargain purchase option. The lease term the same as that of the installment purchase agreement. Due to the economic substance of the transaction, the capital assets associated with the installment purchase obligation are recorded by the Boards of Education and Board of Trustees. This agreement requires fifteen annual principal payments of \$2,066,666 and interest payments at an interest rate of 1.96%.

In the event of default, the bank may declare all indebtedness to be due and payable without notice.

For Catawba County, the future minimum payments as of June 30, 2022, including \$850,640 of interest are:

	Governmental Activities			
	Principal		nterest	
2023	2,066,666		243,040	
2024	2,066,667		202,533	
2025	2,066,667		162,027	
2026	2,066,667		121,520	
2027	2,066,667		81,013	
2028	2,066,666		40,507	
Total principal payments	\$ 12,400,000			
Total interest payments		\$	850,640	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. As authorized by State law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the County entered into a \$50,530,000 direct placement installment financing agreement in September 2016 with TD Bank at an interest rate of 1.76% for 15 years. The purpose of this financing was to refund the 2009 debt with Bank of America and the 2010 Build America Bonds with Branch, Banking and Trust (BB&T) with additional funds to pay for construction and renovation of public school and community college facilities.

The financing included \$8,440,000 to current refund the Series 2009 Bank of America loan. As a result, the loan is considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt payments by \$8,933,333 over the next 4 years and resulted in an economic gain of \$581,956.

The financing included \$5,275,000 to current refund the Series 2010 Build America Bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt payments by \$5,504,583 over the next 5 years and resulted in an economic gain of \$252,271.

The direct placement financing included \$36,815,000 to pay a portion of construction and renovation costs of public school and community college facilities. The installment purchase was issued pursuant to a deed of trust that requires that legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding because the community college and public high school property are pledged as collateral for the debt. Due to the economic substance of the transaction, the capital assets associated with the installment purchase obligation are recorded by the Boards of Education and Community College Board of Trustees.

In the case of default, the bank may declare that all unpaid principal components of the installment payments are due and payable without notice to the County.

For Catawba County, the future minimum payments as of June 30, 2022, including \$2,078,560 of interest are:

Gov	vernmental Activities			
	Principal		Interest	
2023	4,110,000		461,208	
2024	4,085,000		388,872	
2025	3,020,000		316,976	
2026	2,720,000		263,824	
2027	2,455,000		215,952	
2028-2031	9,815,000		431,728	
Total principal payments	\$ 26,205,000			
Total interest payments		\$	2,078,560	

3. As authorized by State law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the County entered into a direct placement installment financing agreement on September 9, 2020 with Truist Bank for the purpose of providing funds up to \$18,550,000 for the construction and renovations to public schools. The installment purchase was issued pursuant to a deed of trust that requires that legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding because the public school property is pledged as collateral for the debt. The County entered into a lease with the Board of Education that transfers the rights and responsibilities for the maintenance and insurance of the property to the Board of Education. The lease calls for nominal lease payments and a bargain purchase option. The lease term the same as that of the installment purchase agreement. Due to the economic substance of the transaction, the capital assets associated with the installment purchase obligation are recorded by the Board of Education. This agreement requires fifteen annual principal payments of \$1,237,000 and interest payments at an interest rate of 1.76%.

In the event of default, the bank may declare all indebtedness to be due and payable without notice.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

For Catawba County, the future minimum payments as of June 30, 2022, including \$2,132,566 of interest are:

	Governmental Activities			
	Principal	Interest		
2023	1,237,000	293,823		
2024	1,237,000	272,052		
2025	1,237,000	250,281		
2026	1,237,000	228,510		
2027	1,237,000	206,738		
2028-2032	6,184,000	707,133		
2033-2036	4,944,000	174,029		
Total principal payments	\$ 17,313,000			
Total interest payments		\$ 2,132,566		

4. As authorized by State law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the County entered into a \$12,325,000 direct placement installment financing agreement in October 2021 with JP Morgan Bank at an interest rate of 1.40% for 6 years, of which \$10,757,408 was for governmental activities. The purpose of this financing was to refund the 2011 debt with U.S. Bank. As a result, the loan is considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt payments over the next 6 years and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,105,958.

In the event of default, the bank may declare all indebtedness to be due and payable without notice.

For Catawba County, the future minimum payments as of June 20, 2022, including \$396,975 of interest are:

	Governmenta	Governmental Activities		pe Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2023	3,127,285	128,713	455,715	18,756		
2024	2,884,644	86,629	420,356	12,624		
2025	1,220,191	57,895	177,809	8,437		
2026	1,199,244	40,959	174,756	5,969		
2027-2028	2,326,044	32,275	338,956	4,718		
Total principal payments	\$ 10,757,408		\$ 1,567,592			
Total interest payments		\$ 346,471		\$ 50,504		

c. Qualified School Construction Bonds

1. As authorized by State law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the County entered into a direct placement installment financing agreement on September 27, 2010 with Branch Banking & Trust (BB&T) for the purpose of providing funds up to \$21,508,553 for the construction of a new middle school, renovations to a high school, and renovations of a community college. The County's obligation under the contract will be designated as "Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs)" pursuant to the federal QSCB program. The direct placement installment purchase was issued pursuant to a deed of trust that requires that legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding because the property is pledged as collateral for the debt. The County entered into a lease with the Boards of Education and Board of Trustees that transfers the rights and responsibilities for the maintenance and insurance of the property to the Boards of Education and Board of Trustees. The lease calls for nominal lease payments and a bargain purchase option. The lease term is the same as that of the installment purchase agreement. Due to the economic substance of the transaction, the capital assets associated with the installment purchase obligation are recorded by the Boards of Education and Board of Trustees.

The financing contract requires semi-annual sinking fund payments of \$716,951 beginning March 2011 with an

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

interest rate of 5% and a maturity date of September 27, 2025 when principal is due in full. Under the original QSCB agreement, the County's obligation is eligible up to a 100% credit against the interest paid. The federal interest subsidy was reduced during the year by 5.7%, or \$57,084, as part of the Budget Control Act of 2011. The sequestration reduction rate was applicable until the end of the federal fiscal year.

The future minimum interest payments at June 30, 2022 are \$3,763,997.

2. As authorized by State law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the County entered into a direct placement installment financing agreement on May 4, 2011 with BB&T for the purpose of providing funds up to \$6,300,000 for the renovations to an elementary school and renovations to a high school. The County's obligation under the contract will be designated as "Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs)" pursuant to the federal QSCB program. This agreement is an amendment to the QSCB financing from September 27, 2010. The installment purchase was issued pursuant to a deed of trust that requires that legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding because the property is pledged as collateral for the debt. The County entered into a lease with the Board of Education that transfers the rights and responsibilities for the maintenance and insurance of the property to the Board of Education. The lease calls for nominal lease payments and a bargain purchase option. The lease term is the same as that of the installment purchase agreement. Due to the economic substance of the transaction, the capital assets associated with the installment purchase obligation are recorded by the Board of Education.

The financing contract requires semi-annual sinking fund payments of \$210,000 beginning September 2011 with an interest rate of 5.52% and a maturity date of March 27, 2026 when principal is due in full. Under the original QSCB agreement, the County's obligation is eligible up to a 100% credit against the interest paid. The federal interest subsidy was reduced during the year by 5.7%, or \$17,906, as part of the Budget Control Act of 2011. The sequestration reduction rate was applicable until the end of the federal fiscal year.

The future minimum interest payments at June 30, 2022 are \$1,391,040.

e. Limited Obligation Bonds

1. 2014 Limited Obligation Bonds

As authorized by State law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the County entered into an installment financing agreement with U.S. Bank on March 4, 2014 to issue \$21,935,000 in Limited Obligation Bonds Series 2014A to refinance existing financial obligations of the County, and to provide funds for a Justice Center expansion.

Of this amount, \$1,810,000 was used to advance refund \$1,805,000 of Series 2004 Certificates of Participation. As a result, the refunded obligation is considered defeased and the liability removed from the government column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$5,000. This amount is netted against the new debt and amortized over the life of the refunded debt, which is shorter that the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was paid in full in fiscal year 2015.

The remaining \$20,125,000 of this issuance was used to finance the expansion of the County's Justice Center. The agreement requires seventeen annual principal payments that vary from \$1,180,000 to \$1,185,000 and interest payments at a rate that varies from 2% - 5%.

For Catawba County, the future minimum payments as of June 30, 2022, including \$2,565,719 of interest are:

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities						
	Principal		Interest				
2023	1,185,000		513,494				
2024	1,185,000		454,244				
2025	1,185,000		394,994				
2026	1,185,000		335,744				
2027	1,185,000		276,493				
2028-2031	4,730,000	_	590,750				
Total principal payments	\$ 10,655,000						
Total interest payments	\$	2,565,719					

2. 2018 Limited Obligation Bonds

As authorized by State law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the County issued \$39,085,000 of Limited Obligation Bonds (Series 2018) in June 2018 at an interest rate of 3.125% – 5.00% for 20 years. The proceeds of this bond issue were used to finance an expansion to the County's jail facility, improvements to a County park, community college renovations and equipment, and various public school facility renovations.

For Catawba County, the future minimum payments as of June 30, 2022, including \$12,105,556 of interest are:

	Governmental Activities					
	Principal	Interest				
2023	1,965,000	1,464,488				
2024	1,965,000	1,366,238				
2025	1,965,000	1,267,988				
2026	1,960,000	1,169,862				
2027	1,960,000	1,071,863				
2028-2032	9,755,000	3,894,437				
2033-2037	9,740,000	1,733,668				
2038-2039	3,880,000	137,012				
Total principal payments	\$ 33,190,000					
Total interest payments		\$ 12,105,556				

f. Leases

The County has entered into agreements to lease certain buildings, land and office equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

An agreement was executed September 2017 to lease space at the City of Conover EMS base for the purpose of providing County EMS services. The lease agreement requires 10 annual payments of \$93,000. The actual lease term is for 35 years. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability us measured at a discount rate of 2.583% which is the determined incremental borrowing rate. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$733,387 at June 30, 2022. The right to use asset is discussed in more detail in the right to use section of this note.

An agreement was executed September 2019 to lease office equipment for multifunctional copiers/printers for Social Services operations. The lease agreement requires 60 monthly payments of \$10,929.83. The lease liability us measured at a discount rate 0.893% which is the determined incremental borrowing rate. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$330,872 at June 30, 2022. The right to use asset is discussed in more detail in the right to use section of this note.

An agreement was executed January 2020 to lease office equipment for multifunctional copiers/printers for use throughout County departments with the exception of Social Services. The lease agreement requires 60 monthly

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

payments of \$2,171. The lease liability us measured at a discount rate 0.727% which is the determined incremental borrowing rate. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$57,020 at June 30, 2022. The right to use asset is discussed in more detail in the right to use section of this note.

An agreement was executed April 2020 to lease office space for the purpose of housing court probation staff. The lease agreement requires 12 monthly payments of \$3,200 through April 2023 and 12 monthly payments of \$3,250 from May 2023 through April 2024. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability us measured at a discount rate 0.316% which is the determined incremental borrowing rate. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$31,684 at June 30, 2022. The right to use asset is discussed in more detail in the right to use section of this note.

An agreement was executed July 2020 to lease a building for the purpose of providing library services. The lease agreement requires 10 biannual payments of \$23,400. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability us measured at a discount rate 0.316% which is the determined incremental borrowing rate. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$135,883 at June 30, 2022. The right to use asset is discussed in more detail in the right to use section of this note.

An agreement was executed July 2020 to lease office equipment for provision and preservation of records for the Register of Deeds Office. The lease agreement requires 60 monthly payments of \$746.26. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate 0.5146% which is the determined incremental borrowing rate. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$6,254 at June 30, 2022. The right to use asset is discussed in more detail in the right to use section of this note.

An agreement was executed July 2021 to lease office space for the purpose of providing public health services. The lease agreement requires 24 monthly payments of \$342.17. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate 0.332% which is the determined incremental borrowing rate. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$4,093 at June 30, 2022. The right to use asset is discussed in more detail in the right to use section of this note

Lease	Pavm	ents
Lease	ı avı	CIILO

	 Principal	 Interest
2023	316,099	 20,369
2024	277,410	16,876
2025	205,297	13,531
2026	81,866	11,134
2027	83,981	9,019
2028-2033	 265,184	 13,816
Total principal payments	\$ 1,229,837	
Total interest payments		\$ 84,745

Business-Type Activities q. Federal Revolving Loan

On November 10, 2010, the County entered into a direct borrowing federal revolving loan agreement with the State of North Carolina, Department of Environment and Natural Resources for the purpose of providing funds up to \$3,000,000 for a water project. The County promised to pay the State of North Carolina \$3,000,000 together with any additional amount disbursed under 15A NCAC 02M.0603 or 15A NCAC 01J.2201 with zero interest on the unpaid principal sum. As part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), the unpaid principal and interest was immediately reduced by one half of the loan amount as "principal forgiveness." The loan will be repaid in 20 equal installments on May 1 until the principal is paid in full.

In the case of default, the State of North Carolina may withhold other monies due to the County to pay any outstanding principal due.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The future minimum payments as of June 30, 2022 are:

	Business-type Activities						
	Principal	Interest					
2023	75,000	-					
2024	75,000	-					
2025	75,000	-					
2026	75,000	-					
2027	75,000						
2028-2030	225,000						
Total principal payments	\$ 600,000						
Total interest payments		\$ -					

h. Leases

An agreement was executed July 2009 to lease land for the purpose of a waste convenience site. The lease agreement requires annual payments of \$1,300 through January 2025. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability us measured at a discount rate of 0.893% which is the determined incremental borrowing rate. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$3,845 at June 30, 2022. The right to use asset is discussed in more detail in the right to use section of this note.

	Lease Payments				
	Principal	Interest			
2023	4,486	98			
2024	4,528	56			
2025	3,200	17			
Total principal payments	\$ 12,214				
Total interest payments		\$ 171			

(continued on next page)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Bonds and Notes Outstanding at June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

		Amount	Amount	Interest
	Purpose of Issue	Issued	Outstanding	Rate
Governmental Activities				
Certificates of Participation 2012 Certificates of Participation	Refunding debt for schools and community college, County facility	10,965,000	2,880,000	2.08%
Direct Placement Installment Purchases				
2013 installment purchase	Public school and community college construction/renovation, County animal shelter	31,000,000	12,400,000	1.96%
2016 installment purchase	Public school and community college construction/renovation, refunding	50,530,000	26,205,000	1.76%
2020 installment purchase	Public school construction/renovation	18,550,000	17,313,000	1.76%
2021 installment purchase	Refunding debt for public schools, community college	12,325,000	10,757,408	1.40%
Total installment purchases		112,405,000	66,675,408	
Direct Placement Qualifed Zone Academy Bonds	Public school construction/renovation	700,000		0.00%
Direct Placement Qualified School Construction Bonds 2010 QSCB				
2010 QSCB	Public school and community college construction/renovation	21,508,553	21,508,553	5% with 94.3% IRS subsidy
2011 QSCB	Public school construction/renovation	6,300,000	6,300,000	5.52% with 94.3% IRS subsidy
Total qualified school construction b		27,808,553	27,808,553	
rotal qualified School Constituction b	unus	۷۱,000,003	21,000,000	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Limited Obligation Bonds

2014 LOB	Refunding debt for public schools, community college, new debt Justice Center	21,935,000	10,655,000	2.00-5.00%
2018 LOB	Public school and community college construction/renovations, County park, jail expansion	39,085,000	33,190,000	3.125-5.00%
Total limited obligation bonds		61,020,000	43,845,000	
Lease Liabilities Issued				
2022 Building Leases	Building and office space leases for governmental activites	1,033,472	840,149	
2022 Equipment Leases	Equipment leases for governmental activities	546,329	389,688	
Total Governmental Activities		212,898,553	142,438,798	
Business-type activities Direct Placement Installment Purchases				
2021 Installment purchase	Refunding debt for sanitary sewer	1,567,592	1,567,592	1.40%
Direct Borrowing Federal Revolving Loan				
2010 loan	Water improvements	3,000,000	600,000	0.00%
Lease Liabilities Issued				
2022 Land Lease	Land lease for waste convenient center	5,127	3,830	
2022 Equipment Lease	Copier lease for solid waste operations	11,581	8,384	
Total Business-type activities		4,567,592	2,179,806	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

j. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the County's general long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2021	In	ncreases	Decreases	J	Balance une 30, 2022		Current Portion of Balance
Governmental activities		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Certificates of participation Direct placement installment	\$	3,895,000			\$ (1,015,000)	\$	2,880,000	\$	990,000
purchase Direct placement Qualified Zone		63,366,667	1	0,757,408	(7,448,667)		66,675,408		10,540,952
Academy Bonds Direct placement Qualified School		50,000		-	(50,000)		-		-
Const. Bond		27,808,553		-	-		27,808,553		-
Limited obligation bonds		60,689,419		-	(16,844,419)		43,845,000		3,150,000
Premium on long-term debt		7,369,170		-	(2,397,687)		4,971,483		-
Long-Term Leases		-		1,579,802	(349,965)		1,229,837		316,099
Compensated absences		5,553,580		4,012,964	(3,772,975)		5,793,569		3,772,975
Net pension liability (LGERS)		26,661,166			(15,185,495)		11,475,671		-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)		6,352,087		285,615	-		6,637,702		-
Total OPEB liability		29,643,450		3,004,027	 	_	32,647,477		_
Total governmental activities	\$	231,389,092	\$ 1	9,639,816	\$ (47,064,208)	\$	203,964,700	\$	18,770,026
									Current
		Balance			_	_	Balance		Portion
	<u>Ju</u>	ine 30, 2021	<u>In</u>	creases	 Decreases	J	une 30, 2022	_	of Balance
Business-type activities									
Solid-Waste Management									
Accrued landfill closure and									
postclosure costs	\$	9,929,316	\$	100,000	\$ -	\$	10,029,316	\$	100,000
Long-Term Leases	\$	- 	\$	16,708	\$ (4,494)	\$	12,214	\$	4,486
Compensated absences		120,444		84,705	(81,326)		123,823		81,326
Net pension liability (LGERS)		665,625		75.54	(387,039)		278,586		-
Total OPEB liability		774,969		75,541	 		850,510	_	
Total Solid Waste Management	\$	11,490,354	\$	276,954	\$ (472,859)	\$	11,294,449	\$	185,812

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

								(Current
		Balance					Balance	I	Portion
	Ju	ıne 30, 2021	I	ncreases	 Decreases	Jι	ıne 30, 2022	of	Balance
Water & Sewer Direct placement Installment purchase	\$	2,860,127	\$	1,567,592	\$ (2,860,127)	\$	1,567,592	\$	455,715
Limited obligation bonds Direct borrowing federal revolving		1,995,581		-	(1,995,581)		-		
loan		675,000		-	(75,000)		600,000		75,000
Premium on long-term debt		90,673		-	(90,673)		-		-
Compensated absences		18,955		10,892	(8,842)		21,005		8,842
Net pension liability (LGERS)		43,508			(23,888)		19,620		-
Total OPEB liability		26,452	_	2,518	 <u> </u>		28,970		-
Total Water & Sewer	\$	5,710,296	\$	1,581,002	\$ (5,054,111)	\$	2,237,187	\$	539,557
Total business-type activities	\$	17,200,650	\$	1,857,956	\$ (5,526,970)	\$	13,531,636	\$	725,369

Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the general fund and are accounted for on a last in first out (LIFO) basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned. The current portion of compensated absences is estimated at \$3,772,975 for governmental activities and \$90,168 for business-type activities. Net pension and other post-employment liabilities are typically liquidated in the general fund.

k. Debt Related to Capital Activities

Of the total Government Activities debt listed, unexpended debt proceeds, premiums on debt, and deferred charges on refundings, only \$40,836,812 relates to assets the County holds title. Unexpended debt proceeds related to capital debt are \$2,167,592 for governmental activities and \$0 for business-type activities.

(continued on next page)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net investment in capital assets for June 30, 2022 was calculated as follows:

	Governmental activities	Business-type activities
Capital assets	\$ 172,513,330	\$ 76,451,253
Long term debt outstanding School debt for which County does not hold asset title Premium on long term debt, net of school related debt Deferred outflows, net of school related debt Unexpended proceeds - net of school related debt Total related debt	(141,208,961) 103,605,858 (3,584,746) 261,374 89,786 (40,836,689)	(2,167,592) - - - - - (2,167,592)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 131,676,641	\$ 74,283,661
Right to use assets	Governmental activities \$ 1,290,907	Business-type activities \$ 12,130
	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Lease liability	(1,229,837)	(12,130)
Total related debt	(1,229,837)	(12,130)
Net investment in right to use assets	\$ 61,070	\$ -

I. Legal Debt Margin

At June 30, 2020, Catawba County had a legal debt margin of \$1,457,851,491.

m. Revenue Bonds

Catawba Valley Medical Center

1. On August 1, 2016, the County issued County of Catawba, North Carolina Refunding Revenue Bonds (Catawba Memorial Hospital Project) Series 2016A (the "Series 2016A Bonds") through Branch, Banking and Trust (BB&T), (now Truist) totaling \$25,000,000 for the purpose of refunding Series 2009 Bonds. Additionally, the County issued County of Catawba, North Carolina Hospital Refunding Revenue Bonds (Catawba Valley Medical Center) Series 2016B (the "Series 2016B Bonds") through BB&T (now Truist) totaling \$18,340,000 for the purpose of refunding Series 2010 Bonds.

Total 2016A Hospital Refunding Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 were \$21,706,668. Total 2016B Hospital Refunding Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 were \$8,252,497.

On January 1, 2019, the Hospital converted the Series 2016 A Bonds from a variable interest rate to a fixed interest rate of 4.12%.

2. On April 1, 2021, the County issued County of Catawba, North Carolina Refunding Revenue Bonds (Catawba Memorial Hospital Project), Series 2021 (the "Series 2021 Bonds") through Truist Bank totaling \$36,000,000 for costs associated with additional health care facilities (the "2021 Project"), as well as the expenses of issuing the Series 2021 Bonds. Interest on the Series 2021 Bonds begins June 1, 2021 at a fixed rate of 2.35% with annual installments beginning June 1, 2023.

Total 2021 Hospital Refunding Revenue Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 were \$36,000,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The 2021 and 2016 bond series have various financial covenants, the most restrictive of which require the Medical Center to maintain a Long-Term Debt Service Coverage Ratio (as defined) of 1.20 or higher, a Debt to Capitalization ratio of no greater than 65% and the Days Cash on Hand must not be less than 80 days. The Medical Center was in compliance with all applicable covenants as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022.

n. Catawba Valley Medical Center Lease Obligations

Catawba Valley Medical Center (the "Medical Center") has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment and real property. Under GASB 87, the lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases and are considered financing and require the recording of lease liabilities as well as right-to-use assets. At June 30, 2022, right-to-use assets, net of depreciation, had a carrying value of \$13,562,819 and lease liabilities totaling \$13,793,047.

(continued on next page)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ending June 30, 2022, consist of the following:

General Fund

From the General fund to the Emergency Telephone System fund to supplement other funding sources

From the General fund to the State Substance Abuse Fund to supplement other funding sources

From the General fund to the Subdivison Road Improvement Projects Fund to provide subdivison road improvement for existing roads	588,000
From the General fund to the Emergency Telephone fund to supplement other funding sources	22,509
From the General fund to the General Capital Projects fund for new construction and various capital improvement projects	15,469,357
From the General fund to the School Capital Projects fund for various school capital improvement projects	-
From the General fund to the School Construction fund for various school capital improvement projects	2,075,000
Subtotal General Fund	18,154,866
Other Governmental Funds From the Federal Narcotics Seized Fund to special revenue Federal Narcotics Seized Justice Fund to align with federal requirements	36,353
From the Federal Narcotics Seized Fund to special revenue Federal Narcotics Seized Treasury Fund to align with federal requirements	4,544
From the ARPA Fund to the General Fund for expenses related to the Coronavirus pandemic	10,938,991
From the Hospital Capital Reserve fund to the General fund to support the school nurse initiative	500,000
From the School Capital Projects fund to the General fund to supplement funds for debt service	50,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

From the School Construction fund to the School Capital Projects fund to supplement funds for various school renovations	93,081
From the School Construction fund to the General Fund to supplement funds for debt service	 406,015
Subtotal Other Governmental Funds	 12,028,984
Enterprise Funds	
From Water and Sewer Capital Fund to General Fund for Economic Development activities	384,000
From Water and Sewer Capital Fund to General Capital Projects for ARPA eligible projects	3,000,000
From Water and Sewer Fund to General Capital Projects for ARPA eligible projects	5,290,500
Subtotal Enterprise Funds	 8,674,500
Total Interfund Transfers	\$ 38,858,350

(continued on next page)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

D. Fund Balance

The County has classified its governmental fund balances with the following hierarchy:

The County has classified its go	<u>verninentariun</u>	American	General	Other	Total
	General	Rescue Plan	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Act Fund	Projects Fund	Funds	Funds
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	\$ 299,637	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 299,637
Prepaid	61,080	_	-	-	61,080
Notes receivable	584,025	-	-	-	584,025
Leases	2,037	_	-	-	2,037
Restricted:		-			
Stabilization by State Statute	22,335,350	44,933	3,600,983	3,287,147	29,268,413
Register of Deeds	139,535	_	-	-	139,535
Public Safety	-	-	-	2,042,228	2,042,228
Fire Protection	-	-	-	2,077,632	2,077,632
Debt Service	21,122,635	-	-	-	21,122,635
Social Services	240,000	-	-	-	240,000
Library Endowment	-	-	-	197,841	197,841
Scholarship	-	-	-	56,244	56,244
Parks Preservation	-	-	-	76,104	76,104
Community Development	-	-	-	50,694	50,694
American Rescue Plan Act	-		-	-	-
Representative Payee	-	-	-	104,255	104,255
General Capital	-	-	89,786	-	89,786
School Capital and Construction	-	-	-	1,816,691	1,816,691
Hospital Capital	-	-	-	2,230,555	2,230,555
Committed:		-			
Tax Reappraisal	122,185	-	-	-	122,185
Subdivision Road Improvement	-	-	-	565,810	565,810
General Capital	-	-	26,902,456	-	26,902,456
School Capital	-	-	-	9,825,269	9,825,269
School Construction	-	-	-	7,988,924	7,988,924
Assigned:					
Public Health	991,262	-	-	-	991,262
Social Services	7,125,114	-	-	-	7,125,114
County Manager	422,335	-	-	-	422,335
Human Resources	361,748	-	-	-	361,748
Library	675,350	-	-	-	675,350
Subsequent year's expenditures	11,154,833	-	-	-	11,154,833
Unassigned	65,591,057	(315,559)		(23,092)	65,252,406
Total fund balances	\$ 131,228,183	\$ (270,626)	\$ 30,593,225	\$ 30,296,302	<u>\$ 191,847,084</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 131,228,183
Less:	
Inventories	299,637
Prepaid	61,080
Notes receivable	584,025
Leases	2,037
Stabilization by State Statute	22,335,350
Fund Balance Available	107,946,054

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

							n-Major			
			Ar	nerican		General	5	Speical		
			Res	Rescue Plan		Capital		evenue	Enterprise	
	Ge	eneral Fund	A	ct Fund	Projects Fund		Funds			Funds
Encumbrances	\$	3.776.526	\$	34.650	\$	2.950.285	\$	65.695	\$	1.147.572

NOTE 4 – RELATED ORGANIZATION

The County's governing board is also responsible for appointing five members of the nine-member board of the Economic Development Corporation (EDC), but the County's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making these appointments. The EDC is a nonprofit organization that exists for the purpose of recruitment, retention and expansion of established manufacturing and non-manufacturing businesses for economic development purposes. Its primary revenues are allocations from Catawba County and various municipalities within the County. The County is not responsible for debt issued by the EDC and the EDC's debt is not included in determining the County's legal debt limit.

NOTE 5 – JOINT VENTURES

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina and the Catawba County, Hickory Public, and Newton-Conover City Boards of Education, participate in a joint venture to operate the Catawba Valley Community College. The State of North Carolina, Catawba County, and the Boards of Education each appoint four members of the thirteen-member board of trustees of the community college. The president of the Community College's student government serves as an ex officio nonvoting member of the Community College's board of trustees. The Community College is included as a component unit of the State. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the Community College and also provides some financial support for the Community College's operations. In addition to providing annual appropriations for the facilities, the County has periodically issued debt obligations to provide financing for new and restructured facilities. Debt obligations of \$15,786,816 are outstanding at June 30, 2022. The County made debt service payments of \$2,535,278 on capital related financing obligations. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the Community College because of statutory responsibilities to provide funding for the Community College's facilities. The County contributed \$4,837,860 and \$1,178,425 to the Community College for operating and capital purposes, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The participating entities do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest is reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2022. Complete financial statements for the Community College may be obtained from the Community College's administrative offices at 2550 Highway 70 SE, Hickory NC, 28602.

The County, in partnership with the three public school systems, community college, business and other community

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

entities has created a joint initiative called K-64 to focus on lifelong learning and career development for students from kindergarten through retirement. There are a total of twelve board members appointed by the Catawba County Board of Commissioners (Commissioners) consisting of members from the school systems and other community partners. The Commissioners have committed to provide a level of funding as specific goals are met and certain programs are implemented. The County contributed \$1.3 million to K-64 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The County, in conjunction with three other counties, participates in the Lake Norman Marine Commission (the "Commission"), that was created by the North Carolina General Assembly in 1969. Board members are appointed by the four counties (Catawba, Iredell, Lincoln, and Mecklenburg) that fall within the jurisdiction of the Commission. At any given time and on a rotating basis, one of the Counties has two Board appointees and the other three have one Board appointee. Cash contributions in equal amounts from the participating counties comprise the majority of the Commission's revenues. Catawba County contributed \$8,750 to the Lake Norman Marine Commission for operating expenses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Complete financial statements for the Commission can be obtained from the Lake Norman Marine Commission, PO Box 2454, Cornelius, NC 28031.

NOTE 6 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The County, in conjunction with three other counties and twenty-three municipalities, established the Western Piedmont Council of Governments (the "Council"). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from Federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$70,221 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 7 - BENEFIT PAYMENTS ISSUED BY THE STATE

Certain amounts were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State monies. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. This additional aid to County recipients does not appear in the basic financial statements, because it does not represent revenues and expenditures of the County.

NOTE 8 – SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES Federal and State Assisted Programs

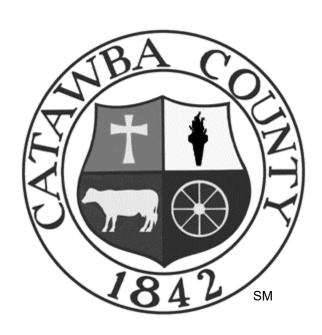
The County has received proceeds from various Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Based upon prior experience, management believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

NOTE 9 – SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Catawba County received its second installment of Opioid Settlement funds totaling \$580,198 in September 2022.

NOTE 10 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No.87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources.



Required Supplemental Financial Data

- This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Governmental Employee's Retirement System
- Schedule of the County's Contributions Local Governmental Employee's Retirement System
- Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of the County's Contributions Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability– Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance
- Notes to the Required Schedules for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance.
- Please note: The Schedule of Funding Progress for Catawba Valley Medical Center can be found in the separately issued financial statements for the Medical Center, available from the Medical Center Finance office (see note 1.A. to the County statements for contact information.)

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022*

	 2022		2021		2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability	_				_	 _
Service Cost Interest	\$ 1,778,672 705,957	\$	1,035,331 755,582	\$	954,524 724,417	\$ 810,810 560,351
Current-period beneift changes Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	- (204,550) 1,364,627 (562,621)		(24,416) 4,649,863 3,843,738 (729,603)		- 185,125 825,667 (788,262)	- 1,339,405 880,348 (630,877)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning	3,082,085 30,444,871		9,530,495 20,914,376		1,901,471 19,012,905	2,960,037 16,052,868
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 33,526,956	\$	30,444,871	\$	20,914,376	\$ 19,012,905
Covered-employee payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage	\$ 52,032,994	\$	52,032,994	\$	48,146,318	\$ 48,146,318
of covered-employee payroll	64.43%		58.51%		43.44%	39.49%

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

<u>Rate</u>
2.16%
2.21%
3.50%
3.89%
3.56%

The County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits

^{*} Plan measurement date is the reporting date. Employer measurement date is one year prior to reporting date. This schedule is intended to show information for ten years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 $\!\!\!^{\star}$

	2018				
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost Interest	\$	878,210 466,530			
Current-period beneift changes Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments		703,309 (958,259) (1,064,618)			
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	_	25,172 6,027,696 6,052,868			
Covered-employee payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 4	34.98%			

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Governmental Employee's Retirement System Last Nine Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021		2020	2019	2018
County's proportion of the net pension						
liability (asset) %	0.76773%		0.76954%	0.75972%	0.79633%	0.80961%
County's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset)	\$ 11,773,877	\$	27,370,299	\$ 20,747,361	\$ 18,891,671	\$ 12,368,598
County's covered payroll	\$ 56,412,509	\$	53,799,929	\$ 51,972,953	\$ 50,767,144	\$ 50,968,956
County's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset) as a percentage						
of its covered payroll	20.87%		50.87%	39.92%	37.21%	24.27%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of						
the total pension liability **	95.51%		88.61%	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Governmental Employee's Retirement System Last Nine Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension				
liability (asset) %	0.83854%	0.81784%	0.82375%	0.84060%
County's proportionate share of the net				
pension liability (asset)	\$ 17,796,628	\$ 3,670,431	\$ (4,858,036)	\$ 10,132,458
County's covered payroll	\$ 48,079,853	\$ 47,791,623	\$ 46,741,190	\$ 46,158,989
County's proportionate share of the net				
pension liability (asset) as a percentage				
of its covered payroll	37.01%	7.68%	10.39%	21.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of				
the total pension liability **	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

Schedule 13 Page 1 of 2

Schedule of County Contributions Local Governmental Employee's Retirement System Last Nine Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 6,783,530	\$ 5,827,222	\$ 4,927,547	\$ 4,145,168	\$ 3,946,861
required contribution	6,783,530	5,827,222	4,927,547	4,145,168	3,946,861
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered payroll	\$ 58,538,462	\$ 56,412,509	\$ 53,799,929	\$ 51,972,953	\$ 50,767,144
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.59%	10.33%	9.16%	7.98%	7.77%

^{*}This schedule is intended to show information for ten years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

Schedule 13 Page 2 of 2

Schedule of County Contributions Local Governmental Employee's Retirement System Last Nine Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 3,798,830	\$ 3,272,052	\$ 3,386,383	\$ 3,317,023
required contribution	3,798,830	3,272,052	3,386,383	3,317,023
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$
County's covered payroll	\$ 50,968,956	\$ 48,079,853	\$ 47,791,623	\$ 46,741,190
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.45%	6.81%	7.09%	7.10%

^{*}This schedule is intended to show information for ten years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Nine Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021			2020	2019	2018	
County's proportion of the net pension								
liability (asset) %	1.51969%		1.57266%		1.42572%	1.61832%	1.64463%	
County's proportionate share of the								
net pension liability (asset)	\$ (291,978)	\$	(360,422)	\$	(281,466)	\$ (268,042)	\$ (280,722)	
County's covered payroll	\$ 102,959	\$	100,646	\$	98,647	\$ 94,480	\$ 95,104	
County's proportionate share of the net								
pension liability (asset) as a percentage								
of its covered payroll	(283.59%)		(358.11%)		(285.33%)	(283.70%)	(295.17%)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	,		,		,	,	,	
of the total pension liability **	156.53%		173.62%		164.11%	153.31%	153.77%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Nine Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension				
liability (asset) %	1.68672%	1.65814%	1.61440%	1.59029%
County's proportionate share of the				
net pension liability (asset)	\$ (315,346)	\$ (384,257)	\$ (365,928)	\$ (339,686)
County's covered payroll	\$ 89,954	\$ 86,722	\$ 83,768	\$ 75,798
County's proportionate share of the net				
pension liability (asset) as a percentage				
of its covered payroll	(350.56%)	(443.09%)	(436.84%)	(448.15%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of the total pension liability **	160.17%	197.29%	193.88%	190.50%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Schedule 15 Page 1 of 2

Schedule of County Contributions Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Nine Fiscal Years*

	2022		2021	 2020	2019	2018	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	18,559	\$ 18,238	\$ 15,058	\$ 14,772	\$	12,629
required contribution		18,559	 18,238	 15,058	 14,772		12,629
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
County's covered payroll	\$	104,222	\$ 102,959	\$ 100,646	\$ 98,647	\$	94,480
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.81%	17.71%	14.96%	14.97%		13.37%

^{*}This schedule is intended to show information for ten years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

Schedule of County Contributions Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Nine Fiscal Years*

	 2017	 2016	 2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 14,289	\$ 13,779	\$ 13,268	\$ 13,181
required contribution	 14,289	 13,779	 13,268	 13,181
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$
County's covered payroll	\$ 95,104	\$ 88,954	\$ 86,722	\$ 83,768
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.02%	15.49%	15.30%	15.74%

^{*}This schedule is intended to show information for ten years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance Last Six Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total pension liability - beginning	\$ 6,352,087	\$ 4,190,800	\$ 3,817,860	\$ 3,715,011	\$ 3,344,006
Service cost at end of year	349,034	203,422	176,222	194,334	170,110
Interest on the total pension liability	120,840	134,056	136,083	115,531	127,178
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the					
total pension liability	178,937	225,161	89,070	77,270	(92,418)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(181,286)	1,755,968	130,193	(166,363)	264,596
Benefit payments	(181,910)	(157,320)	(158,628)	(117,923)	(98,461)
Net changes	285,615	2,161,287	372,940	102,849	371,005
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 6,637,702	\$ 6,352,087	\$ 4,190,800	\$ 3,817,860	\$ 3,715,011
Covered-employee payroll Total pension liability as percentage of	8,113,038	7,445,935	6,841,603	7,131,126	6,979,639
covered-employee payroll	81.82%	85.31%	61.25%	53.54%	53.23%

Notes to the Required Schedules:

<u>December 31, 2021 Measurement Date:</u> The Municipal Bond Index Rate increased from 1.93% to 2.25%.

<u>December 31, 2020 Measurement Date:</u> The Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased from 3.26% to 1.93%. Based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2019, the following were updated: mortality rates, salary increase rates, service retirement rates, disability retirement rates, termination rates, real wage growth, and leave conversion service.

December 31, 2019 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased from 3.64% to 3.26%.

December 31, 2018 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate increased from 3.16% to 3.64%.

<u>December 31, 2017 Measurement Date:</u> The Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased from 3.86% to 3.16%.

December 31, 2016 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate increased from 3.57% to 3.86%.

This schedule will display additional years' information as it becomes available.

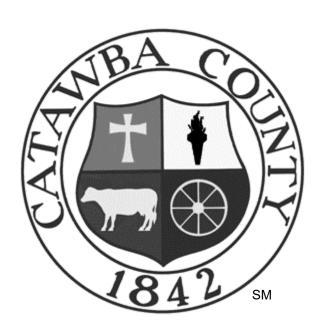
¹ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

² Catawba County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 nor does the plan provide pay related benefits.

³Changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs:

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance Last Six Fiscal Years

	2017
Total pension liability - beginning	\$ 3,245,785
Service cost at end of year	171,342
Interest on the total pension liability	114,108
Differences between expected and actual	
experience in the measurement of the	
total pension liability	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(88,280)
Benefit payments	 (98,949)
Net changes	 98,221
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 3,344,006
Covered-employee payroll	6,548,828
Total pension liability as percentage of	
covered-employee payroll	51.06%



General Fund Comparatives and Detailed Budgets

General Fund

To account for resources traditionally associated with governments that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues and expenditures of the *Self-Insurance Fund*, and the *Register of Deeds Fund* are integrated with the *General Fund* for reporting purposes.

Reappraisal Fund -

The County maintains this fund as required by the General Statutes of North Carolina for financing the cost of the next reappraisal of real property in the County. A legally budgeted Tax Appraisal Fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022		_
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
REVENUES				
Ad Valorem Taxes				
Current year taxes	107,249,000	113,541,410		
Prior year taxes	675,000	571,690		
Penalties and interest	575,000	694,462		
Tax leased vehicles and equipment	200,000	273,719		
Total ad valorem taxes	108,699,000	115,081,281	6,382,281	110,862,502
Other Taxes				
Local Option Sales Taxes				
Article 39 (1%)	16,339,800	19,657,261		
Article 40 (1/2%)	8,466,500	10,044,685 4,734,107		
Article 42 (1/2%) Article 44 (1/2%)	3,842,100	4,734,107		
Article 44 (1/2/0) Article 46 (1/4%)	5,057,781	6,360,968		
Medicaid Hold Harmless	2,514,689	2,514,689		
Subtotal local option sales taxes	36,220,870	43,310,999	7,090,129	38,499,728
Other Taxes and Licenses				
Real estate excise stamps	730,000	1,740,881		
ABC 5 cents per bottle	55,500	72,518		
Privilege licenses	-	7,745		
Subtotal other taxes and licenses	785,500	1,821,144	1,035,644	1,332,912
Total other taxes	37,006,370	45,132,143	8,125,773	39,832,640
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues Beer & Wine Tax	370,000	336,955		
Video Programming fees	528,000	505,920		
Catawba County ABC profit distribution	970,000	1,408,574		
Total unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	1,868,000	2,251,449	383,449	2,094,948
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues				
State grants	8,127,828	6,743,554		
Federal grants	17,929,850	19,395,016		
State and federal grants shared	6,491,767	6,545,420		
Local/Other	6,577,255	6,342,577		
Total restricted intergovernmental revenues	39,126,700	39,026,567	(100,133)	34,701,981
Permits and Fees				
Building permits	2,413,284	3,237,921		
Register of deeds	873,500	1,174,862		
Environmental health fees	360,000	415,858		
Other permits and fees	433,055	843,566		
Total permits and fees	4,079,839	5,672,207	1,592,368	4,847,407
Sales and Services				
Human resources services	1,011,300	1,259,187		
Services to municipalities	760,575	666,341		
Ambulance services	6,787,600	7,253,426		

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022		
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
Other sales and services	655,172	949,597		
Total sales and services	9,214,647	10,128,551	913,904	7,780,817
Investment Earnings	650,730	(3,625,069)	(4,275,799)	(40,349)
Miscellaneous				
Rental fees	34,723	37,439		
Donations and local grants Insurance premiums	377,329 3,053,000	211,283 2,754,438		
Other	3,033,000	347,044		
Total miscellaneous	3,782,476	3,350,204	(432,272)	3,517,635
Total revenues	204,427,762	217,017,333	12,589,571	203,597,581
EXPENDITURES				
General Government				
Board of Commissioners				
Salaries & employee benefits	120,934	120,049		
Other operating	108,700	70,367		
	229,634	190,416	39,218	189,706
Administration				
County Manager	1 000 551	4 074 600		
Salaries & employee benefits Other operating	1,090,551 140,050	1,071,682 120,923		
Capital Outlay	-	6,117		
Non-operating	308,802	-		
	1,539,403	1,198,722	340,681	1,105,234
Legal Services				
Salaries & employee benefits	480,405	445,606		
Other operating	50,083	19,295		
	530,488	464,901	65,587	509,548
Budget	202.242	0.47.000		
Salaries & employee benefits	230,812	217,323		
Other operating Capital Outlay	13,850 -	4,236 3,155		
Suprial Sullay	244,662	224,714	19,948	221,984
Total Administration	2,314,553	1,888,337	426,216	1,836,766
Tax Administration				
Tax Assessor	200 000	044446		
Salaries & employee benefits	692,826 165,010	644,118 156,834		
Other operating Capital Outlay	2,487	9,648.0		
Non-operating tax refunds	5,000	-		
, ,	865,323	810,600	54,723	738,291
	 .		·	

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022		-
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
Tax Collector				
Salaries & employee benefits	619,944	611,644		
Other operating	626,655	605,465		
	1,246,599	1,217,109	29,490	1,124,613
Total Tax Administration	2,111,922	2,027,709	84,213	1,862,904
Board of Elections				
Salaries & employee benefits	580,672	490,519		
Other operating	297,152	217,133		
Capital outlay		1,041		
	877,824	708,693	169,131	1,124,627
Human Resources				
Human Resources				
Salaries & employee benefits	758,983	652,218		
Other operating	77,522	60,012		
Capital outlay	3,455	14,436		
Non-operating	214,213	<u> </u>		
	1,054,173	726,666	327,507	785,313
Recruitment				
Salaries & employee benefits	101,415	100,869		
Other operating	14,609	13,710		
	116,024	114,579	1,445	104,197
Risk Management				
Salaries & employee benefits	149,366	121,124		
Other operating	14,425	12,395		
	163,791	133,519	30,272	139,196
Total Human Resources	1,333,988	974,764	359,224	1,028,706
Register of Deeds				
Salaries & employee benefits	724,261	684,195		
Other operating	257,925	187,007		
Capital outlay	30,800	42,947		
	1,012,986	914,149	98,837	892,536
Finance				
Administration and Accounting				
Salaries & employee benefits	1,069,768	912,513		
Other operating	287,600	239,284		
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	22,607		
	1,357,368	1,174,404	182,964	979,100
Purchasing				
Salaries & employee benefits	281,461	267,490		
Other operating	44,725	30,639		
Capital outlay	, -	10,494		
	326,186	308,623	17,563	298,197
	320,100	300,023	17,503	230,137

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022		<u> </u>	
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year	
Total Finance	1,683,554	1,483,027	200,527	1,277,297	
Other General Government Programs					
Government Agencies - Justice Center					
Other operating	10,500	7,148			
	10,500	7,148	3,352	2,074	
Other Government Costs					
Salaries & employee benefits	777,345	54,493			
Other operating	491,875	452,287			
Capital outlay	-	69,706			
	1,269,220	576,486	692,734	557,198	
Calf la avenue					
Self Insurance	070.450	070 400			
Wellness	378,150	376,182			
Premiums	4,573,872	3,037,694			
Liability	871,348	979,634			
Workers Compensation	768,600	774,211			
	6,591,970	5,167,721	1,424,249	5,499,627	
Total Other General Government Programs	7,871,690	5,751,355	2,120,335	6,058,899	
Total General Government	17,436,151	13,938,450	3,497,701	14,271,441	
Public Safety					
Sheriff and Law Enforcement					
Administration and Law Enforcement					
Salaries & employee benefits	5,693,758	5,646,834			
Other operating	2,171,244	1,714,759			
Capital outlay	939,301 8,804,303	821,652 8,183,245	621,058	7,541,428	
	0,004,000	0,100,240	021,000	7,041,420	
Catawba Valley Community College -					
Resource Officers Salaries & employee benefits	235,483	234,396			
Other operating	3,000	3,000			
outer operating	238,483	237,396	1,087	215,249	
		<u> </u>	,		
School Resource Officers					
Salaries & employee benefits	1,125,431	1,085,251			
Other operating	81,300	80,095			
	1,206,731	1,165,346	41,385	1,091,220	
Records					
Salaries & employee benefits	359,991	347,768			
Other operating	26,795	20,762			
Capital outlay		19,301			
	386,786	387,831	(1,045)	378,236	

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

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		2022		-
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
Narcotics				
Salaries & employee benefits	784,583	774,008		
Other operating	173,706	124,800		
Capital outlay	104,731	74,503		
	1,063,020	973,311	89,709	766,048
Detectives				
Salaries & employee benefits	1,296,450	1,280,923		
Other operating	109,902	95,656		
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	6,946		
	1,406,352	1,383,525	22,827	1,301,708
Lake Norman Water Patrol				
Salaries & employee benefits	236,984	233,450		
Other operating	60,805	52,213		
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	3,476		
	297,789	289,139	8,650	278,410
Court Security				
Salaries & employee benefits	1,055,197	1,051,157		
Other operating	20,000	19,942		
	1,075,197	1,071,099	4,098	974,569
Newton Detention Center				
Salaries & employee benefits	6,307,853	6,040,298		
Other operating	2,781,934	2,542,277		
Capital outlay	169,500	200,756		
	9,259,287	8,783,331	475,956	7,855,951
Prisoner Food Services				
Other operating	778,403	688,731		
	778,403	688,731	89,672	559,278
Total Sheriff and Law Enforcement	24,516,351	23,162,954	1,353,397	20,962,097
Emergency Services				
Emergency Services Administration				
Salaries & employee benefits	366,102	362,468		
Other operating	186,918	103,716		
Capital outlay	168,552	189,206		
	721,572	655,390	66,182	490,151
Veterans Services				
Salaries & employee benefits	129,999	127,146		
Other operating	9,650	7,778		
	139,649	134,924	4,725	129,772
Fire Marshal				
Salaries & employee benefits	342,917	337,466		
Other operating	33,693	32,073		
Capital outlay	10,815	10,815		

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

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		2022		i
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
	387,425	380,354	7,071	402,217
Emergency Medical Services				
Salaries & employee benefits	9,179,116	9,000,764		
Other operating	2,286,210	1,866,259		
Capital outlay	2,175,149	1,084,592		
	13,640,475	11,951,615	1,688,860	11,382,190
Animal Control				
Salaries & employee benefits	332,998	285,648		
Other operating	37,800	30,085		
Capital outlay	75,000	-		
, ,	445,798	315,733	130,065	320,348
Animal Shelter				
Salaries & employee benefits	784,933	645,399		
Other operating	311,450	231,174		
Capital outlay	92,318	75,880		
	1,188,701	952,453	236,248	934,029
Total Emergency Services	16,523,620	14,390,469	2,133,151	13,658,707
Communication Center				
Salaries & employee benefits	2,064,021	1,976,239		
Other operating	195,420	165,677		
Capital outlay	-	8,985		
,	2,259,441	2,150,901	108,540	1,985,660
Other Public Safety				
Other operating	1,730,501	704,328	1,026,173	415,949
Total Public Safety	45,029,913	40,408,652	4,621,261	37,022,413
Environmental Protection				
Cooperative Extension				
Salaries & employee benefits	84,557	67,465		
Other operating	385,995	371,745		
Capital outlay		9,960		
	470,552	449,170	21,382	365,210
Soil & Water Conservation				
Salaries & employee benefits	179,481	177,949		
Other operating	92,376	5,871		
Capital outlay		4,855		
	271,857	188,675	83,182	174,617
Forest Ranger				
Other operating	70,923	65,120	5,803	61,218
Total Environmental Protection	813,332	702,965	110,367	601,045
		,	,	

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

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		2022		-
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
Economic and Physical Development				
Technology Information Technology Center				
Salaries & employee benefits	2,299,214	2,243,150		
Other operating	2,194,162	1,889,270		
Capital outlay		6,468		
	4,493,376	4,138,888	354,488	3,896,389
Geospatial Information Services				
Salaries & employee benefits	728,381	698,713		
Other operating	65,165	40,822		
Capital outlay		7,736		
	793,546	747,271	46,275	694,460
Total Technology	5,286,922	4,886,159	400,763	4,590,849
Economic Development and Planning				
Planning & Zoning	400.000	400.005		
Salaries & employee benefits	489,889	436,225		
Other operating	221,465	78,574	400.755	
	711,354	528,599	182,755	519,224
County Parks				
Salaries & employee benefits	980,096	892,402		
Other operating	331,860	329,457		
Capital outlay	83,603	83,551		
	1,395,559	1,305,410	90,149	635,817
Other Economic and Physical Development				
Other operating	9,777,217	7,912,115	1,865,102	6,724,933
Total Economic Development and Planning	11,884,130	9,746,124	2,138,006	7,879,974
Utilities & Engineering				
Utilities & Engineering Administration				
Salaries & employee benefits	165,227	164,308		
Other operating	16,995	6,381 5,018		
Capital outlay	182,222	5,918 176,607	5,615	165,495
		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Building Inspection				
Salaries & employee benefits	2,004,881	1,988,070		
Other operating	494,325	464,035		
Capital outlay	193,528	140,640		
	2,692,734	2,592,745	99,989	2,232,627
Permit Center				
Salaries & employee benefits	376,813	367,589		
Other operating	65,860	51,276		
Capital outlay		12,283		
	442,673	431,148	11,525	355,574

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022		_	
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year	
Local Code Compliance					
Salaries & employee benefits	72,792	70,166			
Other operating	13,135	6,932			
	85,927	77,098	8,829	79,696	
Total Utilities & Engineering	3,403,556	3,277,598	125,958	2,833,392	
Facilities Division					
Construction Manager	440.007	440.400			
Salaries & employee benefits Other operating	140,307 6,400	140,199 3,792			
Capital outlay	-	4,855			
Supriar Suriary	146,707	148,846	(2,139)	130,678	
Garage					
Salaries & employee benefits	288,051	286,461			
Other operating	371,083	333,406			
Capital outlay	29,925	35,118			
	689,059	654,985	34,074	616,051	
General maintenance					
Salaries & employee benefits	825,992	822,193			
Other operating Capital outlay	89,175 92,899	72,486 43,670			
Suprial Sullay	1,008,066	938,349	69,717	873,226	
General Buildings					
Other operating	571,002	481,362			
	571,002	481,362	89,640	485,174	
Justice Buildings					
Other operating	1,438,610	1,279,445			
	1,438,610	1,279,445	159,165	1,218,549	
Library Buildings					
Other operating	132,659	112,608	_		
	132,659	112,608	20,051	100,839	
Leased Buildings					
Other operating	34,395	29,815			
	34,395	29,815	4,580	36,938	
Social Services Buildings					
Other operating	146,725	136,337			
	146,725	136,337	10,388	115,119	
Public Health Buildings	40,400	05 440			
Other operating	43,429	35,110	0.040	05.004	
	43,429	35,110	8,319	35,081	

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022			_
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
Family Services Center				
Other operating	17,785	12,814	4,971	40 444
	17,785	12,814	4,971	10,114
Street Signs				
Other operating	17,500	14,612		
	17,500	14,612	2,888	9,693
Total Facilities Division	4,245,937	3,844,283	401,654	3,631,462
Total Economic & Physical Development	24,820,545	21,754,164	3,066,381	18,935,677
Human Services				
Medical Examiner				
Other operating	200,000	178,950	04.050	470.500
	200,000	178,950	21,050	178,500
Mental Health Services				
General Administration Partners Behavioral Health Management	650,000	681,518		
	650,000	681,518	(31,518)	673,153
Social Services Department Administration Salaries & employee benefits Other operating Non-operating Capital outlay	1,461,017 1,246,577 5,149,537	1,428,387 1,066,678 - 72,070		
	7,857,131	2,567,135	5,289,996	2,245,456
CQI Quality Team Salaries & employee benefits Other operating	779,808 2,000	688,906 69		
, ,	781,808	688,975	92,833	748,862
Child Protective Services Investigations Salaries & employee benefits Other operating Social Services assistance	4,347,831 255,000 500 4,603,331	4,266,906 240,193 - 4,507,099	96,232	4,176,381
Department of Human Resources Teams Salaries & employee benefits Other operating Social Services assistance	133,542 3,000 1,000 137,542	112,273 19 - 112,292	25,250	131,697
Children's Day Care Salaries & employee benefits Other operating	424,704 500	401,338 -		

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

•	n	•	•
Z	u	Z	Z

		2022		_
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
	425,204	401,338	23,866	403,020
Farly Childhood Dovolonment				
Early Childhood Development Other operating	12,000	11,993		
Social Services assistance	108,000	51,314		
	120,000	63,307	56,693	284,357
ADDA D. (
ARRA Project MOVES Social Services assistance				
Social Services assistance				16,000
	_ -	- -	-	16,000
Family Children Teams / Family Preservation				
Salaries & employee benefits	4,294,148	4,203,428		
Social Services assistance	216,500	206,862		
	4,510,648	4,410,290	100,358	4,130,639
Duke Endowment Family Children Project				
Salaries & employee benefits	533,753	482,776		
Other operating	40,500	29,151		
Social Services assistance	9,500	2,499		
	583,753	514,426	69,327	549,300
Teen Up				
Salaries & employee benefits	96,311	83,590		
Other operating	4,900	1,245		
Social Services assistance	29,062	15,002		
	130,273	99,837	30,436	104,969
Community Services Block Grant				
Salaries & employee benefits	197,704	177,180		
Other operating	17,623	6,344		
Social Services assistance	53,405	29,503		
	268,732	213,027	55,705	210,454
Adoptions				
Salaries & employee benefits	1,827,152	1,807,420		
Other operating	5,250	364		
Social Services assistance	45,000	6,789		
	1,877,402	1,814,573	62,829	1,716,047
Doct Adoption State Region				
Post Adoption State Region Salaries & employee benefits	400,845	346,032		
Other operating	28,514	14,815		
Social Services assistance	42,143	15,818		
	471,502	376,665	94,837	431,200
Child Advencey				
Child Advocacy Salaries & employee benefits	511,445	444,349		
Other operating	8,373	6,936		
· -	519,818	451,285	68,533	469,247
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year June 30, 2021

		2022		_
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
FamilyNet Administration				
Salaries & employee benefits	243,473	231,542		
Other operating	154,700	75,850		
Capital outlay Social Services assistance	- 500	6,267 -		
Social Services assistance	398,673	313,659	85,014	314,618
	390,073	313,039	00,014	314,010
FamilyNet In-home Services				
Salaries & employee benefits	241,912	187,945		
Other operating	4,000	576		
	245,912	188,521	57,391	283,779
FamilyNet ECST				
Salaries & employee benefits	500,212	483,275		
Other operating	49,211	24,149		
Capital outlay	-	19,522		
	549,423	526,946	22,477	519,489
Work First				
Salaries & employee benefits	403,992	389,679		
Other operating	1,376,320	1,357,417		
Social Services assistance	603,803	526,024		
	2,384,115	2,273,120	110,995	1,472,259
Office have the heating Oids December				
Office Juvenile Justice Girls Program Other operating	-	-		
, ,	<u> </u>	-	-	703
A 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Administration Group Homes Salaries & employee benefits	_	_		
Other operating	-	-		
, -		_	-	289,741
0.1.5				
Girls Program Other operating	-	_		
care, speraang	-	-	-	785
Boys Program				
Other operating				21,203
	 -			21,203
Office Juvenile Justice Boys Program				
Other operating		<u> </u>		
		-	-	1,805
Adult Services				
Other operating	-	6,611		
Social Services assistance	195,585	130,455		
	405 505	407.000	50.540	400 404

195,585

137,066

58,519

188,404

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
Adult Social Work	1 670 760	4 662 220		
Salaries & employee benefits Other operating	1,673,763 48,100	1,663,329 22,632		
Social Services assistance	16,000	16,798		
	1,737,863	1,702,759	35,104	1,620,294
Medicaid Administration				
Salaries & employee benefits	1,417,807	1,294,045		
Other operating	1,000	476	101.000	4 000 000
	1,418,807	1,294,521	124,286	1,363,388
Transportation	570,004	400 574		
Salaries & employee benefits Other operating	573,991 58,686	496,574 56,383		
Capital outlay	55,000	1,500		
Capital Callary	687,677	554,457	133,220	698,191
Nutrition				
Salaries & employee benefits	528,065	519,468		
Other operating	449,600	381,160		
Capital outlay		3,333		
Social Services assistance	<u>455,261</u> 1,432,926	468,867 1,372,828	60,098	1,104,564
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	
Public Assistance Administration Salaries & employee benefits	2,166,078	2,118,115		
Other operating	18,200	11,854		
. 0	2,184,278	2,129,969	54,309	1,874,509
Food Stamps				
Salaries & employee benefits	2,019,584	1,961,788		
Other operating	42,000	63,250		
	2,061,584	2,025,038	36,546	1,924,856
Child Support				
Salaries & employee benefits	1,450,869	1,371,487		
Other operating	255,000	234,797		
	1,705,869	1,606,284	99,585	1,635,796
General Assistance	000 000	00.704		
Other operating Social Services assistance	206,000 175,000	23,784 93,632		
Social Services assistance	381,000	117,416	263,584	190,204
Dublic Assistance December				
Public Assistance Payments Social Services assistance	1,017,165	715,765		
Costal Colvides assistance	1,017,165	715,765	301,400	798,968
Children's Purchase Services				
Social Services assistance	5,110,246	3,270,541		
	5,110,246	3,270,541	1,839,705	4,404,466

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2022	

		2022		
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
Total Social Services	43,798,267	34,449,139	9,349,128	34,325,651
Public Health Department Health Administration				
Salaries & employee benefits	815,110	810,479		
Other operating	304,790	195,775		
Capital Outlay	-	25,619		
	1,119,900	1,031,873	88,027	936,840
Environmental Health				
Salaries & employee benefits	1,436,084	1,424,523		
Other operating	157,386	150,065		
Capital Outlay		6,819		
	1,593,470	1,581,407	12,063	1,429,133
Maternal Health				
Salaries & employee benefits	-	-		
Other operating Capital Outlay	142,732 	133,053 19,500		
	142,732	152,553	(9,821)	141,430
Pregnancy Care Management				
Salaries & employee benefits	395,611	380,493		
Other operating	15,810	9,217		
	411,421	389,710	21,711	375,340
Laboratory				
Salaries & employee benefits	106,658	105,266		
Other operating	35,890	28,598		
	142,548	133,864	8,684	118,877
Child Health - Smart Start				
Salaries & employee benefits	187,705	185,986		
Other operating	27,206	15,244		
Capital Outlay	244.044	8,186	E 40E	202.670
	214,911	209,416	5,495	203,670
Care Coordination for Children				
Salaries & employee benefits	382,956	369,309		
Other operating	15,018	12,878		
	397,974	382,187	15,787	373,189
School Nurse Fund Initiative				
Salaries & employee benefits	4,333,831	3,463,005		
Other operating	474,911	111,989		
Capital Outlay		21,640		
	4,808,742	3,596,634	1,212,108	2,028,243
Dental Health	40.000	44 704		
Other operating	12,200	11,734		

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2	0	2	2

		LVLL					
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year			
	12,200	11,734	466	9,623			
Bioterrorism Grant							
Salaries & employee benefits	72,028	71,809					
Other operating	5,480 77,508	2,362 74,171	3,337	73,018			
		74,171	0,001	70,010			
OBCM Grant	77,980	77 202					
Salaries & employee benefits Other operating	2,655	77,203 1,933					
, ,	80,635	79,136	1,499	69,606			
Healthy People/Carolinas							
Salaries & employee benefits	71,392	24,558					
Other operating	170,365	34,397					
	241,757	58,955	182,802	79,573			
Healthy Promotion and Strategy							
Salaries & employee benefits	439,280	373,082					
Other operating	112,650	58,024					
	551,930	431,106	120,824	476,062			
Clinical Services							
Salaries & employee benefits	1,816,914	1,743,695					
Other operating	1,023,416	689,079					
Capital outlay	<u>144,155</u> 2,984,485	79,972 2,512,746	471,739	2,552,160			
Women Infants Children Program Salaries & employee benefits	1 017 777	007.456					
Other operating	1,017,777 52,451	907,456 45,018					
Capital outlay		11,541					
	1,070,228	964,015	106,213	959,382			
Total Public Health	13,850,441	11,609,507	2,240,934	9,826,146			
Total Human Services	58,498,708	46,919,114	11,579,594	45,003,450			
Culture and Recreation							
County Library							
Library Administration - Main Library							
Salaries & employee benefits	1,270,821	1,232,939					
Other operating	514,640	425,761					
Capital outlay Non-operating	446,253	35,057 -					
	2,231,714	1,693,757	537,957	1,563,464			
Pop Up Library							
Salaries & employee benefits	85,377	63,449					
Other operating	12,990	8,314					
	98,367	71,763		76,374			

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		_		
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
Sherrills Ford Branch				
Salaries & employee benefits	286,282	272,347		
Other operating	75,552	64,378		
Capital outlay	361,834	8,022 344,747	17,087	330,126
Maiden Branch				
Salaries & employee benefits	95,321	87,916		
Other operating Capital outlay	32,820	24,270 8,022		
Capital Outlay	128,141	120,208	7,933	117,042
		_	_	
St. Stephens Branch	050 045	040.050		
Salaries & employee benefits Other operating	258,615 93,130	216,853 89,298		
Capital Outlay	243,000	29,110		
Capital Callay	594,745	335,261	259,484	330,553
Southwest Branch Library Salaries & employee benefits	224,350	220,434		
Other operating	113,894	54,044		
Capital outlay	-	189,200		
,	338,244	463,678	(125,434)	280,861
Conover Branch Library				
Salaries & employee benefits	124,623	110,395		
Other operating	22,820	17,443		
Capital outlay		8,022		
	147,443	135,860	11,583	121,563
Claremont Branch Library				
Salaries & employee benefits	53,319	52,374		
Other operating	20,440	12,377		
Capital outlay		8,022		
	73,759	72,773	986	64,806
Total County Library	3,974,247	3,238,047	709,596	2,884,789
Arts-Administration				
Other operating	609,910	609,910	_	608,941
Other Cultural	000,510	000,010		000,041
Other operating	115,922	115,922	-	-
Total Cultura and Despection			726 200	2 402 720
Total Culture and Recreation	4,700,079	3,963,879	736,200	3,493,730
Education				
Current expense	00 107 70 :	00.407.70		
Catawba County Schools	28,467,734	28,467,734		
Hickory Public Schools Newton-Conover City Schools	7,211,778 5,212,402	7,211,778 5,212,402		
Catawba Valley Community College	4,837,860	4,837,860		

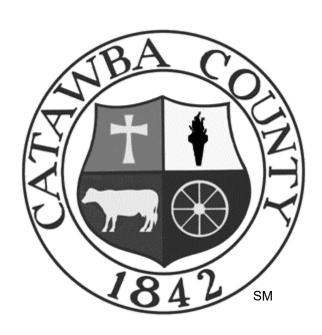
General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022				
	Final Budget	Actuals	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year		
K64 Initiative	1,300,000	1,300,000				
Total Education	47,029,774	47,029,774	-	46,134,748		
Debt Service	44.000.000	11050010				
Principal retirement	14,606,690	14,950,643				
Sinking fund payments	1,853,905	1,853,902				
Interest and other charges	4,019,460	3,835,712				
Bond issuance costs	14,000	7,616				
Total Debt Service	20,494,055	20,647,873	(153,818)	20,890,809		
Total expenditures	218,822,557	195,364,871	23,457,686	186,353,313		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(14,394,795)	21,652,462	36,047,257	17,244,268		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers from						
Hospital Capital Reserve	500.000	500,000	_	500.000		
CARES Act Fund	0	0	_	4,472,297.00		
American Rescue Plan Act Fund	11,276,243	10,938,991	(337,252)			
School Capital Fund	50,000	50,000	-	50,000		
School Construction Fund	406,015	406,015	_	-		
Water and Sewer Fund	384,000	384,000	-	-		
Transfers to						
Reappraisal Fund	(554,946)	(554,946)	_	(535,837)		
Emergency Telephone System	(22,509)	(22,509)	_	(4,333)		
General Capital Projects Fund	(15,469,357)	(15,469,357)	_	(8,222,996)		
Road Improvement Projects Fund	(588,000)	(588,000)	_	(0,,000)		
School Construction Fund	(2,075,000)	(2,075,000)	-	(400,000)		
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	8,075		
Bonds issued	10,757,408	10,757,408	-	-		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(10,757,408)	(10,757,408)	-	-		
Lease liabilities issued	-	1,579,797	1,579,797	-		
Fund Balance appropriated	20,488,348		(20,488,348)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	14,394,794	(4,851,009)	(19,245,803)	(4,132,794)		
Net change in fund balance		16,801,453	16,801,453	13,111,474		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	-	112,624,508				
Fund Balances - End of Year	_	129,425,961				

Tax Reappraisal Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022					Actual Prior		
		Budget	Actual		Over/Under		Year	
Revenues								
Investment earnings	\$		\$	(7,872)	\$	(7,872)		794
Total revenues				(7,872)		(7,872)		794
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
Salaries & employee benefits		501,927		484,713		17,214		
Other operating		84,852		69,116		15,736		
Total expenditures		586,779		553,829		32,950		525,805
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(586,779)		(561,701)		25,078		(525,011)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers from								
General Fund		554,946		554,946		-		
Fund balance appropriated		31,833				(31,833)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		586,779		554,946		(31,833)		558,563
Net change in fund balance	\$			(6,755)	\$	(6,755)		33,552
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				130,395				96,843
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	123,640			\$	130,395



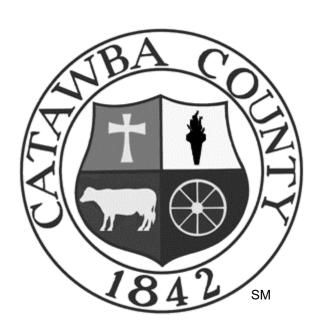
Combining Statements for Nonmajor Funds

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds (Schedule C-1)	Capital Project Funds (Schedule D-1)	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Exhibit 3)
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 4,735,581	\$ 21,150,266	
Taxes receivable - net	92,991	-	92,991
Due from other governments	200,611	2,984,467	3,185,078
Interest receivable Restricted cash and investments	6,832 493,490	29,542 1,816,691	36,374 2,310,181
Total assets	5,529,505	25,980,966	31,510,471
Total assets	5,529,505	25,960,966	31,510,471
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	61,521	539,708	601,229
Advance from grantor payable from restricted assets	512,843		512,843
Total liabilities	574,364	539,708	1,114,072
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Taxes receivable	92,991	-	92,991
Prepaid taxes	7,106		7,106
Total deferred inflows of resources	100,097		100,097
Fund Balances			
Restricted			
Stabilization by State Statute	273,138	3,014,009	3,287,147
Public Safety	2,042,228	-	2,042,228
Fire Protection	2,077,632	-	2,077,632
Library Endowment	197,841	-	197,841
Scholarship	56,244	-	56,244
Parks Preservation	76,104	-	76,104
Community Development	50,694	-	50,694
Representative Payee	104,255	-	104,255
School Construction	, -	1,816,691	1,816,691
Hospital Capital	-	2,230,555	2,230,555
Committed			
Subdivision Road Improvement	-	565,810	565,810
School Capital	-	9,825,269	9,825,269
School Construction	-	7,988,924	7,988,924
Unassigned	(23,092)		(23,092)
Total fund balances	4,855,044	25,441,258	30,296,302
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 5,529,505	\$ 25,980,966	\$ 31,510,471

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Reve	Special enue Funds nedule C-3)	Fui	Project nds ule D-2)	Go	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds Exhibit 4)
Revenues					_	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	10,330,899	\$	-	\$	10,330,899
Other taxes		-		8,406,025		8,406,025
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		1,528,037		-		1,528,037
Permits and fees		511,697		-		511,697
Investment earnings		(145,130)		(722,631)		(867,761)
Miscellaneous		500				500
Total revenues		12,226,003		7,683,394		19,909,397
Expenditures Current						
General government		135,129		_		135,129
Public safety		10,650,657		_		10,650,657
Economic and physical development		140,634		_		140,634
Human services		284,171		-		284,171
Culture and recreation		28,632		-		28,632
Education		354,669		-		354,669
Capital outlay			1	3,821,362		13,821,362
Total expenditures		11,593,892	1	3,821,362		25,415,254
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		632,111	(6,137,968)		(5,505,857)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers from other funds		63,406		2,756,081		2,819,487
Transfers to other funds		(40,897)	(1,049,096)		(1,089,993)
Total other financing sources (uses)		22,509		1,706,985		1,729,494
Net change in fund balance		654,620	(4,430,983)		(3,776,363)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		4,200,424	2	9,872,241		34,072,665
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	4,855,044	\$ 2	5,441,258	\$	30,296,302



Special Revenue Funds

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Major Funds

American Rescue Plan Act Fund -

To account for funds received under the American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act and expenses related to COVID-19 response and recovery.

Non Major Funds

Emergency Telephone System Fund -

Established in accordance with North Carolina law to account for the revenues received by the Communication Center for the 911 charges and the expenditure of those funds for the emergency telephone systems.

Narcotics Seized Funds and Property Fund -

To account for the revenue received by the Sheriff's Department for Drug Reimbursements and the expenditure of those funds to further narcotics enforcement efforts.

State Unauthorized Substance Abuse Fund -

To account for the revenue received by the Sheriff's Department from the controlled substance tax and the expenditure of those funds to deter and investigate drug crimes

Narcotics Seized Justice Fund -

To account for the revenue received by the Sheriff's Department received through the Federal asset Sharing and Forfeiture Program as a result of Federal level narcotics investigations.

Narcotics Seized Treasury Fund -

To account for the revenue received by the Sheriff's Department received through the Federal asset Sharing and Forfeiture Program as a result of Federal level narcotics investigations.

Rescue Squads Fund -

To account for the accumulation of funds for the financing of future capital needs of the six rescue squads within the County.

Library Endowment Fund -

To account for donations that are stipulated for the purchase of library books.

Gretchen Peed Scholarship Fund -

To account for donations that are stipulated for scholarships.

Parks/Historic Preservation Trust Fund -

To account for donations and other funds that are stipulated for park expenditures.

Community Development Fund -

To account for the accumulation of various grants for the financing of critical housing needs for low-income families and other community projects.

Fines and Forfeitures Fund -

To account for various legal fines and forfeitures the County is required to remit to local school systems.

Opioid Settlement Fund

To account for revenues received from the NC Opioid Settlement to support treatment, recovery, harm reduction, and other life-saving programs and services in the county.

DSS Representative Payee Fund -

To account for funds received and distributed to benefit beneficiaries under the Social Security's Representative Payee Program.

Deeds of Trust Fund -

To account for the state portion of revenue from the filing of deeds of trusts and mortgages.

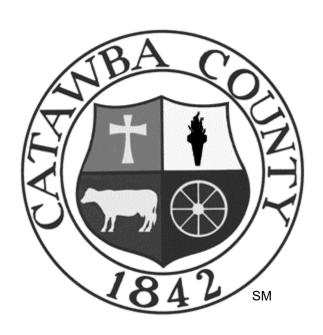
Fire District Funds -

The County maintains fourteen separate fire district funds under its budgetary control to account for tax receipts and disbursements to the fire districts.

American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Project Authorization		Pric	or Years	<u>C</u>	urrent Year	Total to Date	Over/Under
Revenues								
Intergovernmental revenue								
Federal grants	\$ 22	2,232,943	\$	-	\$	10,954,091	\$ 10,954,091	\$ (11,278,852)
Investment earnings		-		(15,577)		(255,049)	<u>\$ (270,626)</u>	(270,626)
Total revenues	22	2,232,943		(15,577)		10,699,042	\$ 10,683,465	(11,549,478)
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety		95,000		-		15,100	15,100	79,900
Total expenditures		95,000				15,100	15,100	79,900
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	22	2,137,943		(15,577)		10,683,942	10,668,365	(11,469,578)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers to		-		-		_		-
General Fund	(10),598,943)		_		(10,938,991)	(10,938,991)	(340,048)
Water and Sewer Capital Fund	•	,539,000)		-		-	-	11,539,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,137,943)				(10,938,991)	(10,938,991)	11,198,952
Net change in fund balance				(15,577)		(255,049)		(270,626)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year						(15,577)		
Fund Balances - End of Year					\$	(270,626)		

Refer to Note 2 in the notes to the financial statements



	T	Emergency Telephone System Fund		cotics eized ds And erty Fund	Una Su	State uthorized bstance use Fund		larcotics Seized stice Fund
Assets	Ф	1 005 071	ф.	608	φ.	E0 000		400 740
Cash and investments Taxes receivable - net	\$	1,265,271	\$	608	\$	59,283		428,743
Restricted cash and investments		_		-		-		_
Due from other governments		84,662				2,919		
Interest receivable		1,704		- 1		2,919 77		547
Total assets	-	1,351,637		609		62,279	-	429,290
, 514. 455515		.,00.,00.				02,2.0		,
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		16,900		-		-		-
Advance from grantor payable from								
restricted assets					-			-
Total liabilities		16,900						
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		_
Prepaid taxes		-		-		-		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances								
Restricted								
Stabilization by State Statute		86,366		1		24,155		29,047
Public Safety		1,248,371		608		38,124		400,243
Fire Protection		-		-		-		-
Library Endowment		-		-		-		-
Scholarship		-		-		-		-
Parks Preservation		-		-		-		-
Community Development		-		-		-		-
Unassigned					-			
Representative Payee		<u>-</u>			-	<u> </u>		-
Total fund balances		1,334,737		609		62,279		429,290
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	1,351,637	\$	609	\$	62,279	\$	429,290

	Narcotics Seized Treasury Fund	Seized Squads			Library dowment Fund	Sch	retchen Peed nolarship Fund	Parks/ Historic Preservation Fund	
Assets Cash and investments	151 071	\$	222,647	\$	197,841	\$	56,244	\$	76,104
Taxes receivable - net	151,271	Φ	222,047	Φ	197,041	Ф	30,244	Ф	70,104
Restricted cash and investments			_		_		_		_
Due from other governments	235		6,981		_		_		_
Interest receivable	182		458		276		78		52
Total assets	151,688		230,086		198,117		56,322		76,156
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,000		-		-		-		-
Advance from grantor payable from									
restricted assets					-		-		
Total liabilities	3,000								
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Taxes receivable	-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid taxes					-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources									
Fund Balances									
Restricted									
Stabilization by State Statute	16,452		7,440		276		78		52
Public Safety	132,236		222,646		-		-		-
Fire Protection	-		-				-		-
Library Endowment	-		-		197,841		-		-
Scholarship Parks Preservation	-		-		-		56,244		- 76,104
Community Development	-		-		-		-		70,104
Unassigned									
_			 _				 _		 _
Representative Payee Total fund balances	148,688	_	230,086		198,117		56,322		76,156
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances	\$ 151,688	\$	230,086	\$	198,117	\$	56,322	\$	76,156

	mmunity elopment Fund	Fines and Forfeitures Fund	pioid ttlement Fund
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 50,694	26,791	\$ -
Taxes receivable - net	-	-	
Restricted cash and investments	-	-	\$ 493,490
Due from other governments	1,715	5,703	
Interest receivable	 50		 687
Total assets	 52,459	32,494	 494,177
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	30,530	
Advance from grantor payable from			
restricted assets	 	-	 512,843
Total liabilities	 	30,530	 512,843
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Taxes receivable	-	-	-
Prepaid taxes	_	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -	-	-
Fund Balances			
Restricted			
Stabilization by State Statute	1,765	5,703	687
Public Safety	-	3,. 33	
Fire Protection	-	-	
Library Endowment	-	-	
Scholarship	-	-	
Parks Preservation	-	-	
Community Development	50,694	-	
Unassigned	-	(3,739)	(19,353)
Representative Payee	 		
Total fund balances	 52,459	1,964	 (18,666)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources and fund balances	\$ 52,459	\$ 32,494	\$ 494,177

	Representative Payee Fund	Deed of Trust Fund	Fire District Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Assets	404.055	44.070	Φ 0.004.750	φ 4.705.504
Cash and investments	104,255	11,073	\$ 2,084,756	\$ 4,735,581
Taxes receivable - net	-	-	92,991	92,991
Restricted cash and investments	-	-	-	493,490
Due from other governments	-	-	98,396	200,611
Interest receivable	404.055	44.070	2,720	6,832
Total assets	104,255	11,073	2,278,863	5,529,505
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	11,073	18	61,521
Advance from grantor payable from				
restricted assets			-	512,843
Total liabilities		11,073	18	574,364
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Taxes receivable	-	-	92,991	92,991
Prepaid taxes	-	-	7,106	7,106
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u> </u>		100,097	100,097
Fund Balances				
Restricted				
Stabilization by State Statute	_	_	101,116	273,138
Public Safety	-	_	-	2,042,228
Fire Protection	-	-	2,077,632	2,077,632
Library Endowment	-	-	-	197,841
Scholarship	-	-	-	56,244
Parks Preservation	-	-	-	76,104
Community Development	-	-	-	50,694
Unassigned			-	(23,092)
Representative Payee	104,255		<u> </u>	104,255
Total fund balances	104,255		2,178,748	4,855,044
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$ 104,255	\$ 11,073	\$ 2,278,863	\$ 5,529,505

Fire District Funds Subcombining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	Fire	tain View District Fund	Propst Fire District Fund		Stephens e District Fund			Oxford e District Fund
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	48,269	\$ 103,274	\$	99,395	\$	370,982	\$ 122,688
Taxes receivable - net		4,675	3,122		11,210		2,264	4,839
Due from other governments		7,650	3,048		16,843		1,719	5,044
Interest receivable		58	139		125		512	 164
Total assets		60,652	 109,583		127,573		375,477	 132,735
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-	 -		-			 -
Total liabilities			 -		-		<u>-</u>	
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Taxes receivable		4,675	3,122		11,210		2,264	4,839
Prepaid taxes		731	111		8		54	 319
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,406	 3,233		11,218		2,318	 5,158
Fund Balances Restricted								
Stabilization by State Statute		7,708	3,187		16,968		2,231	5,208
Fire Protection		47,538	 103,163		99,387		370,928	 122,369
Unassigned		-	-		-		-	-
Total fund balances		55,246	 106,350		116,355		373,159	 127,577
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	60,652	\$ 109,583	\$	127,573	\$	375,477	\$ 132,735

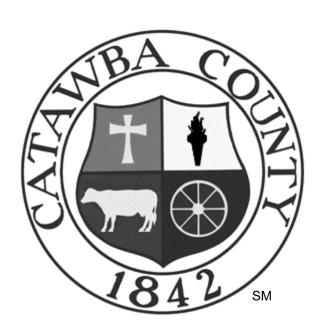
CATAWBA COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Fire District Funds Subcombining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	 rrills Ford e District Fund		Bandys e District Fund	Maiden Fire District Fund		Claremont Fire District Fund		atawba District Fund
Assets		'		 	,			
Cash and investments	\$ 614,028	\$	179,078	\$ 143,919	\$	94,480	\$	64,889
Taxes receivable - net	25,016		12,005	3,414		6,165		5,242
Due from other governments	23,453		11,033	3,259		5,402		3,034
Interest receivable	 790		218	 191		125		79
Total assets	 663,287		202,334	 150,783		106,172		73,244
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u> </u>			 		-		
Total liabilities	 			 				-
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Taxes receivable	25,016		12,005	3,414		6,165		5,242
Prepaid taxes	2,081		73	-		290		1,209
Total deferred inflows of resources	27,097		12,078	3,414		6,455		6,451
Fund Balances Restricted								
Stabilization by State Statute	24,243		11,251	3,450		5,527		3,113
Fire Protection	611,947		179,005	 143,919		94,190		63,680
Unassigned	-		-	-		-		-
Total fund balances	 636,190		190,256	 147,369		99,717		66,793
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$ 663,287	\$	202,334	\$ 150,783	\$	106,172	\$	73,244

Fire District Funds Subcombining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	Fire	Long View Fire District Fund		Fire District		Fire District		rton Rural e District Fund	Cooksville Fire District Fund		Hickory Rural Fire District Fund		Fi	Total Fire District Funds	
Assets															
Cash and investments	\$	26,711	\$	78,367	\$	89,979	\$	48,697	\$	2,084,756					
Taxes receivable - net		470		5,693		2,382		6,494		92,991					
Due from other governments		350		9,199		1,540		6,822		98,396					
Interest receivable		37		95		122		65		2,720					
Total assets		27,568		93,354		94,023		62,078	_	2,278,863					
Liabilities															
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		18				_		_		18					
Total liabilities		18		-				-	_	18					
Deferred Inflows of Resources															
Taxes receivable		470		5,693		2,382		6,494		92,991					
Prepaid taxes		-		1,913		67		250		7,106					
Total deferred inflows of resources		470		7,606		2,449		6,744	_	100,097					
Fund Balances Restricted															
Stabilization by State Statute		387		9,294		1,662		6,887		101,116					
Fire Protection		26,693		76,454		89,912		48,447		2,077,632					
Unassigned		_		-		-		-		_					
Total fund balances		27,080		85,748		91,574		55,334	_	2,178,748					
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of															
resources and fund balances	\$	27,568	\$	93,354	\$	94,023	\$	62,078	\$	2,278,863					



Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Te	nergency elephone etem Fund	Narco Seiz Funds Propert	ed and	Sta Unauth Subst Abuse	orized ance	Narcotics Seized Justice Fund		
Revenues									
Ad valorem taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		740,568		-		31,232		232,444	
Permits and fees		-		-		-			
Investment earnings		(42,629)		(10)		(1,816)		2,095	
Miscellaneous		_		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			
Total revenues		697,939		(10)		29,416		234,539	
Expenditures									
Current									
General government		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		490,471		-		106,205		1,000	
Economic and physical development		-		-		-		-	
Human services		-		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-	
Education		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>	
Total expenditures		490,471		<u>-</u>		106,205		1,000	
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures		207,468		(10)		(76,789)		233,539	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers from other funds		22,509		-		-		36,353	
Transfers to other funds		-		(40,897)		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		22,509	-	(40,897)				36,353	
Net change in fund balance		229,977		(40,907)		(76,789)		269,892	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		1,104,760		41,516		139,068		159,398	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	1,334,737	\$	609	\$	62,279	\$	429,290	

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Narcotics Seized Treasury Fund	Rescue Squads Fund	Library Endowment Fund	Gretchen Peed Scholarship Fund	Parks/ Historic Preservation Fund
Revenues					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ 844,892	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	85,033	-	8,110	-	-
Permits and fees		-	- ()	- (4.00=)	21,449
Investment earnings	822	(11,735)	(6,734)	(1,927)	(1,161)
Miscellaneous			-	500	
Total revenues	85,855	833,157	1,376	(1,427)	20,288
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	26,385	939,282	-	-	-
Economic and physical development	-	-	-	-	-
Human services		-	-	1,000	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	28,632	-	-
Total expenditures	26,385	939,282	28,632	1,000	
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	59,470	(106,125)	(27,256)	(2,427)	20,288
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from other funds	4,544	-	-	-	-
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,544				
Net change in fund balance	64,014	(106,125)	(27,256)	(2,427)	20,288
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	84,674	336,211	225,373	58,749	55,868
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 148,688	\$ 230,086	\$ 198,117	\$ 56,322	\$ 76,156

Schedule C-3 Page 3 of 4

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Community Development Fund	Fines and Forfeitures Fund	Opioid Settlement Fund
Revenues			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	-	
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	172,528	-	
Permits and fees	-	355,119	
Investment earnings	244	-	(18,666)
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>
Total revenues	172,772	355,119	(18,666)
Expenditures			
Current			
General government	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-
Economic and physical development	140,634	-	-
Human services	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-
Education		354,669	
Total expenditures	140,634	354,669	_
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	32,138	450	(18,666)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers from other funds	-		
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balance	32,138	450	(18,666)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	20,321	1,514	_
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 52,459	\$ 1,964	\$ (18,666)

Refer to Note 17 in the notes to the financial statements for Opioid Settlement Fund

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Representative Payee Fund	Deed of Trust Fund	Fire District Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes	-	-	\$ 9,486,007	\$ 10,330,899
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	258,122	-	-	1,528,037
Permits and fees	-	135,129	-	511,697
Investment earnings	-	-	(63,613)	(145,130)
Miscellaneous				500
Total revenues	258,122	135,129	9,422,394	12,226,003
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	-	135,129	-	135,129
Public safety	-	-	9,087,314	10,650,657
Economic and physical development	-	-	-	140,634
Human services	283,171	-	-	284,171
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	28,632
Education				354,669
Total expenditures	283,171	135,129	9,087,314	11,593,892
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	(25,049)		335,080	632,111
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers from other funds			-	63,406
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	(40,897)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-			22,509
Net change in fund balance	(25,049)	-	335,080	654,620
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	129,304		1,843,668	4,200,424
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 104,255	\$ -	\$ 2,178,748	\$ 4,855,044

Emergency Telephone System Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022							
								tual Prior
		Budget		Actual	Ove	er/Under	Year	
Revenues								
Restricted intergovernmental revenues								
North Carolina 911 funds	\$	611,005	\$	675,787	\$	64,782	\$	786,709
North Carolina 911 funds - secondary PSAP		64,782		64,781		(1)		109,865
Investment earnings		-		(42,629)		(42,629)		(403)
Total revenues		675,787	_	697,939		22,152		896,171
Expenditures								
Current								
Public Safety								
Implemental functions		26,000		19,684		6,316		22,470
Telephone and furniture		210,900		100,008		110,892		281,417
Software		211,300		145,049		66,251		292,282
Hardware		85,425		148,173		(62,748)		72,857
Training		21,490		12,776		8,714		6,324
Secondary PSAP		64,782		64,781		1		109,865
Miscellaneous		88,599		-		88,599		-
Total expenditures		708,496		490,471		218,025		785,215
Total Oxportation	-	700,100		100,111		210,020		100,210
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(32,709)		207,468		240,177		110,956
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers from								
General Fund		22,509		22,509		_		4,333
Transfers to	-							<u> </u>
General Fund		-		-		-		-
Fund balance appropriated		10,200				(10,200)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		32,709		22,509		(10,200)		4,333
Net change in fund balance	\$			229,977	\$	229,977		115,289
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				1,104,760				989,471
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	1,334,737			\$	1,104,760

CATAWBA COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Schedule C-4A

Emergency Telephone System Unspent Fund Balance PSAP Reconciliation June 30, 2022

Amounts reported on the Emergency Telephone System Fund- Budget to Actual (Schedule C-4)
are different from the PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report because:

are different from the PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report because:	
Net Change in Fund Balance, reported on Budget to Actual Schedule	\$ 229,977
Secondary PSAP Pass Through Funding NC 911 Funds Pass through to Secondary PSAPs	(64,781) 64,781
Ineligible 911 expenses reported in Emergency Telephone System Fund in prior year recovered through transfer from General Fund	-
Transfer from General Fund	(22,509)
Net change in fund balance	 207,468
Beginning Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report	 1,127,268
Ending Balance, PSAP Revenue- Expenditure Report	\$ 1,334,736

Narcotics Seized Funds and Property Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Dudget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual Prior	
Barrana	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Year	
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
U. S. Treasury					
Asset Forfeitures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Investment earnings	- -	(10)	(10)	2	
Total revenues	<u> </u>	(10)	(10)	2	
Expenditures					
Current					
Public Safety					
Other operating					
Total expenditures					
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u> </u>	(10)	(10)	2	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Fund balance appropriated Transfers to	40,897	-	(40,897)	-	
Other funds	(40,897)	(40,897)	-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>	(40,897)	(40,897)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(40,907)	\$ (40,907)	2	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		41,516		41,514	
Fund Balances - End of Year		\$ 609		\$ 41,516	

State Unauthorized Substance Abuse Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		2022		
				Actual Prior
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Year
Revenues				
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	•			
Drug Reimbursement	\$ -	\$ 31,232	\$ 31,232	\$ 24,899
Investment earnings		(1,816)	(1,816)	(27)
Sale of properties	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous				
Total revenues	-	29,416	29,416	24,872
Expenditures				
Current				
Public Safety				
Other operating	15,636	8,500	7,136	16,192
Capital outlay	118,864	97,705	21,159	
Total expenditures	134,500	106,205	28,295	16,192
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(134,500)	(76,789)	57,711	8,680
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers from				
General Fund	-	-	-	-
Fund balance appropriated	134,500	<u> </u>	(134,500)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	134,500		(134,500)	
Net change in fund balance	<u> - </u>	(76,789)	\$ (76,789)	8,680
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		139,068		130,388
Fund Balances - End of Year		\$ 62,279		\$ 139,068

CATAWBA COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Narcotics Federal Seizure Justice Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		2022						Actual Dries		
	P	Budget	Actual		Over/Under		Actual Prior Year			
Revenues		Daaget		Actual		Over/Orider		ı cai		
Restricted intergovernmental revenues										
Asset Forfeitures	\$	-	\$	232,444	\$	232,444	\$	16,186		
Investment earnings		-		2,095		2,095		175		
Total revenues				234,539		234,539		16,361		
Expenditures										
Current										
Public Safety										
Other operating		41,000		1,000		40,000		16,492		
Total expenditures		41,000		1,000		40,000		16,492		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(41,000)		233,539		274,539		(131)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers from										
Other funds		36,353		36,353		-		-		
Fund balance appropriated		4,647		-		(4,647)		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		41,000		36,353		(4,647)				
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>			269,892	\$	269,892		(131)		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				159,398				159,529		
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	429,290			\$	159,398		

Narcotics Federal Seizure Treasury Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

2022 **Actual Prior Budget Actual** Over/Under Year Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues 85,033 \$ 61,656 Asset Forfeitures \$ 85,033 Investment earnings 822 822 (124)Total revenues 85,855 85,855 61,532 **Expenditures** Current **Public Safety** Other operating 43,350 26,385 16,965 13,471 Total expenditures 43,350 26,385 16,965 13,471 (43,350)59,470 102,820 48,061 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from Other funds 4,544 4,544 0 (38,806)Fund balance appropriated 38,806 Total other financing sources (uses) 4,544 43,350 (38,806)Net change in fund balance 64,014 64,014 48,061 Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 84,674 36,613 Fund Balances - End of Year 148,688 84,674

Rescue Squads Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022							
	Decident		Actual		Over/Under		Actual Prior Year	
Barrana	-	Budget		Actual		/er/Under		Year
Revenues Ad valorem taxes Investment earnings	\$	844,892	\$	844,892 (11,735)	\$	- (11,735)	\$	844,892 (354)
Total revenues		844,892		833,157		(11,735)		844,538
Expenditures								
Public Safety								
Other operating		944,892		939,282		5,610		996,073
Total expenditures		944,892		939,282		5,610		996,073
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(100,000)		(106,125)		(6,125)		(151,535)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Fund balance appropriated		100,000				(100,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	100,000		-		(100,000)	-	
Net change in fund balance	\$			(106,125)	\$	(106,125)		(151,535)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				336,211				487,746
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	230,086			\$	336,211

Library Endowment Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022								
			Astront				Actual Prior		
_		Budget		Actual	Ov	er/Under		Year	
Revenues			_		_		_		
Community Foundation	\$	8,487	\$	8,110	\$	(377)	\$	22,828	
Investment earnings		1,000		(6,734)		(7,734)		(7)	
Total revenues		9,487		1,376		(8,111)		22,821	
		-							
Expenditures									
Culture and recreation									
Other operating		50,513		28,632		21,881		2,884	
Total expenditures		50,513		28,632		21,881		2,884	
·					-			<u> </u>	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(41,026)		(27,256)		13,770		19,937	
, ,			_	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfer from other funds		-		-		-		-	
Fund balance appropriated		41,026				(41,026)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		41,026		-		(41,026)		-	
G , ,									
Net change in fund balance	\$	_		(27,256)	\$	(27,256)		19,937	
	<u>*</u>			(=: ,===)	<u> </u>	(=:,===)		.0,00.	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				225,373				205,436	
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	198,117			\$	225,373	

Gretchen Peed Scholarship Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022						Actual Prior		
	В	Budget Actual		Over/Under		Year			
Revenues					, <u> </u>				
Investment earnings	\$	250	\$	(1,927)	\$	(2,177)	\$	2	
Miscellaneous									
Donations		1,250		500		(750)		-	
Total revenues		1,500		(1,427)		(2,927)		2	
Expenditures									
Human services									
Scholarship awards		1,500		1,000		500		-	
Total expenditures		1,500		1,000		500			
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		<u>-</u>		(2,427)		(2,427)		2	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Fund balance appropriated						-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		-							
Net change in fund balance	\$			(2,427)	\$	(2,427)		2	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				58,749				58,747	
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	56,322			\$	58,749	

Parks/Historic Preservation Trust Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

				_	Actual Prior
	Budget		Actual	Over/Under	Year
Revenues					
Licenses and permits					
Developer fee		-	21,449	21,449	32,673
Investment earnings		-	(1,161	(1,161)	(177)
Miscellaneous					
Miscellaneous					200
Total revenues		<u>-</u>	20,288	20,288	32,696
Expenditures					
Economic and physical development					
Other operating		<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		<u>-</u>	-		-
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		<u>-</u>	20,288	20,288	32,696
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Fund balance appropriated		- -	-	-	_
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>	-		
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>	20,288	\$ 20,288	32,696
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year			55,868		23,172
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$ 76,156		\$ 55,868

CATAWBA COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Community Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Actual							
NC Housing Trust Fund (NCHFA) 2020 Urgent Repair Program (URP 2002)	Project Authorization				Current Year		То	tal to Date	Over/Under	
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$	100,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	100,000	\$	
Investment earnings		-		98	_	67		165		165
Total revenues		100,000		50,098		50,067		100,165		
Expenditures Economic and physical development										
Administration		14,000		-		11,592		11,592		2,408
Rehabilitation		86,000		29,777		58,796		88,573		(2,573)
Total expenditures		100,000		29,777		70,388		100,165		(165)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures				20,321		(20,321)		<u>-</u> .		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Fund balance appropriated										
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	20,321		(20,321)	\$		\$	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year						20,321				
Fund Balances - End of Year					\$	_				

			Actual							
NC Housing Trust Fund (NCHFA) 2021 Urgent Repair Program (URP 2103)	Project Authorization			Prior Years	Current Year		Total to Date		Over/Under	
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues Investment earnings Total revenues	\$	100,000	\$	- - -	\$	100,000 177 100,177	\$	100,000 177 100,177	\$	- 177 -
Expenditures Economic and physical development		40.000				0				40,000
Administration Rehabilitation		12,000 88,000		<u> </u>		0 <u>44,718</u>		- 44,718		12,000 43,282
Total expenditures		100,000	_			44,718		44,718		55,282
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures						55,459		55,459		55,459
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Fund balance appropriated										
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	-		55,459	\$	55,459	\$	55,459
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year										
Fund Balances - End of Year					\$	55,459				

Community Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Actual							
NC Scattered Site Housing Grant Number 19-C-3125	Project Authorization		Prior	Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date		ver/Under
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$	750,000	\$	_	\$	22,528	\$	22,528	\$	(727,472)
Total revenues		750,000	<u></u>	-	_	22,528		22,528	_	(727,472)
Expenditures Economic and physical development										
Administration		65,000		_		21,928		21,928		43,072
Rehabilitation		682,000		_		600		600		681,400
Planning		3,000		_		3,000		3,000		-
Total expenditures		750,000		-		25,528		25,528		724,472
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures						(3,000)		(3,000)	_	(3,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Fund balance appropriated										
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			(3,000)	\$	(3,000)	\$	(3,000)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year										
Fund Balances - End of Year					\$	(3,000)				

Fines and Forfeitures Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

				2022				
							Ac	tual Prior
		Budget		Actual	0	/er/Under		Year
Revenues								
Sales and services Penalties, fines and forfeitures	\$	545,832	\$	355,119	\$	190,713	\$	343,423
Investment earnings	Ψ	J4J,0J2 -	Ψ	-	Ψ	190,713	Ψ	-
Total revenues		545,832	-	355,119	-	190,713	-	343,423
Total Teverides		343,032		333,113		190,713		343,423
Expenditures								
Education								
Payments of penalties, fines and forfeitures to								
local Boards of Education		545,832		354,669		191,163		342,886
Total expenditures		545,832		354,669		191,163		342,886
Total experiationes		040,002	-	004,000		101,100	-	042,000
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures				450		450		537
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Fund balance appropriated								-
Total other financing sources (uses)				-		-		-
Net change in fund balance	\$			450		450	\$	537
Find Delenge hadinging as previously reported								
Fund Balance, beginning, as previously reported principle				-				- 977
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				1,514				
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	1,964			\$	1,514

Opioid Settlement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Actual		
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Over/Under
Revenues					
Opioid Settlement Funds			\$ -		\$ -
Investment earnings			(18,666)	(18,666)	(18,666)
Total revenues	-		(18,666)	(18,666)	(18,666)
Expenditures					
Human Services					
Other operating					
Total expenditures					
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures			(18,666)	(18,666)	(18,666)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Fund balance appropriated					
Total other financing sources (uses)					
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	(18,666)		\$ (18,666)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year					
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$ (18,666)		

Representative Payee Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022
With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

				2022				
							Ac	tual Prior
		Budget		Actual	0	/er/Under		Year
Revenues								
Intergovernmental revenue	•	400.000	•	050 400	•	444.070	•	005 700
Representative payee funds	\$	400,000	\$	258,122	\$	141,878	\$	295,763
Investment earnings		-		 _		-	\$	<u> </u>
Total revenues		400,000		258,122		141,878		295,763
Expenditures								
Human Services								
Payments made for the benefit of beneficiaries		400,000		283,171		116,829		270,211
Total expenditures		400,000		283,171		116,829		270,211
5				(25.040)		(25.040)		05 550
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures				(25,049)		(25,049)		25,552
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Fund balance appropriated								
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	<u>-</u>				
Net change in fund balance	\$	_		(25,049)		(25,049)	\$	25,552
Fund Balance, beginning, as previously reported Prior period restatement - change in accounting				-				
principle								103,752
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				129,304				<u>-</u>
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	104,255			\$	129,304

Deed of Trust Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		2022	۸۵۰	Actual Prior		
	Budget	Actual	Ov	er/Under	AC	Year
Revenues Permits and fees						
Register of Deeds Investment earnings	\$ 125,000	\$ 135,129	\$	(10,129)	\$ \$	129,363
Total revenues	125,000	 135,129		(10,129)	<u>*</u>	129,363
Expenditures General Government						
Payment of fees collected to the State of North Carolina	125,000	135,129		(10,129)		129,363
Total expenditures	125,000	 135,129		(10,129)		129,363
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 	 				
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Fund balance appropriated	_	_		-		_
Total other financing sources (uses)	 	 		<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	-	\$		\$	-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		 				
Fund Balances - End of Year		\$ -			\$	-

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Fire District Funds Subcombining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Mountain View Fire District Fund		Propst Fire District Fund		St. Stephens Fire District Fund		Conover Rural Fire District Fund		Oxford re District Fund
Revenues Ad valorem taxes Investment earnings	\$ 606,890 (1,170)	\$	248,435 (3,320)	\$	1,228,413 (2,597)	\$	131,745 (12,775)	\$	366,936 (3,898)
Total revenues	 605,720	_	245,115		1,225,816	_	118,970		363,038
Expenditures									
Current									
Public safety	603,369		235,430		1,222,796		-		348,208
Total expenditures	603,369		235,430	_	1,222,796		<u>-</u>		348,208
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	 2,351		9,685	_	3,020		118,970		14,830
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers from other funds	-		-		-		-		-
Transfers to other funds	_		_		_		_		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	_			-		-		
Net change in fund balance	2,351		9,685		3,020		118,970		14,830
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 52,895		96,665	_	113,335		254,189	_	112,747
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 55,246	\$	106,350	\$	116,355	\$	373,159	\$	127,577

Fire District Funds Subcombining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 errills Ford re District Fund		Bandys e District Fund	-	Maiden e District Fund	 aremont e District Fund	_	Catawba e District Fund
Revenues Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,367,406	\$	921,652	\$	275,565	\$ 402,150	\$	284,616
Investment earnings	 (18,407)		(5,053)		(4,629)	 (2,903)		(1,695)
Total revenues	 3,348,999		916,599		270,936	 399,247		282,921
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety	3,185,311		860,146		243,078	382,982		356,268
Total expenditures	3,185,311		860,146		243,078	 382,982		356,268
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	 163,688		56,453		27,858	 16,265	_	(73,347)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers from other funds	_		-		-	-		-
Transfers to other funds	_		_		-	_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		_			<u>-</u>		_
Net change in fund balance	163,688		56,453		27,858	16,265		(73,347)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 472,502	_	133,803		119,511	 83,452		140,140
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 636,190	\$	190,256	\$	147,369	\$ 99,717	\$	66,793

Schedule C-18 Page 3 of 3

Fire District Funds Subcombining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Fire	Long View Fire District Fund		Newton Rural Fire District Fund		Cooksville Fire District Fund		Hickory Rural Fire District Fund		Total ire District Funds
Revenues Ad valorem taxes Investment earnings	\$	35,006 (902)	\$	777,894 (2,018)	\$	133,999 (2,955)	\$	705,300 (1,291)	\$	9,486,007 (63,613)
Total revenues		34,104		775,876		131,044		704,009		9,422,394
Expenditures Current										
Public safety		34,275		778,829		136,203		700,419		9,087,314
Total expenditures		34,275		778,829		136,203		700,419		9,087,314
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures		(171)		(2,953)		(5,159)		3,590		335,080
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		- -		- -		- -		- -		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		(171)		(2,953)		(5,159)		3,590		335,080
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		27,251		88,701		96,733		51,744		1,843,668
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	27,080	\$	85,748	\$	91,574	\$	55,334	\$	2,178,748

Mountain View Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022							tual Prior
		Budget		Actual	Over/Under			Year
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	581,854	\$	606,890	\$	25,036	\$	603,129
Investment earnings				(1,170)		(1,170)		177
Total revenues		581,854		605,720		23,866		603,306
Expenditures								
Public safety								
Transmitted to fire department		603,369		603,369		-		601,452
Total expenditures		603,369		603,369				601,452
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(21,515)	_	2,351		23,866		1,854
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Fund balance appropriated		21,515				(21,515)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		21,515	_			(21,515)		
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>		2,351	\$	2,351		1,854
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				52,895				51,041
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	55,246			\$	52,895

Propst Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022							Actual Prior		
		Budget		Actual		Over/Under		Year		
Revenues										
Ad valorem taxes	\$	235,430	\$	248,435	\$	13,005	\$	244,743		
Investment earnings				(3,320)		(3,320)		62		
Total revenues		235,430		245,115		9,685		244,805		
Expenditures										
Public safety										
Transmitted to fire department		235,430		235,430		-		246,047		
Total expenditures		235,430		235,430				246,047		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures				9,685		9,685		(1,242)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Fund balance appropriated		-		-		-		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_									
Net change in fund balance	\$			9,685	\$	9,685		(1,242)		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				96,665				97,907		
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	106,350			\$	96,665		

St. Stephens Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Actual Prior
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Year
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,178,282	\$ 1,228,413	\$ 50,131	\$ 1,223,004
Investment earnings		(2,597)	(2,597)	333
Total revenues	1,178,282	1,225,816	47,534	1,223,337
Expenditures				
Public safety				
Transmitted to fire department	1,222,796	1,222,796		1,208,679
Total expenditures	1,222,796	1,222,796		1,208,679
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(44,514)	3,020	47,534	14,658
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Fund balance appropriated	44,514		(44,514)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	44,514	-	(44,514)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	3,020	\$ 3,020	14,658
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		113,335		98,677
Fund Balances - End of Year		116,355		113,335

Conover Rural Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022							tual Prior
		Budget		Actual	Over/Under		AC	Year
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	127,258	\$	131,745	\$	4,487	\$	131,117
Investment earnings		-		(12,775)		(12,775)		(88)
Total revenues		127,258		118,970		(8,288)		131,029
Expenditures								
Public safety								
Transmitted to fire department		127,258		-		127,258		
Total expenditures		127,258				127,258		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		118,970		118,970		131,029
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Fund balance appropriated		-		-				
Total other financing sources (uses)								
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>			118,970	\$	118,970		131,029
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				254,189				123,160
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	373,159			\$	254,189

Oxford Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			to al Dalan				
		Budget	Actual	Over/Under		AC	tual Prior Year
Revenues		Daaget	 Hotaui				- roui
Ad valorem taxes	\$	348,208	\$ 366,936	\$	18,728	\$	363,206
Investment earnings			 (3,898)		(3,898)		105
Total revenues		348,208	 363,038		14,830		363,311
Expenditures							
Public safety							
Transmitted to fire department		348,208	 348,208				343,990
Total expenditures		348,208	 348,208				343,990
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		<u>-</u>	 14,830		14,830		19,321
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Fund balance appropriated			 				
Total other financing sources (uses)			 				
Net change in fund balance	\$		14,830	\$	14,830		19,321
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year			 112,747				93,426
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$ 127,577			\$	112,747

Sherrills Ford Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Astro-I Dolon	
	Pudget	Actual Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
	Budget	Actual Over/Orider	Tear
Revenues			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,185,311	\$ 3,367,406 \$ 182,095	\$ 3,281,664
Investment earnings		(18,407) (18,407)	869
Total revenues	3,185,311	3,348,999 163,688	3,282,533
Expenditures			
Public safety			
Transmitted to fire department	3,185,311	3,185,311	3,065,387
Total expenditures	3,185,311	3,185,311 -	3,065,387
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		163,688 163,688	217,146
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Fund balance appropriated			
Total other financing sources (uses)			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	163,688 \$ 163,688	217,146
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		472,502	255,356
Fund Balances - End of Year		\$ 636,190	\$ 472,502

Bandys Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Ac	tual Prior
		Budget	 Actual	Ov	er/Under		Year
Revenues							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	860,146	\$ 921,652	\$	61,506	\$	891,867
Investment earnings			 (5,053)		(5,053)		304
Total revenues		860,146	 916,599		56,453		892,171
Expenditures							
Public safety							
Transmitted to fire department		860,146	 860,146		-		848,873
Total expenditures		860,146	 860,146		-		848,873
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		-	 56,453		56,453		43,298
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Fund balance appropriated		-	-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)			 <u>-</u>				
Net change in fund balance	\$		56,453	\$	56,453		43,298
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year			 133,803				90,505
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$ 190,256			\$	133,803

Maiden Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022							Actual Prior		
		Budget		Actual	Ov	er/Under	Α.	Year		
Revenues										
Ad valorem taxes	\$	243,078	\$	275,565	\$	32,487	\$	256,462		
Investment earnings				(4,629)		(4,629)		22		
Total revenues		243,078		270,936		27,858		256,484		
Expenditures										
Public safety										
Transmitted to fire department		243,078		243,078		-		319,577		
Total expenditures		243,078		243,078			-	319,577		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures				27,858		27,858		(63,093)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Fund balance appropriated				<u>-</u>		-				
Total other financing sources (uses)										
Net change in fund balance	\$			27,858	\$	27,858		(63,093)		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				119,511				182,604		
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	147,369			\$	119,511		

Claremont Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022							to al Balan
		Rudgot		Actual	Over/Under		AC	tual Prior Year
_	-	Budget		Actual		er/onder		Tear
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	382,982	\$	402,150	\$	19,168	\$	396,746
Investment earnings		<u> </u>		(2,903)		(2,903)		130
Total revenues		382,982		399,247		16,265		396,876
Expenditures								
Public safety								
Transmitted to fire department		382,982		382,982		-		376,953
Total expenditures		382,982		382,982				376,953
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		<u>-</u>		16,265		16,265		19,923
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Fund balance appropriated								
Total other financing sources (uses)				<u>-</u>				
Net change in fund balance	\$			16,265	\$	16,265		19,923
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				83,452				63,529
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	99,717			\$	83,452

Catawba Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022							
		Budget		Actual	Over/Under		AC	tual Prior Year
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	261,268	\$	284,616	\$	23,348	\$	281,449
Investment earnings				(1,695)		(1,695)		74
Total revenues		261,268		282,921		21,653		281,523
Expenditures								
Public safety								
Transmitted to fire department		356,268		356,268		-		260,210
Total expenditures		356,268		356,268		-		260,210
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(95,000)		(73,347)		21,653		21,313
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Fund balance appropriated		95,000				(95,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		95,000				(95,000)		
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>		(73,347)	\$	(73,347)		21,313
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				140,140				118,827
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	66,793			\$	140,140

Long View Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022						Actual Prior		
		Budget		Actual		Over/Under		Year	
Revenues									
Ad valorem taxes	\$	34,275	\$	35,006	\$	731	\$	35,501	
Investment earnings				(902)		(902)		10	
Total revenues		34,275		34,104		(171)		35,511	
Expenditures									
Public safety									
Transmitted to fire department		34,275		34,275		-		31,511	
Total expenditures		34,275		34,275				31,511	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures				(171)		(171)		4,000	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Fund balance appropriated		-		-		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)						-			
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>			(171)	\$	(171)		4,000	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				27,251				23,251	
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	27,080			\$	27,251	

Newton Rural Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022						Actual Prior		
	Budget		Actual		Over/Under		AC	Year	
Revenues									
Ad valorem taxes	\$	740,871	\$	777,894	\$	37,023	\$	767,610	
Investment earnings				(2,018)		(2,018)		181	
Total revenues		740,871		775,876		35,005		767,791	
Expenditures									
Public safety									
Transmitted to fire department		778,829		778,829		-		813,378	
Total expenditures		778,829		778,829		<u>-</u>		813,378	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(37,958)		(2,953)		35,005		(45,587)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Fund balance appropriated		37,958				(37,958)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		37,958		<u>-</u>		(37,958)			
Net change in fund balance	\$			(2,953)	\$	(2,953)		(45,587)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				88,701				134,288	
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	85,748			\$	88,701	

Cooksville Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022						Δα	Actual Prior		
	Budget		Actual		Over/Under			Year		
Revenues										
Ad valorem taxes	\$	126,203	\$	133,999	\$	7,796	\$	134,730		
Investment earnings		-		(2,955)		(2,955)		30		
Total revenues		126,203		131,044		4,841		134,760		
Expenditures										
Public safety										
Transmitted to fire department		136,203		136,203		-		122,538		
Total expenditures		136,203		136,203		<u>-</u>		122,538		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(10,000)		(5,159)		4,841		12,222		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Fund balance appropriated		10,000		-		(10,000)				
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,000				(10,000)				
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>			(5,159)	\$	(5,159)		12,222		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				96,733				84,511		
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	91,574			\$	96,733		

Hickory Rural Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022							
			Actual				Ac	tual Prior
		Budget			Over/Under			Year
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	684,359	\$	705,300	\$	20,941	\$	706,177
Investment earnings				(1,291)		(1,291)		188
Total revenues		684,359		704,009		19,650		706,365
Expenditures								
Public safety								
Transmitted to fire department		700,419		700,419		-		718,617
Total expenditures		700,419		700,419		-		718,617
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(16,060)		3,590		19,650		(12,252)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Fund balance appropriated		16,060		-		(16,060)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		16,060				(16,060)		
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>			3,590	\$	3,590		(12,252)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				51,744				63,996
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$	55,334			\$	51,744

Capital Projects Funds

To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects.

Major Funds

General Capital Projects Fund -

To account for the financing and construction of major general government capital projects.

Non Major Funds

Subdivision Road Improvement Fund -

To fund future special assessment subdivision road improvements projects.

School Capital Projects Fund -

To account for the financing and construction of major capital projects for the three school systems and community college in the County.

School Construction Fund -

To account for the financing and construction of major capital projects for the three school systems and community college in the County.

Hospital Capital Reserve Fund -

To account for the accumulation of funds for the financing and construction of major capital projects for Catawba Valley Medical Center.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	Subdivision Road Improvement Fund	School Capital Fund	School Construction Fund	Hospital Capital Reserve Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 565,810	\$ 10,130,761	\$ 8,223,140	\$ 2,230,555	\$ 21,150,266
Due from other governments		2,786,588	197,879		2,984,467
Other receivables	700	-	- 44.007	- 2.407	-
Interest receivables Restricted cash and investments	788	13,710	11,937 1,816,691	3,107	29,542 1,816,691
				2 222 662	
Total assets	566,598	12,931,059	10,249,647	2,233,662	25,980,966
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	305,492	234,216	_	539,708
Total liabilities	-	305,492	234,216	-	539,708
Fund Balance					
Restricted					
Stabilization by State Statute	788	2,800,298	209,816	3,107	3,014,009
School Construction		-	1,816,691	-	1,816,691
Hospital Capital		-	-	2,230,555	2,230,555
General Capital					-
Committed					-
School Capital		9,825,269	-	-	9,825,269
School Construction		-	7,988,924	-	7,988,924
General Capital		-	-	-	-
Subdivision Road Improvement	565,810				565,810
Unassigned					
Total fund balances	566,598	12,625,567	10,015,431	2,233,662	25,441,258
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 566,598	\$ 12,931,059	\$ 10,249,647	\$ 2,233,662	\$ 25,980,966

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Subdivision Road Improvement Fund	School Capital Fund	School Construction Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	
Revenues	- T unu	Tulla	T unu	Reserve Fund	Tunu
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ 8,406,025	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,406,025
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	-	-	_	-	-
Investment earnings	(21,402)	(340,094)	(284,585)	(76,550)	(722,631)
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	(21,402)	8,065,931	(284,585)	(76,550)	7,683,394
Expenditures					
· Capital outlay	-	6,365,023	7,456,339	-	13,821,362
Total expenditures		6,365,023	7,456,339		13,821,362
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(21,402)	1,700,908	(7,740,924)	(76,550)	(6,137,968)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from other funds	588,000	93,081	2,075,000	-	2,756,081
Transfers to other funds	-	(50,000)	(499,096)	(500,000)	(1,049,096)
Installment purchase issued					
Total other financing sources (uses)	588,000	43,081	1,575,904	(500,000)	1,706,985
Net change in fund balance	566,598	1,743,989	(6,165,020)	(576,550)	(4,430,983)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		10,881,578	16,180,451	2,810,212	29,872,241
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 566,598	\$ 12,625,567	\$ 10,015,431	\$ 2,233,662	\$ 25,441,258

General Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

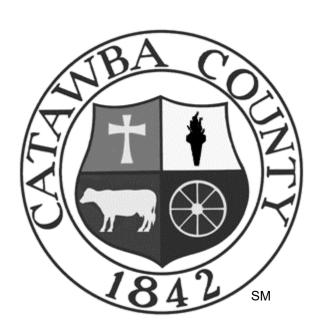
				Actual			
	<u>Au</u>	Project thorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Over/Under	
Revenues							
Other Taxes							
Sales Taxes - Article 46-one quarter of one							
percent	\$	3,865,021	\$ 2,763,008	1,777,223	\$ 4,540,231	\$	675,210
Restricted intergovernmental revenues							
Municipalities Grants		29,484	14,472	14,472	28,944		(540)
County Grants		-	207,925	-	207,925		207,925
NC PARTF Grant		414,109	414,109	-	414,109		-
Investment earnings		293,412	5,005,047	(920,584)	4,084,463		3,791,051
Miscellaneous							
Donations		100,000		181,328	181,328		81,328
Duke Energy		355,600	355,600		355,600		-
Easements		48,479		48,479	48,479		-
Miscellaneous		427,641	357,474	-	357,474		(70,167)
Park Donations		518,685	618,685	-	618,685		100,000
Rental - Jail Beds		4,343,055	4,687,752	-	4,687,752		344,697
Rental - Lifeskills		69,928	123,760		123,760		53,832
Total revenues		10,465,414	14,547,832	1,100,918	15,648,750	_	5,183,336
Expenditures							
Capital outlay							
Agriculture Resource Center Renovation		3,000,000	-	-	-		3,000,000
Elections Office Renovation		2,089,957	2,077,127	-	2,077,127		12,830
Communications Infrastructure		547,146	544,359	-	544,359		2,787
Economic Development		6,725,943	1,096,783	92,802	1,189,585		5,536,358
Family Services Center Parking Lot		125,000	-	-	-		125,000
Fleet Services Expansion		600,000		-	-		600,000
Future Unspecified Projects		3,836,080	-	-	-		3,836,080
General Renovations		806,719	424,081	70,489	494,570		312,149
Government Center Complex Improvements		1,787,450	1,704,700	2,717	1,707,417		80,033
Hickory EMS Base		3,000,000	-	-	-		3,000,000
Jail Expansion		33,896,888	32,320,543	608,261	32,928,804		968,084
Justice Center Sheriff Parking Drive Asphalt		100,000		-			100,000
Library Technology		226,249	148,208	48,387	196,595		29,654
Library Newton Branch		300,000	-	-	-		300,000
Lifeskills Building Maintenance		150,928	-				150,928
Mountain Creek Park		9,873,407	4,483,499	5,244,183	9,727,682		145,725
Multi-jurisdictional Data Park		2,600,000	2,341,635	4 000 070	2,341,635		258,365
Newton EMS Base		3,032,085	26,892	1,063,676	1,090,568		1,941,517
Newton Library HVAC Units		300,000	- 070 000		400.000		300,000
Oblique Photography		440,830	378,330	60,050	438,380		2,450
Park Improvements		564,092	467,224	22,616	489,840		74,252
Park Improvements - Riverbend		695,572	439,973	47.045	439,973		255,599
Permitting/Inspections System		1,320,000	806,838	17,315	824,153		495,847
Public Safety		748,902	295,469	- (10.00E)	295,469		453,433
Public Safety Software System		650,000	392,757	(12,285)	380,472		269,528
Radio Replacement		975,000	- 520 155	- 607 702	1 1 <i>11</i> 5 050		975,000
Roofing Projects Southeastern Catawba County Business Park		2,236,727	538,155	607,703 2,273,225	1,145,858		1,090,869
Server & Desktop Applications		4,625,000 1,890,000	1,354,956	2,273,225 256,284	2,273,225 1,611,240		2,351,775 278,760
St. Stephens EMS Base		50,000	1,554,550	200,204	1,011,240		50,000
St. Stephens Park Playground Upgrade		184,300	<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	-		184,300
Technology Infrastructure Upgrades		2,790,000	1,745,208	362,900	2,108,108		681,892
100/11/01/09y 1/11/40/14/01/14/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/		2,700,000	1,170,200	302,300	۷, ۱۵۵, ۱۵۵		001,002

General Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Actual	Actual			
	Project <u>Authorization</u>	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Over/Under		
Trivium Corporate Center Voting Equipment	\$ 10,873,151 122,000	\$ 6,690,265 	\$ 2,377,710	\$ 9,067,975 	\$ 1,805,176 122,000		
Total expenditures	101,163,426	58,277,002	13,096,033	71,373,035	29,790,391		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(90,698,012)	(43,729,170)	(11,995,115)	(55,724,285)	34,973,727		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers from	44.000.000	00 404 000	45 400 057	44.000.000			
General Fund	44,893,983	29,424,626	15,469,357	44,893,983	-		
General Capital Reserve Fund Emergency Telephone Fund Transfer	632,534 282,752	632,534 282,752	-	632,534 282,752	-		
Park Preservation Fund	49.000	49.000	-	49.000	-		
Water and Sewer Capital	3,700,000	700,000	3.000.000	3,700,000	_		
Water and Sewer Fund	5,290,500	700,000	5,290,500	5,290,500	_		
Transfers to	0,200,000		0,230,000	0,200,000			
General Fund	(181,259)	(181,259)	_	(181,259)	_		
Schools Capital Projects Fund	(750,000)	(750,000)	_	(750,000)	_		
Department of Commerce loan issued (Grant 12-	(,,	(,,		(,,			
L-2401)	2,600,000	2,600,000	-	2,600,000	-		
Bonds issued	29,788,560	26,618,280	-	26,618,280	(3,170,280)		
Premium on bonds issued	-	3,181,720	-	3,181,720	3,181,720		
Fund balance appropriated	4,391,942				(4,391,942)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	90,698,012	62,557,653	23,759,857	86,317,510	(4,380,502)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 18,828,483	11,764,742	\$ 30,593,225	\$ 30,593,225		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year			18,828,483				
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$ 30,593,225				

Subdivision Road Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Actual		Actual							
	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Cur	rent Year	Total to Date		Over/Under						
Revenues															
Investment earnings	\$		\$	-	\$	(21,402)	\$	(21,402)	\$ -						
Total revenues						(21,402)		(21,402)							
Expenditures															
Capital outlay															
Fox Chase-Road Improvement		180,500		-		-		-	-						
River Run-Road Improvement		407,500						-							
Total Expenditures		588,000													
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures						(21,402)		(21,402)							
Other Financing Sources (Uses)															
Transfer From General Fund		588,000													
Total other financing sources (uses)		588,000				588,000		588,000							
Net change in fund balance															
						566,598		566,598	-						
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year															
						-									
Fund Balances - End of Year					\$	566,598									



CATAWBA COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

School Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				_				
	<u>Aı</u>	Project uthorization	Prior Years	<u>Cı</u>	ırrent Year	Total to Date	9	Over/Under
Revenues								
Other taxes								
Sales Taxes-Article 40	\$	1,290,742	\$ 1,399,270.00	\$	1,304,865	\$ 2,704,135	\$	1,413,393
Sales Taxes-Article 42		23,922,919	24,846,081		7,101,160	31,947,241		8,024,322
Investment earnings		1,075,367	4,193,247		(340,096)	3,853,151		2,777,784
Total revenues	_	26,289,028	30,438,598		8,065,929	38,504,527		12,215,499
Expenditures								
Capital outlay								
Catawba County Schools								
Activity Buses		65,000	-		22,500	22,500		42,500
Athletic Field Improvements		750,000	650,000		53,078	703,078		46,922
Bandys High School Renovations		1,495,000	1,268,936		76,192	1,345,128		149,872
Bunker Hill High School Renovations		1,224,175	741,883		246,920	988,803		235,372
Camera Security/Electrical Doors		1,685,000	1,432,656		252,344	1,685,000		-
Capital Projects Manager		80,809	35,809		45,000	80,809		-
Challenger High School Renovation		75,000	75,000			75,000		
Clyde Campbell Renovation		505,000	420,000		3,500	423,500		81,500
Fire Alarm Upgrades		1,364,000	626,661		359,044	985,705		378,295
Fred T Foard Renovations		765,252	608,772		108,760	717,532		47,720
Fred T Foard Gym Flooring Replacement		65,000	-		21,577	21,577		43,423
Flooring Systemwide		80,000	0.074.054		1,982	1,982		78,018
HVAC Controls System Upgrade		4,464,827	3,874,354		245,506	4,119,860		344,967
Lead Testing		150,000	6,480		10,060	16,540		133,460
Lighting Replacements		845,000	297,427		171,495	468,922		376,078
Lyle Creek Elementary Renovations		60,000	60,000		- 04 004	60,000		400.007
Maiden Middle School Renovations		352,027	148,159		64,901	213,060		138,967
Maintenance Vehicles and Equipment		150,000	- 20 442		80,753	80,753		69,247
Metal Roofing		64,000	38,413		11,984	50,397		13,603
Mountain View Elementary Renovations		150,000	-		-	-		150,000
Painting Systemwide		670,000	332,621		335,379	668,000		2,000
Paving Systemwide		847,583	347,583		77,750	425,333		422,250
Per Capita Allocation		1,654,172	830,856		823,316	1,654,172		- 7 155
Plumbing Replacement Systemwide Project Planning		394,910	372,709		15,046	387,755		7,155
, ,		80,000 2,491,000	33,021 1,228,164		1,000 424,978	34,021 1,653,142		45,979 837,858
Roofing Projects Systenwide Maintenance		122,000	1,220,104		424,970	1,000,142		122,000
Tennis Courts		495,165	197,165		166,432	363,597		131,568
Tuttle Renovations		50,000	197,103		100,432	303,397		50,000
Track Improvements Systemwide		457,532	411,142		_	411,142		46,390
Total Catawba County Schools		21,652,452	14,037,811		3,619,497	17,657,308		3,995,144
-								
Catawba Valley Community College								
Cosmetology Center		326,000	98,859		217,365	316,224		9,776
General Renovations		95,000	,-30		95,000	95,000		-,
HVAC Replacement		340,000	15,692		276,994	292,686		47,314
Project Manager		94,602	54,602		40,000	94,602		-
Stream Bank Restoration Project		2,500,000	1,520,470		445,015	1,965,485		534,515
Total Catawba Valley Community College		3,355,602	1,689,623		1,074,374	2,763,997		591,605
. J.L. J.Landa vandy Community Conlege		3,000,002	1,000,020		.,011,014			551,500

CATAWBA COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

School Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Project <u>Authorization</u>	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Over/Under
Hickory Public Schools					
Cafeteria Tables	130,000	130,000	_	130,000	_
Hickory Career Arts Magnet	45,661	45,661	_	45,661	_
Hickory High School Renovation	2,231,664	796,306	825,727	1,622,033	609,631
Hickory Public School Admin Building	76,500	-	52,047	52,047	24,453
HVAC Controls Upgrades	149,108	149,108	-	149,108	,
Jenkins Elementary Renovation	238,967	238,967	_	238,967	_
Maintenance Vehicle	121,308	66,282	11,657	77,939	43,369
Northview Renovations	259,242	259,242	· -	259,242	, <u> </u>
Oakwood Elementary Renovations	183,287	81,855	11,552	93,407	89,880
Per Capita Allocation	322,500	163,928	158,572	322,500	-
Rekeying Locks	141,000	141,000	· -	141,000	-
Southwest Elementary HVAC	540,000	536,489	3,511	540,000	-
Southwest Elementary Mechanical Upgrade	214,979	214,926	-	214,926	53
Southwest Renovations	58,697	4,201	54,496	58,697	-
Technology Upgrades	35,000	25,362	2	25,364	9,636
Telecommunication Systems	40,000	18,832	_	18,832	21,168
Total Hickory Public Schools	4,787,913	2,872,159	1,117,564	3,989,723	798,190
Novitor Computer City Colorela					
Newton-Conover City Schools	90,000				00.000
Activity Bus	,	-	7.500	7 500	90,000
Asbestos Abatement & Management	15,000	- 	7,582	7,582	7,418
Conover School Renovations	100,000	57,107	36,930	94,037	5,963
Fire Alarm Upgrades	60,000	60,000	400 400	60,000	40.000
HVAC Upgrades Systemwide	1,700,000	1,500,000	189,100	1,689,100	10,900
NCHS Telephone Paging Syste,	77,000	-	77,000	77,000	07.505
North Newton Windows	100,000	60,296	2,179	62,475	37,525
Parking Improvements Systemwide	375,000	450.070	15,235	15,235	359,765
Per Capita Allocation	303,420	152,672	150,748	303,420	-
Roofing Projects	412,223	260,665	45,020	305,685	106,538
Security Upgrades	95,601	51,188	28,595	79,783	15,818
System Wide Renovations	120,000	109,305	1,199	110,504	9,496
Total Newton-Conover City Schools	3,448,244	2,251,233	553,588	2,804,821	643,423
Total expenditures	33,244,211	20,850,826	6,365,023	27,215,849	6,028,362
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,955,183)	9,587,772	1,700,906	11,288,678	18,243,861
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from					
General Fund	1,555,000	1,555,000	_	1,555,000	_
General Capital Fund	750,000	750,000	_	750,000	_
School Construction Fund	133,290	40,209	93,081	133,290	_
Transfers to	,	,	,	,	
General Fund	(300,000)	(250,000)	(50,000)	(300,000)	_
School Construction Fund	(801,403)	(801,403)	(00,000)	(801,403)	_
Fund Balance Appropriated	5,618,296	(001,100)	_	(001,100)	(5,618,296)
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,955,183	1,293,806	43,081	1,336,887	(5,618,296)
rotal other infaholing sources (uses)	0,333,103	1,233,000	40,001	1,000,007	(0,010,200)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	10,881,578	1,743,987	12,625,565	12,625,565
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year			10,881,578		
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$ 12,625,565		

School Construction Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -- Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Bartari -		Actual		
	Project <u>Authorization</u>	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Over/Under
Revenues					
Investment earnings Lottery Proceeds Needs Based	10,000,000	891,983 	(284,585)	607,398	607,398 (10,000,000)
Total revenues	10,000,000	891,983	(284,585)	607,398	(9,392,602)
Expenditures Catawba County Schools					
Banoak Elementary Maiden Middle School Roof Replacements	8,845,000 34,720 1,610,000	8,845,000 34,720 330,000	- - 146,020	8,845,000 34,720 476,020	- - 1,133,980
St. Stephens Classroom Renovation New Maiden Elementary	19,984,312 19,500,000	9,105,071	6,051,811 996,267	15,156,882 996,267	4,827,430 18,503,733
Total Catawba County Schools	49,974,032	18,314,791	7,194,098	25,508,889	24,465,143
Catawba Valley Community College Cosmetology Center Engineering Building Public Safety Complex Vocational Building	2,041,982 228,017 1,130,000 25,100,000	2,041,982 78,018 250,000 25,100,000	- 15,771 88,280 -	2,041,982 93,789 338,280 25,100,000	134,228 791,720
Total Catawba Valley Community College	28,499,999	27,470,000	104,051	27,574,051	925,948
Hickory Public Schools Hickory High Renovations Oakwood Elementary Renovation Facility Audit Systemwide Classroom Revonations	900,000 1,854,323 100,000 3,000,000	- 1,854,323 -	- - - -	- 1,854,323 -	900,000 - 100,000 3,000,000
Total Hickory Public Schools	5,854,323	1,854,323		1,854,323	4,000,000
Newton-Conover City Schools Conover School Renovations Newton-Conover High School Renovations Roof Replacements	3,312,452 20,848,529 58,141	3,276,439 765,429 58,141	36,013 122,177	3,312,452 887,606 58,141	19,960,923
Total Newton-Conover City Schools	24,219,122	4,100,009	158,190	4,258,199	19,960,923
Other Future Debt Service Total Other	<u>15,437,318</u> 15,437,318	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>15,437,318</u> 15,437,318
Total expenditures	123,984,794	51,739,123	7,456,339	59,195,462	64,789,332
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(50,847,140)	(7,740,924)	(58,588,064)	55,396,730
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from					
General Fund School Capital Fund Transfers to	17,380,642 801,403	15,305,642 801,403	2,075,000	17,380,642 801,403	-
School Capital Fund General Fund	(98,290) (406,015)	(5,209) -	(93,081) (406,015)	(98,290) (406,015)	- -

School Construction Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -- Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Project		Actual		•
	Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Over/Under
Bonds issued Premium on bonds issued Fund Balance Appropriated	95,329,928 - 977,126	50,477,700 448,055 -	- - - 4 575 004	50,477,700 448,055 	(44,852,228) 448,055 (977,126)
Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance	<u>113,984,794</u> <u> </u>	\$ 16,180,451	1,575,904 (6,165,020)	\$ 10,015,431	(45,381,299) \$ 10,015,431
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year			16,180,451		
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$ 10,015,431		

Hospital Capital Reserve Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	-	2022		
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year
Revenues Investment earnings	50,000	(76,550)	(126,550)	(125)
Total revenues	50,000	(76,550)	(126,550)	(125)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	50,000	(76,550)	(126,550)	(125)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfer to General Fund Fund Balance Appropriated	(500,000) 450,000	(500,000)	- (450,000)	(500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(50,000)	(500,000)	(450,000)	(500,000)
Net change in fund balance		(576,550)	(576,550)	(500,125)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		2,810,212		3,310,337
Fund Balances - End of Year		2,233,662		2,810,212

Enterprise Fund

(Proprietary Fund Type)

To account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Solid Waste Management Fund -

To account for the operations of the County's solid waste activities.

Solid Waste Management Construction Fund -

To account for the financing and construction of all major solid waste capital projects.

Water and Sewer Fund -

To account for the County's water and sewer activities.

Water and Sewer Construction Fund -

To account for the financing and construction of all major water and sewer capital projects in the unincorporated sections of the County.

Solid Waste Management Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

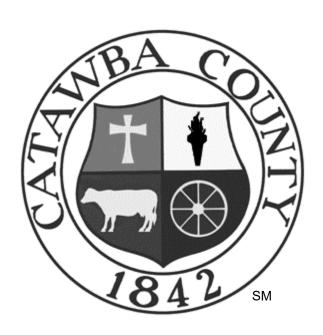
		2022			
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual Prior Year	
Revenues					
Operating revenues					
Charges for services					
Solid waste charges	\$ 7,208,524	\$ 8,464,414			
Methane recovery	465,000	505,371			
Lease revenue	-	8,178			
Other operating	91,147	75,000			
Total operating revenues	7,764,671	9,052,963	1,288,292	8,380,559	
Nonoperating revenues					
Solid waste disposal tax	80,000	85,181			
Scrap tire disposal tax	200,000	269,110			
White goods disposal tax	65,000	84,958			
Scrap tire grant	40,000	59,278			
Electronics management distribution	12,000	8,239			
Hickory community relations	3,000	-			
Court fees	295	2,129			
Proceeds from sale of equipment	7,000	429,000			
Property cleanup reimbursement	2,500	4,485			
Lease Interest	-	2,301			
Miscellaneous	5,000	14,191			
Investment earnings	60,000	(552,121)			
Total nonoperating revenues	474,795	406,751	(68,044)	450,412	
Total revenues	8,239,466	9,459,714	1,220,248	8,830,971	
Expenditures					
Solid Waste Management					
Administration					
Salaries & employee benefits	349,969	345,735			
Other operating	428,152	398,921		·	
	778,121	744,656	33,465	694,504	
Recycling					
Salaries & employee benefits	60,175	59,754			
Other operating	194,182	107,835			
	254,357	167,589	86,768	154,576	
Solid Waste Management Improvements					
Other operating	147,050	54,548			
	147,050	54,548	92,502	66,718	
Solid Waste Code Enforcement					
Salaries & employee benefits	72,792	69,307			
Other operating	65,864	29,412			
	138,656	98,719	39,937	78,901	

Solid Waste Management Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022			Actual Prior	
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Year	
Sanitary Landfill Salaries & employee benefits	1,632,093	1,545,121			
Maintenance and repair	495,670	458,294			
Solid waste disposal tax remittance	17,550	446,511			
Lease interest expense	-	116			
Lease amortization expense	-	4,578			
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs	40,000	-			
Other operating	2,532,750	1,622,122			
	4,718,063	4,076,742	641,321	3,514,491	
Blackburn Landfill - Methane Recovery					
Maintenance and repair	258,977	124,390			
Other operating	76,710	51,491			
	335,687	175,881	159,806	372,830	
Total operating expenditures	6,371,934	5,318,135	1,053,799	4,882,020	
Capital outlay	1,037,119	860,002	177,117	444,371	
Total expenditures	7,409,053	6,178,137	1,230,916	5,326,391	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	830,413	3,281,577	2,451,164	3,504,580	
Office Financian Comment (Head)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1 101 000)	(4 101 000)			
Transfer to Solid Waste Capital Fund Fund balance appropriated	(1,181,980) 351,567	(1,181,980)	(351,567)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(830,413)	(1,181,980)	(351,567)	(1,433,970)	
Total other illianding sources (uses)	(630,413)	(1,161,960)	(331,307)	(1,433,970)	
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ 2,099,597	\$ 2,099,597	\$ 2,070,610	
experiorures and other imancing uses	<u>Ф -</u>	<u>\$ 2,099,397</u>	<u>\$ 2,099,397</u>	<u>\$ 2,070,010</u>	
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to f	ull accrual:				
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)					
expenditures and other financing uses		\$ 2,099,597			
Reconciling items					
Capital outlay		860,002			
Depreciation		(1,497,641)			
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - p	pensions	56,068			
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability	naiana	387,039			
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pe		(394,430)			
(Increase) decrease in accrued landfill closure and posto	dosule care costs	(100,000)			
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources)DER	(3,379) 3,245			
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB (Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability		(75,541)			
(Increase) decrease in Net OF LB liability (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		(1,564)			
Revenues from capital projects		(132,710)			
Transfers from capital projects		1,181,980			
Total reconciling items		283,069			
Change in net position (Exhibit 7) (full accrual)		\$ 2,382,666			

Solid Waste Management Capital Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Actual				
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Over/Under
Revenues					
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 525,990	(132,710)	\$ 393,280	\$ 393,280
Miscellaneous revenue		359,098		359,098	359,098
Total revenues		885,088	(132,710)	752,378	752,378
Expenditures					
Capital outlay					
Bethany Church Road Landfill	2,765,950	666,442	1,892,692	2,559,134	206,816
Landfill Collection Improvements	240,000	96,751	-	96,751	143,249
Landfill Closure	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000
Methane Gas Perimeter	100,000	-		-	100,000
Subtitle D Cell Construction	10,015,986	9,409,197		9,409,197	606,789
Total expenditures	15,121,936	10,172,390	1,892,692	12,065,082	3,056,854
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(15,121,936)	(9,287,302)	(2,025,402)	(11,312,704)	3,809,232
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer from Solid Waste Operating	15,022,002	13,840,022	1,181,980	15,022,002	-
Fund Balance appropriated	99,934				(99,934)
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,121,936	13,840,022	1,181,980	15,022,002	(99,934)
Revenues and other sources over (under)					
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ 4,552,720	\$ (843,422)	\$ 3,709,298	\$ 3,709,298



Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022			Actual Prior		
	Budget		Actual	Over/Under	A	Year
Revenues						
Operating revenues	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>
Total operating revenues	_	_	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>
Nonoperating revenues						
Municipality revenue	987,000		1,281,715			
Capital fees	210,000		683,250			
Miscellaneous	-		5,000			
Investment earnings	1 107 000	_	(216,951)		_	2 402 962
Total nonoperating revenues	1,197,000		1,753,014	556,014		2,492,862
Total revenues	1,197,000		1,753,014	556,014		2,492,862
Expenditures						
Water and Sewer						
Water and Sewer Administration	404.004		100 107			
Salaries & employee benefits	131,891		130,197			
Other operating Principal	1,426,575 4,936,489		977,703 4,930,708			
Interest	197,191		4,930,708 97,507			
Total expenditures	6,692,146		6,136,115	556,031		2,905,421
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,495,146)		(4,383,101)	1,112,045		(412,559)
Other Financing Sources (Head)						
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer to General Fund	(384,000)		(384,000)			
Transfer to General Capital Projects Fund	(5,290,500)		(5,290,500)			
Transfer to Water and Sewer Capital Fund	(250,000)		(250,000)			
Installment purchase obligations issued	1,567,592		1,567,592			
Fund balance appropriated	9,852,054					
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,495,146		(4,356,908)	(9,852,054)		805,367
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$	(8,740,009)	\$ (8,740,009)	\$	392,808
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to	full accrual:					
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses		\$	(8,740,009)			
Reconciling items						
Depreciation Depreciation			(1,559,673)			
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources	s - pensions		5,832			
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability	- pee.e.		23,888			
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources	- nensions		(27,816)			
(Increase) decrease in deferred filliows of resources (Increase) decrease in compensated absences	Policions		(27,810)			
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources	s - OPEB		108			
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability	-		(2,518)			
			•			

CATAWBA COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

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Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	(52)
Loan principal (excluding refunding)	3,363,116
Project expenditures not capitalized	(19,271)
Revenues from capital projects	(902,486)
Transfer from Water and Sewer Capital Fund	250,000
Transfer to General Capital Projects Fund	(3,000,000)
Total reconciling items	(1,870,922)
Change in net position (full accrual)	\$ (10,610,931)

Water and Sewer Capital Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Over/Under
Revenues					
Other Taxes					
Sales Taxes - Article 46 - one quarter of one					
percent	\$ 3,109,158	\$ 3,383,453	-	\$ 3,383,453	\$ 274,295
Investment earnings	-	3,443,749	(902 <i>,</i> 486)	2,541,263	2,541,263
Golden Leaf Grant	491,257	<u>-</u>	-		(491,257)
Miscellaneous		76,223		76,223	76,223
Total revenues	3,600,415	6,903,425	(902,486)	6,000,939	2,400,524
Expenditures					
Capital outlay					
Balls Creek Water Phase II	6,191,905	1,274,076	19,270	1,293,346	4,898,559
Bandys Mill Creek Commscope	250,000	-	-	-	250,000
East Maiden Hwy 150 Gravity	1,238,000	1,842	135,964	137,806	1,100,194
EcoComplex and Resource Recovery	1,669,367	1,034,023	-	1,034,023	635,344
EPA Stormwater Phase II	250,000	64,569	-	64,569	185,431
Hart Road Water	500,000	468,550	-	468,550	31,450
Hwy 16 Sewer	910,000	-	-	_	910,000
Hwy 16 South Utilities	2,019,132	-	-	_	2,019,132
Hwy 150 Sewer Service Phase I and II	2,136,848	1,842,624	-	1,842,624	294,224
Claremont to Hickory Wasterwater Treatment	3,000,000	-	-	_	3,000,000
Sherrills Ford Wastewater Treatment	68,836	68,836	-	68,836	-
Wastewater Emergent Need	100,000	, -	_	-	100,000
Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion	1,250,000	_	_	_	1,250,000
SECC S NC 16 Water	2,500,000	_	42,839	42,839	2,457,161
SECC Village Center Pump Station Upgrade	2,709,000	_	-	-,	2,709,000
SECC Village Center Force Main	3,330,000	_	_	_	3,330,000
Total expenditures	28,123,088	4,754,520	198,073	4,952,593	23,170,495
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(24,522,673)	2,148,905	(1,100,559)	1,048,346	25,571,019
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from					
General Fund Water and Sewer Construction Fund -	5,274,881	5,274,881	-	5,274,881	-
Governmental	480,633	12,509,510	_	12,509,510	12,028,877
Water and Sewer Operations	250,000	-	250,000	250,000	-
American Rescue Plan Act Fund	11,539,000	-	-	-	(11,539,000)
Transfers to					
General Capital Projects Fund	(3,700,000)	(700,000)	(3,000,000)	(3,700,000)	-
Water and Sewer Operations	(805,367)	(805,367)	-	(805,367)	- (11 102 E26)
Fund balance appropriated	11,483,526	16 270 024	(2.750.000)	12 520 024	(11,483,526)
Total other financing sources (uses)	24,522,673	16,279,024	(2,750,000)	13,529,024	(10,993,649)
Revenues and other sources over (under)					
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ 18,427,929	\$ (3,850,559)	\$ 14,577,370	\$ 14,577,370

Custodial Funds

Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others that meet certain criteria.

Municipal Tax Fund – accounts for ad valorem and vehicle property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities within the County but that are not revenues to the County.

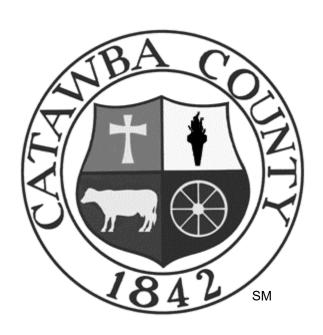
Jail Inmate Pay Fund – accounts for cash collections for the benefit of inmates collected from their friends and families and held while the inmates are incarcerated.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2022

	Municipal Tax Fund	Jail Inmate Pay Fund	Total Custodial Funds		
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,742	2 \$ 71,774	\$ 81,516		
Taxes receivable for other governments, net	3,189,406	-	3,189,406		
Total assets	3,199,148	71,774	3,270,922		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	-	-		
Due to other governments	9,742	<u> </u>	9,742		
Total liabilities	9,742	<u> </u>	9,742		
Net Position					
Restricted for:					
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	3,189,406	71,774	3,261,180		
Total net position	\$ 3,189,406	\$ 71,774	\$ 3,261,180		

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Mı	unicipal Tax Fund	Jail	Inmate Pay Fund	Total Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS							
Ad valorem taxes for other governments	\$	53,991,098	\$	-	\$	53,991,098	
Collections on behalf of inmates				572,448		572,448	
Total additions		53,991,098		572,448		54,563,546	
DEDUCTIONS							
Tax distributions to other governments		54,225,692		-		54,225,692	
Payments on behalf of inmates				559,116		559,116	
Total deductions		54,225,692		559,116		54,784,808	
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		(234,594)		13,332		(221,262)	
Net position, beginning		3,424,000		58,442		3,482,442	
Net position, ending	\$	3,189,406	\$	71,774	\$	3,261,180	



Other Schedules
This section contains additional information on <i>cash and investments, property taxes, and general long-term debt.</i>
Schedule of Cash and Investment Balances
Analysis of Current Tax Levy
Schedule of Taxes Receivable
General Long-Term Debt Requirements and Maturity Schedule

Schedule of Cash and Investment Balances June 30, 2022

	Re	Amounts presented Statements	,	Cost Value	Fair Value		
	<u> </u>	Statements		Jost value		Fair Value	
Cash	_		_		_		
On hand	\$	9,993	\$	9,993	\$	9,993	
In demand deposits							
(interest bearing)		18,713,568		18,713,568		18,713,568	
(noninterest bearing)		247,803		247,803		247,803	
Certificates of deposit		240,000		240,000		240,000	
Money Market, unrestricted		1,014,519		1,014,519		1,014,519	
Debt escrow-restricted for capital		1,910,689		1,910,689		1,910,689	
Cash deposits, restricted for debt service		21,119,059		21,119,059		21,119,059	
Total cash	\$	43,255,631	\$	43,255,631	\$	43,255,631	
Other Investments							
North Carolina Capital							
Management Trust, Government Portfolio		56,879,332		56,879,332		56,879,332	
Commerical Paper		995,526		997,841		995,526	
Federal Farm Credit		24,335,250		25,960,594		24,335,250	
Federal Home Loan Bank		85,326,569		90,283,941		85,326,569	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		11,988,988		12,803,750		11,988,988	
Federal National Mortgage Association		14,489,830		15,465,034		14,489,830	
Total other investments	\$	194,015,495	\$	202,390,492	\$	194,015,495	
Total other investments	Ψ	104,010,400	Ψ	202,000,402	Ψ	104,010,400	
Total cash and investments	\$ 2	237,271,126	\$	245,646,123	\$	237,271,126	

CATAWBA COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

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Schedule of Cash and Investment Balances June 30, 2022

Distribution by funds

General Fund	\$	96,595,862	•	440 000 407
Restricted cash		21,502,625	\$	118,098,487
Special Revenue Funds				
Emergency Telephone System Fund	\$	1,265,271		
Narcotics Seized Funds and Property Fund	Ψ	608		
State Unauthorized Substance Abuse Fund		59,283		
Narcotics Seized Justice Funds		428,743		
Narcotics Seized dustice Funds Narcotics Seized Treasury Funds		151,271		
Rescue Squads Fund		222,647		
Library Endowment Fund		197,841		
Gretchen Peed Scholarship Fund		56,244		
Parks Preservation Trust Fund		76,104		
Community Development Fund		50,694		
American Rescue Plan (ARP) Fund		30,094		
Restricted Cash		19,755,911		
Fines and Forfetitures Fund		26,792		
Opioid Settlement Fund		20,792		
Restricted Cash		493,490		
Representative Payee Fund		104,255		
Deed of Trust Fund		11,073		
Fire District Funds		2,084,756		24,984,983
THE DISTRICT UNUS		2,004,730		24,904,903
Capital Projects Funds				
General Capital Projects Fund	\$	30,398,639		
Restricted Cash	·	89,786		
Subdivison Road Improvement Projects Fund		565,810		
Schools Capital Projects Fund		10,130,761		
School Construction Fund		8,223,140		
Restricted Cash		1,816,691		
Hospital Capital Reserve Fund		2,230,555		53,455,382
Futormina Fund				
Enterprise Fund Water & Sewer Fund	r.	04 005 507		
	\$	21,225,537		40 CEO 7EO
Solid Waste Management Fund		19,425,221		40,650,758
Custodial Funds				
Municipal Tax Funds	\$	9,742		
Sheriff Inmate Funds		71,774		81,516
Total			¢	227 271 126
I Viai			\$	237,271,126

Analysis of Current Tax Levy For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Co	unty-wide	e	Total Levy					
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy	Property excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles				
Original levy: Property taxed at current year's rate Penalties	\$ 19,482,845,597 	0.575	\$ 112,026,363 224,448	\$ 101,490,392 224,448	\$ 10,535,971 				
Total	19,482,845,597		112,250,811	101,714,840	10,535,971				
Discoveries: Current year taxes Prior year taxes Penalties	15,395,221 381,337,688 	0.575 various	88,523 2,192,691 347,920	88,523 2,192,691 347,920	- - -				
Total	396,732,909		2,629,134	2,629,134	-				
Abatements: Total property valuation	(42,873,906) \$ 19,836,704,600		(246,525)	(196,423)	(50,102)				
Net levy			114,633,420	104,147,551	10,485,869				
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2022			1,092,010	1,092,010					
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 113,541,410	\$ 103,055,541	\$ 10,485,869				
Current levy collection percentage			<u>99.05%</u>	<u>98.95%</u>	100.00%				
Secondary Market Disclosures									
Assessed Valuation: Assessment Ratio (1) Real Property Personal Property Public Service Companies (2) Total Assessed Valuation					100% \$ 13,586,700,647 5,161,064,795 1,088,939,158 \$ 19,836,704,600				
Tax Rate per \$100					0.575				
Tax Nate per \$100					0.373				
Net Levy (includes discoveries, releases	s and abatements) ⁽³⁾				\$ 114,633,420				
In addition to the County-wide rate, the districts for the fiscal year ended June 3		evies by th	ne County on behalf	of fire protection					
Fire Protection Districts					\$ 8,577,773,266				

⁽¹⁾ Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.

⁽²⁾ Valuation of railroads, telephone companies and other utilities as determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.

⁽³⁾ The levy includes interest and penalties.

Schedule of Taxes Receivable June 30, 2022

	Uncollected			Uncollected
General Fund	Balance	Additions and Adjustments	Collections and Credits	Balance
	June 30, 2021			June 30, 2022
2021	\$ -	\$ 114,633,420	\$ 113,541,410	\$ 1,092,010
2020	1,148,474	-	711,038	437,436
2019	536,380	-	277,930	258,450
2018	287,696	-	109,816	177,880
2017	178,047	-	71,380	106,667
2016	139,695	-	50,328	89,367
2015	112,768	-	40,683	72,085
2014	118,410	-	39,650	78,760
2013	270,133	-	41,136	228,997
2012	328,389	-	38,235	290,154
Prior	299,522	<u> </u>	299,522	<u> </u>
	\$ 3,419,514	\$ 114,633,420	\$ 115,221,128	\$ 2,831,806
Less allowance for				
uncollectible taxes	2,459,750			1,880,326
Taxes receivable net	\$ 959,764			\$ 951,480

Reconcilement with revenues: Ad valorem taxes		
General Fund Rescue Squad Fund	\$	115,081,281 844,892
Total ad valorem taxes Reconciling items:	\$	115,926,173
Penalties and interest collected		(694,462)
Tax on leased vehicle collected		(273,719)
Prior year release/adjustments Taxes written off		(36,386) 299,522
Total reconciling items	_	(705,045)
Total collections	\$	115,221,128

CATAWBA COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA General Long-Term Debt Requirements and Maturity Schedule June 30, 2022

	Gov	ernmental Activi	ties	Bus	rities	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Debt Principal	Interest Total		Debt Principal	Interest	Total
2023	14,997,050	3,185,039	18,182,089	535,201	18,854	554,055
2024	14,660,721	2,826,756	17,487,477	499,884	12,680	512,564
2025	11,829,155	2,483,036	14,312,191	256,009	8,454	264,463
2026	10,449,777	2,171,553	12,621,330	249,756	5,969	255,725
2027	10,164,199	1,885,407	12,049,606	246,449	3,545	249,994
2028-2032	33,966,343	5,686,417	39,652,760	392,507	1,173	393,680
2033-2037	16,591,697	1,907,697	18,499,394	-	-	-
2038-2039	3,880,000	137,012	4,017,012			
	\$ 116,538,942	\$ 20,282,917	\$ 136,821,859	\$ 2,179,806	\$ 50,675	\$ 2,230,481

Statistical Section

This part of Catawba County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about Catawba County's overall financial health.

<u>Content</u>

<u>Pages</u>

Financial Trends

212-219

These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These tables contain information to help the reader access the Country's most significant.

These tables contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity 227-231

These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current level of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

232-233

These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Operating Information 234-239

These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the county provides and the activities it performs.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018			
Governmental activities:								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 131,737,711	\$ 124,449,252	\$ 115,574,093	\$ 102,979,361	\$ 102,894,759			
Restricted	36,821,265	50,609,042	39,677,297	47,104,886	26,520,247			
Unrestricted	10,189,348	(35,914,333)	(40,780,172)	(47,734,012)	(31,770,408)			
Total governmental activities net position	178,748,324	139,143,961	114,471,218	102,350,235	97,644,598			
Business-type activities:								
Net investment in capital assets	74,283,661	70,980,887	68,855,090	64,560,596	60,993,467			
Unrestricted	32,268,436	43,799,475	44,606,556	47,132,939	46,791,325			
Total business-type activities net position	106,552,097	114,780,362	113,461,646	111,693,535	110,092,779			
Primary government:								
Net investment in capital assets	206,021,372	195,430,139	184,429,183	167,539,957	163,888,226			
Restricted	36,821,265	50,609,042	39,677,297	47,104,886	28,828,234			
Unrestricted	42,457,784	7,885,142	3,826,384	(601,073)	15,020,917			
Total primary government net position	\$ 285,300,421	\$ 253,924,323	\$ 227,932,864	\$ 214,043,770	\$ 207,737,377			

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	92,137,818	\$	82,024,110	\$	75,032,918	\$	73,669,285	\$	72,733,148
Restricted		32,847,390		37,336,072		55,052,023		61,304,988		50,910,338
Unrestricted		(20,049,846)		(17,909,411)		(49,201,049)		(70,537,217)		(56,964,579)
Total governmental activities net position		104,935,362	_	101,450,771	_	80,883,892	_	64,437,056		66,678,907
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets		57,243,979		53,727,147		51,643,356		49,571,504		51,632,394
Unrestricted		46,440,583		47,385,811		46,123,218		45,362,525		39,533,644
Total business-type activities net position	_	103,684,562	_	101,112,958	_	97,766,574		94,934,029	_	91,166,038
Primary government:										
Net investment in capital assets		149,381,797		135,751,257		126,676,274		123,240,789		124,365,542
Restricted		32,847,390		37,336,072		55,052,023		61,304,988		50,910,338
Unrestricted		26,390,737	_	29,476,400	_	(3,077,831)		(25,174,692)		(17,430,935)
Total primary government net position	\$	208,619,924	\$	202,563,729	\$	178,650,466	\$	159,371,085	\$	157,844,945

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Expenses Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 12,447,523	\$ 13,652,217	\$ 12,155,897	\$ 11,645,266	\$ 10,229,231	
Public safety	52,626,431	51,540,354	50,525,230	42,615,139	40,842,983	
Environmental protection	707,228	632,202	620,215	629,550	599,963	
Economic and physical development	23.117.588	21,826,814	20,154,248	18,490,744	17,042,823	
Human services	48,364,606	48,364,606	46,071,393	44,620,992	43,083,045	
Culture and recreation	3,974,978	3,843,536	3,786,087	3,372,144	3,545,635	
Education	61,203,839	65,156,094	58,197,754	65,517,013	69,146,541	
Interest on long-term debt	2,562,883	3,951,535	4,064,107	4,318,642	3,615,378	
Total governmental activities expenses	205,005,076	203,716,266	195,574,931	191,209,490	188,105,599	
Business-type activities:						
Solid waste management	6,944,338	6,629,739	8,122,386	6,576,468	5,640,840	
Water and sewer	2,786,959	1,624,959	3,040,068	3,210,852	2,289,106	
Total business-type activities expenses	9,731,297	9,731,297	11,162,454	9,787,320	7,929,946	
Total primary government expenses	214,736,373	213,447,563	206,737,385	200,996,810	196,035,545	
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Fees, fines, and charges for services:	4 000 004	4 000 540	0.040.005	0.440.000	0.040.700	
General government	1,930,031	1,960,548	2,010,935	2,413,382	2,048,789	
Public safety	10,767,020	9,794,544	8,325,780	8,753,953	9,082,972	
Environmental protection	30,545	16,175	24,502	40,791	35,125	
Ecomomic and physical development	5,442,985	4,454,616	3,472,412	2,639,454	2,886,862	
Human services Culture and recreation	3,012,971	1,927,447	2,199,185	1,986,009	2,104,653	
V =	(218,953)	70,270	60,759	63,150	60,763	
Education	355,119	344,400	31,304,752	29,495,898	20 100 562	
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	47,486,254 14,472	36,094,621	565,040	29,495,696 465,997	29,180,562 246,568	
		14,472				
Total governmental activities program revenues	68,820,444	80,359,444	47,963,365	45,858,634	45,646,294	
Business-type activities:						
Fees, fines, and charges for services	9,772,558	8,777,537	9,225,356	7,972,268	7,384,774	
Operating grants and contributions	1,340,993	1,096,384	1,049,294	870,227	1,500,375	
Capital grants and contributions			996,137	13,364		
Total business-type activities program revenues	11,113,551	9,873,921	11,270,787	8,855,859	8,885,149	
Total primary government program revenues	79,933,995	64,551,014	59,234,152	54,714,493	54,531,443	
Net (Expenses) Revenues	,,,					
Governmental activities	(136,184,632)	(154,581,002)	(147,611,566)			
Business-type activities	1,382,254	1,619,223	108,333	(931,461)		
Total primary government net expense	(134,802,378)	(121,974,568)	(147,503,233)	(146,282,317)	(141,504,102)	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:						
Taxes	105 100 100	100 010 000	445 774 440	107.011.001	101.070.051	
Property taxes	125,402,460	120,612,862	115,771,446	107,841,934	104,070,254	
Local option sales taxes	53,494,247	46,887,470	39,552,244	37,938,247	36,065,390	
Other taxes	2,664,019	2,213,573	1,849,277	1,795,787	1,848,291	
Investment earnings, unrestricted	(5,676,338)	(42,857)	2,559,582	4,175,509	702,975	
Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets Transfers	8,674,500	8,075 700,000	-	(1,694,984)	(1,653,489)	
Total governmental activities	184,558,888	170,379,123	159,732,549	150,056,493	141,033,421	
Business-type activities:						
Taxes						
Local option sales taxes	-	-	-	900,150	848,925	
Other taxes	439,249	397,811	369,136	372,218	425,298	
Investment earnings	(1,804,268)	1,682	1,184,091	1,867,691	292,600	
Gain on sales of capital assets	429,000	-	106,551	5,161	54,598	
Transfers	(8,674,500)	(700,000)		1,694,984	1,653,489	
Total business-type activities	(9,610,519)	(300,507)	1,659,778	4,840,204	3,274,910	
Total primary government	174,948,369	170,078,616	161,392,327	154,896,697	144,308,331	
Change in Net Position						
Governmental activities	48,374,256	15,798,121	12,120,983	4,705,637	(1,425,884)	
Business-type activities	(8,228,265)	1,318,716	1,768,111	3,908,743	4,230,113	
Total primary government	\$ 40,145,991	\$ 17,116,837	\$ 13,889,094	\$ 8,614,380	\$ 2,804,229	

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Expenses						
Governmental activities: General government	\$ 12,702,261 \$	11,860,452	\$ 9,933,029	\$ 10,807,772	\$ 9,760,225	
Public safety	39.368.324	34,879,104	32,921,751	32,732,323	31,236,944	
Environmental protection	679,490	585,457	546,444	492,269	508,073	
Economic and physical development	16,638,619	14,883,762	13,950,985	13,538,407	12,780,487	
Human services	48,949,754	46,621,822	47,218,856	47,935,422	48,863,130	
Culture and recreation	3,518,210	3,595,626	3,127,165	2,847,558	2,776,547	
Education	57,013,840	50,223,611	49,298,062	61,843,087	57,519,210	
Interest on long-term debt	3,707,890	3,477,042	3,815,195	3,774,279	3,602,099	
Total governmental activities expenses	182,578,388	166,126,876	160,811,487	173,971,117	167,046,715	
Business-type activities:			46,123,218			
Solid waste management	5,575,002	5,346,204	4,899,445	5,166,963	5,927,016	
Water and sewer	2,074,045	2,279,892	2,291,702	1,612,849	2,102,576	
Total business-type activities expenses	7,649,047	7,626,096	7,191,147	6,779,812	8,029,592	
Total primary government expenses	190,227,435	173,752,972	168,002,634	180,750,929	175,076,307	
Program Revenues Governmental activities:						
Fees, fines, and charges for services:						
General government	1,645,516	1,664,523	1,870,508	1,752,070	1,869,484	
Public safety	9,062,382	8,617,461	8,747,839	8,068,851	9,178,100	
Environmental protection	33,368	35,269	24,651	5,100	4,675	
Ecomomic and physical development	2,783,017	2,552,503	2,489,106	2,204,984	2,329,590	
Human services	2,777,252	7,390,409	5,279,686	6,762,666	7,247,968	
Culture and recreation	57,805	61,537	66,579	57,436	62,192	
Education	-			494,298	499,006	
Operating grants and contributions	33,826,622	33,083,275	37,229,196	29,136,207	28,576,342	
Capital grants and contributions	114,292	250,000	125,000	2,292,224	1,859,891	
Total governmental activities program revenues	50,300,254	53,654,977	55,832,565	50,773,836	51,627,248	
Business-type activities:						
Fees, fines, and charges for services	6,615,230	6,421,312	6,054,569	5,671,631	5,880,833	
Operating grants and contributions	742,079	743,064	606,766	868,759	650,178	
Capital grants and contributions		223,191	486,732	126,942	731,970	
Total business-type activities program revenues	7,357,309	7,387,567	7,148,067	6,667,332	7,262,981	
Total primary government program revenues	57,657,563	61,042,544	62,980,632	57,441,168	58,890,229	
Net (Expenses) Revenues						
Governmental activities	(132,278,134)	(112,471,899)	(104,978,922)	(123,197,281)		
Business-type activities	(291,738)	(238,529)	(43,080)	(112,480)	(766,611)	
Total primary government net expense	(132,569,872)	(112,710,428)	(105,022,002)	(123,309,761)	(116,186,078)	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:						
Taxes						
Property taxes	102,512,789	98,691,384	94,200,605	93,649,723	89,347,893	
Local option sales taxes Other taxes	34,612,225 1,768,591	32,903,055 1,590,916	29,962,757 1,652,213	28,027,368 1,494,645	26,644,767 1,548,870	
Investment earnings, unrestricted	209,348	1,470,473	975,564	1,155,474	(183,818)	
Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets	203,040	1,470,470	370,004	1,100,414	9,169	
Transfers	(1,600,000)	(1,617,050)	(800,000)	(1,601,565)		
Total governmental activities	137,502,953	133,038,778	125,991,139	122,725,645	116,591,881	
Business-type activities:						
Taxes	201.000	070 07-	4 454 0 15	4 050 5==	4 000 00 :	
Local option sales taxes	821,860	870,975	1,451,312	1,359,558	1,293,304	
Other taxes	340,216 52,518	327,044 715,609	312,429 477,221	297,543 621,805	294,409	
Investment earnings Gain on sales of capital assets	48,748	54,235	2,220	021,000	(94,709)	
Transfers	1,600,000	1,617,050	800,000	1,601,565	775,000	
Total business-type activities	2,863,342	3,584,913	3,043,182	3,880,471	2,268,004	
Total pushiess-type activities Total primary government	140,366,295	136,623,691	129,034,321	126,606,116	118,859,885	
Change in Net Position						
Governmental activities	5,224,819	20,566,879	21,012,217	(471,636)	1,172,414	
Business-type activities	2,571,604	3,346,384	3,000,102	3,767,991	1,501,393	
Total primary government	\$ 7,796,423 \$	23,913,263	\$ 24,012,319	\$ 3,296,355	\$ 2,673,807	

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
General Fund	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018				
Nonspendable									
Inventories	\$ 299,636	\$ 319,229	\$ 304,083	\$ 310,198	\$ 314,246				
Prepaid	61,080	18,419	617,948	595,103	600,017				
Notes receivable	584,026	913,027	1,195,145	930,261	828,179				
Leases	2,037	-	-,	-	-				
Restricted	2,001								
Stabilization by State Statute	22,335,350	18,655,860	16,340,426	17,310,522	16,277,027				
Register of Deeds	139,535	115,021	43,326	46,265	17,382				
Debt service	21,122,635	19,265,800	17,412,407	15,552,488	13,923,346				
Social Services	240,000	240,000	243,133	245,354	10,920,040				
	240,000	240,000	240, 100	240,004	405,964				
General Capital Reserve Committed	-	-	-	-	405,904				
	100 105	100 207	05 105	04.005	110 002				
Tax Reappraisal	122,185	128,307	95,125	94,005	119,803				
Assigned	004.060	600.470	660.070	E70 070	704 665				
Public Health	991,262	680,178	662,279	572,272	734,665				
Social Services	7,125,114	5,149,537	3,892,520	3,434,388	3,758,037				
County Manager	422,335	388,954	263,100	251,336	251,049				
Human Resources	361,748	238,628	203,989	210,196	323,652				
Library	675,350	693,938	691,398	515,113	307,791				
Cooperative Extension	- 	<u>-</u>	-	-					
Subsequent year's expenditures	11,154,833	8,511,516	6,389,453	7,606,196	6,809,722				
Unassigned	65,591,057	57,306,094	49,576,091	41,970,308	39,478,996				
Total general fund	131,228,183	112,624,508	97,930,423	89,644,005	84,149,876				
Restricted									
Stabilization by State Statute	6,933,063	9,198,727	16,168,544	22,009,972	2,642,305				
Public Safety	2,042,228	1,670,080	1,539,652	1,282,323	934,306				
Human Services	-	25,552	-	-	-				
Fire Protection	2,077,632	1,747,215	1,408,760	1,881,139	1,487,254				
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-				
Library Endowment	197,841	225,206	205,165	199,878	193,303				
Scholarship	56,244	58,703	58,670	56,815	54,953				
Parks Preservation	76,104	55,824	23,032	5,515	5,335				
Community Development	50,694	20,136	19,960	4,408	25,764				
Representative Payee	104,255	-	, -	-	, -				
American Rescue Plan Act	-	15,473,757	-	-	_				
CARES Act	-	, , , <u>-</u>	4,923	-	-				
General Capital	89,786	5,022,380	6,946,054	17,884,858	30,058,365				
School Capital and Construction	1,816,691	5,795,919	2,717,631	6,066,675	22,578,401				
Hospital Capital	2,230,555	2,807,987	3,305,995	3,728,084	4,104,986				
Committed	2,200,000	2,001,001	0,000,000	0,7 20,00 1	1,101,000				
General Capital	26,902,456	7,471,743	532,909	2,462,695	17,584,405				
Subdivision Road Improvement	565,810	7,471,740	-	2,402,000					
School Capital	9,825,269	8,460,279	8,969,464	6,791,275	6,116,496				
School Construction	7,988,924	10,242,253	6,027,961	8,877,798	7,216,972				
Hospital Construction	1,300,324	10,242,233	0,027,901	0,077,790	1,210,912				
•	-	-	-	-	-				
Assigned	- (220 GE4)	- (15 405 456)	- (1 106 E22)	-	-				
Unassigned	(338,651)	(15,495,456)	(1,106,533)						
Total fund balances	60,618,901	52,780,305	46,822,187	71,251,435	93,002,845				
Total governmental funds	\$ 191,847,084	\$ 165,404,813	\$ 144,752,610	\$ 160,895,440	\$ 177,152,721				

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
General Fund		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Nonspendable										
Inventories	\$	315,603	\$	326,899	\$	319,059	\$	327,147	\$	305,186
Prepaid		650,755		791,762		115,502		164,242		26,922
Notes receivable		1,140,298		1,487,417		1,597,343		· -		, -
Leases		-		-		-		_		_
Restricted										
Stabilization by State Statute		15,043,605		15,930,246		15,465,797		14,650,010		12,972,979
Register of Deeds		17,170		5,883		78,807		1,410		66,229
Debt service		11,878,801		10,014,375		8,273,296		1,839,350		-
Social Services		-		-		0,210,200		1,000,000		_
General Capital Reserve		404,237		462,531		456,389		452,670		448,015
Committed		404,237		402,331		46,123,218		432,070		440,013
Tax Revaluation		173,005		172,990		165,832		192,437		166,678
		173,003		172,990		100,032		192,437		100,076
Assigned		604.040		276 026		244 720		200 100		100 011
Public Health		684,018		376,026		241,739		289,199		428,814
Social Services		4,133,196		5,189,684		5,101,867		4,304,485		4,505,344
County Manager		168,882		165,824		94,899		122,118		182,660
Human Resources		396,894		498,613		582,027		614,061		624,570
Library		127,497		103,073		224,601		400,697		334,917
Cooperative Extension		-		-		-		-		-
Subsequent year's expenditures		6,196,066		8,740,222		6,144,343		6,471,106		6,356,815
Unassigned		38,512,665	_	34,098,284		21,646,494	_	20,734,380		24,199,035
Total general fund		79,842,692		78,363,829		106,631,213		50,563,312		50,618,164
Restricted										
Stabilization by State Statute		9,998,054		13,762,920		21,233,131		28,760,070		3,847,266
Public Safety		607,282		494,667		2,489,115		2,582,688		2,658,023
Human Services		-		-		-		-		-
Fire Protection		1,521,675		1,370,246		1,258,983		1,145,873		893,577
Debt service		-		-		-		4,645,650		-
Library Endowment		192,424		192,428		187,371		239,217		236,757
Scholarship		53,725		52,740		52,294		46,048		44,288
Parks Preservation		5,312		1,099		50,004		49,596		75,197
Community Development		15,821		· -		12,105		17,469		, <u>-</u>
Representative Payee		-		_		-		-		_
American Rescue Plan Act		_		_		_		_		_
CARES Act		_		_		_		_		_
General Capital		452,704		2,231,565		10,604,245		17,957,394		_
School Capital and Construction		22,019,761				224,942		4,726,766		22,834,431
Hospital Capital		4,586,527		5,063,041		5,494,731		5,449,956		5,393,919
Committed		4,000,027		0,000,041		0,404,701		0,440,000		0,000,010
General Capital		16,137,346		18,875,251		12,203,246		4,543,427		32,219,263
Subdivision Road Improvement		10, 137, 340		10,073,231		12,200,240		4,040,421		32,213,203
School Capital		7,159,669		5,499,929		5,900,499		6,465,739		6,172,623
School Capital School Construction								0,405,739		
		12,264,434		6,790,440		6,596,208		- 04 474		927,914
Hospital Construction		-		24,433		24,370		24,171		23,693
Assigned		-		(740)		-		(0.200.440)		-
Unassigned			_	(712)			_	(2,380,149)		
Total fund balances	_	75,014,734	_	54,358,047	_	66,331,244	_	74,273,915	_	75,326,951
Total governmental funds	\$	154,857,426	\$	132,721,876	\$	172,962,457	\$	124,837,227	\$	125,945,115

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 Revenues Ad valorem taxes \$ 125,412,180 \$ 121,024,799 \$ 115,496,421 \$ 108,017,836 \$ 104,028,855 55,315,391 48,220,380 40,497,590 38,794,760 Other taxes 36,953,090 Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues 2,251,449 2,094,948 1,987,827 1,859,693 1,895,660 Restricted intergovernmental revenues 51,478,242 40,647,300 35,480,559 33,799,515 32,872,765 6,183,904 Permits and fees 5,352,866 3,678,377 3,648,564 3,545,784 Sales and services 10,128,551 7.780.817 8,079,661 7,679,583 7,789,214 Investment earnings (5,676,335)(42,859)2,559,583 4,175,516 702,974 Miscellaneous 3,580,511 3,517,835 3,838,422 3,258,451 3,584,753 Total revenues 248,673,893 228,596,086 211,618,440 201,233,918 191,373,095 **Expenditures** Current: General government 14,627,408 14,898,197 13,057,864 13,645,725 12,033,377 Public safety 51,074,409 48,186,161 46,544,256 40,511,383 40,537,103 **Environmental protection** 702,965 601,045 594.076 607.125 581,569 Economic and physical development 21,894,798 19,023,000 18,731,430 17,619,284 16,222,681 Human services 47,203,285 42,815,566 45,273,661 43,149,372 42,039,157 Culture and recreation 3,496,614 3,992,511 3,492,983 3,603,514 3,397,645 Education 47,384,443 46,477,634 45,497,776 44,679,342 43,331,107 Capital Outlay 26,917,395 30,208,203 37,444,960 34,042,704 35,780,090 Debt service: 14.950.643 13.445.368 Principal 14.577.808 14.676.883 13.501.848 Interest 3,835,712 4,314,087 4.571.669 4.826.204 3,507,375 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Bond issuance costs 7,616 145,011 375,651 Total expenditures 232,591,185 227,201,421 227,761,269 215,796,215 211,307,603 Other Financing Sources (uses) Transfers from other funds 38,858,350 14,349,626 7,162,914 5,158,796 6,641,134 Transfers to other funds (30,183,850)(13,649,626)(7,162,914)(6,853,780)(8,294,623)Installment purchase obligations issued 18,550,000 Lease liabilities issued 1,579,797 Premium on installment obligations issue 39,085,000 Bonds issued 10,757,408 4,798,292 Premium on bonds issued Payment to refunded escrow agent (10,757,408)8,075 Sales of capital assets Total other financing sources (uses) 10,254,297 19,258,075 (1,694,984)42,229,803 Net change in fund balances 26,337,005 20,652,740 (16,142,829) (16,257,281)22,295,295 Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures 8.7% 8.8% 9.5% 9.1% 8.6%

⁽¹⁾ Note: Beginning FY 2012, current refundings are shown as debt service expenditures rather than other financing use.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2013 2017 2016 2015 2014 Revenues Ad valorem taxes 102,643,115 98,864,292 94,982,137 94,593,965 \$ 89,246,050 33,513,929 27,201,571 35,395,806 30,577,418 28,514,821 Other taxes Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues 1,915,010 1,914,853 1,950,128 1,902,192 1,887,066 Restricted intergovernmental revenues 37,710,248 36,702,096 37,914,903 36,172,540 36,065,434 Permits and fees 3,270,330 2,725,409 2,398,171 2,130,735 2,346,916 Sales and services 7,955,557 9,289,078 10.275.072 11,363,376 11,518,226 Investment earnings 209,348 1,451,782 975,566 1,155,473 (183,818)Miscellaneous 3,544,286 7,502,488 6,790,563 3,539,937 3,469,424 Total revenues 192,643,700 191,963,927 185,863,958 179,265,933 171,657,975 **Expenditures** Current: General government 12,813,629 12,646,281 10,889,713 11,329,249 10,339,386 Public safety 40,004,086 34,477,572 33.618.405 31,930,143 30,928,591 **Environmental protection** 661,156 573.409 545.637 461.359 477,163 Economic and physical development 15,493,426 15,010,630 13,813,474 13,573,781 12,850,717 Human services 47,706,576 47,114,736 46,315,883 47,773,150 48,069,751 Culture and recreation 3,109,069 3,407,377 3,513,584 2,769,125 2,694,713 Education 41,012,204 40,239,272 40,394,875 40,004,060 39,695,975 Capital Outlay 27,343,949 26,081,492 18,273,102 33,342,151 21,113,769 Debt service: 13.430.361 10.582.661 12.331.427 13.932.346 Principal 13.586.635 3.744.689 4.042.723 Interest 3.763.682 3.794.348 3.600.703 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent 1,014,000 1,128,232 Bond issuance costs 115,551 23,583 135,592 Total expenditures 205,751,997 193,185,473 184,791,575 199,288,881 184,621,227 Other Financing Sources (uses) Transfers from other funds 10,302,305 8,376,971 5,187,183 2,942,065 2,247,667 Transfers to other funds (11,902,305)(9,994,021)(5,987,183)(4,543,630)(3,022,667)Installment purchase obligations issued 50,530,000 570,000 20,125,000 33,600,000 Lease liabilities issued 2,161,054 Premium on installment obligations issued Bonds issued 1,810,000 10,965,000 Premium on bonds issued 39,911 Payment to refunded escrow agent (13,686,153)(1,849,125)(9,750,000)Sales of capital assets 9,169 Total other financing sources (uses) 35,243,847 (1,047,050)(800.000)20,685,275 34,049,169 Net change in fund balances 22,1<u>35</u>,550 (2,268,596)272,383 662,327 21,085,917 Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures 8.9% 8.1% 9.4% 9.5% 9.5%

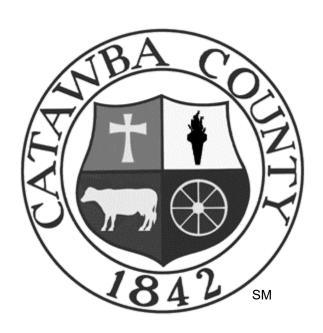
⁽¹⁾ Note: Beginning FY 2012, current refundings are shown as debt service expenditures rather than other financing use.

Assessed Valuation and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Public Utility Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate ⁽¹⁾	Estimated Real Market Value
2013	12,240,949,134	3,127,347,289	659,587,935	16,027,884,358	0.530	15,946,556,918
2014	12,224,185,313	3,790,836,072	685,580,853	16,700,602,238	0.530	16,192,168,158
2015	12,267,687,100	3,622,784,098	746,952,594	16,637,423,792	0.530	16,249,070,995
2016 ⁽²⁾	11,564,008,687	3,742,083,773	788,247,696	16,094,340,156	0.575	16,261,837,078
2017	11,682,762,282	3,910,899,616	827,530,781	16,421,192,679	0.575	16,571,997,860
2018	11,821,086,656	4,032,470,698	846,131,001	16,699,688,355	0.575	17,439,106,470
2019	11,984,593,390	4,339,896,854	856,998,611	17,181,488,855	0.575	18,580,608,689
2020 ⁽²⁾	13,101,976,344	4,431,826,297	922,892,477	18,456,695,118	0.575	18,821,838,791
2021	13,386,384,363	4,761,084,974	987,346,080	19,134,815,417	0.575	20,837,215,961
2022	13,586,700,647	5,161,064,795	1,088,939,158	19,836,704,600	0.575	N/A

Source: Catawba County Property Appraiser

⁽¹⁾ Tax rate expressed in dollars of tax per \$100 of assessed valuation. ⁽²⁾ Increase as a result of the County 4-year real property revaluation cycle.



Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments ⁽¹⁾ Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018			
Catawba County								
Property Tax	0.5750	0.5750	0.5750	0.5750	0.5750			
Fire Districts:								
Bandys	0.1150	0.1150	0.0780	0.0820	0.0820			
Catawba Rural	0.1300	0.1300	0.1300	0.1000	0.1000			
Claremont Rural	0.1100	0.1100	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900			
Conover Rural	0.1100	0.1100	0.1100	0.1100	0.0900			
Cooksville	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0620	0.0620			
Hickory Rural	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1200	0.1200			
Long View Rural	0.0830	0.0830	0.0830	0.0730	0.0730			
Maiden Rural	0.0753	0.0753	0.0753	0.0800	0.0800			
Mountain View	0.0718	0.0718	0.0718	0.0750	0.0750			
Newton Rural	0.1300	0.1300	0.1200	0.1200	0.0900			
Oxford	0.0650	0.0650	0.0650	0.0650	0.0650			
Propst	0.0620	0.0620	0.0620	0.0620	0.0620			
Sherrills Ford	0.1300	0.1300	0.1300	0.1100	0.1100			
St. Stephens	0.1200	0.1200	0.1200	0.1200	0.1200			
Municipalities:								
Town of Brookford	0.5200	0.5200	0.5200	0.5200	0.5200			
Town of Catawba	0.5800	0.5800	0.5800	0.5800	0.4800			
Town of Long View	0.5700	0.5700	0.5700	0.5700	0.5200			
Town of Maiden	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800			
City of Claremont	0.0490	0.0490	0.0490	0.4900	0.4900			
City of Conover	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.5000	0.4700			
City of Hickory	0.6275	0.5875	0.5875	0.5665	0.5665			
City of Newton	0.5400	0.5400	0.5400	0.5400	0.5400			
Total Maximum Rate - Fire District	0.7250	0.7250	0.7250	0.6950	0.6950			
Total Maximum Rate - Municipalities	1.2025	1.1625	1.1625	1.1550	1.1415			

⁽¹⁾ All tax rates are expressed in dollars of tax per \$100 of assessed valuation. For the above years, the tax levies were assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of the actual value.

Source: Catawba County Tax Collector

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments ⁽¹⁾ Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013			
Catawba County								
Property Tax	0.5750	0.5750	0.5300	0.5300	0.5300			
Fire Districts:								
Bandys	0.0820	0.0820	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700			
Catawba Rural	0.1000	0.0850	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700			
Claremont Rural	0.0800	0.0800	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700			
Conover Rural	0.0900	0.0900	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700			
Cooksville	0.0620	0.0620	0.0617	0.0617	0.0617			
Hickory Rural	0.0900	0.0900	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700			
Long View Rural	0.0730	0.0730	0.0650	0.0546	0.0546			
Maiden Rural	0.0800	0.0750	0.0700	0.0600	0.0600			
Mountain View	0.0750	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600			
Newton Rural	0.0900	0.0900	0.0850	0.0700	0.0700			
Oxford	0.0650	0.0650	0.0558	0.0558	0.0558			
Propst	0.0620	0.0620	0.0615	0.0615	0.0615			
Sherrills Ford	0.1100	0.0810	0.0800	0.0700	0.0700			
St. Stephens	0.1200	0.0900	0.0900	0.0700	0.0700			
Municipalities:								
Town of Brookford	0.5200	0.5200	0.5200	0.5200	0.5200			
Town of Catawba	0.4800	0.4800	0.4800	0.4800	0.4800			
Town of Long View	0.5200	0.4200	0.4200	0.4200	0.4000			
Town of Maiden	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800			
City of Claremont	0.4900	0.4900	0.4600	0.4600	0.4600			
City of Conover	0.4700	0.4700	0.4300	0.4000	0.4000			
City of Hickory	0.5665	0.5665	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000			
City of Newton	0.5400	0.5400	0.5100	0.4800	0.4800			
Total Maximum Rate - Fire District	0.6950	0.6650	0.6200	0.6000	0.6000			
Total Maximum Rate - Municipalities	1.1415	1.1415	1.0500	1.0500	1.0500			

⁽¹⁾ All tax rates are expressed in dollars of tax per \$100 of assessed valuation. For the above years, the tax levies were assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of the actual value.

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Year 2022					
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value			
Apple, Inc.	Computer Server	\$ 1,213,996,359	1	6.12			
Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	Electric Utility	866,429,389	2	4.37			
GKN Driveline Newton, LLC	Gears Mfg.	240,732,658	3	1.21			
Corning Cable Systems, LLC	Cable Mfg.	166,626,767	4	0.84			
Prysmian Cables and Systems, LLC	Cable Mfg.	145,813,000	5	0.74			
CommScope Inc. of North Carolina	Cable Mfg.	116,960,643	6	0.59			
Target Corporation	Warehouse/Retail	77,243,719	7	0.39			
Duke Lifepoint	Medical Care	76,387,670	8	0.39			
Piedmont Natural Gas Co, Inc.	Gas Utility	75,008,852	9	0.38			
Hickory Springs Mfg. Co., Inc.	Manufacturing	49,556,610	10	0.25			
		\$ 3,028,755,667		15.28			

\$ 19,836,704,600

Source: Catawba County Tax Collector

Total Assessed Valuation

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Year 2013					
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Tax	able Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		
Apple, Inc.	Computer Server	\$	627,330,611	1	3.91		
Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	Electric Utility		506,438,391	2	3.16		
GKN Driveline Newton, LLC	Gears Mfg.		108,991,404	4	0.68		
Corning Cable Systems, LLC	Cable Mfg.		68,286,524	8	0.43		
Prysmian Cables and Systems, LLC	Cable Mfg.		-	-	-		
CommScope Inc. of North Carolina	Cable Mfg.		106,209,879	5	0.66		
Target Corporation	Warehouse/Retail		111,232,424	3	0.69		
Duke Lifepoint (Amireit (Frye) Inc.)	Medical Care		74,213,592	7	0.46		
Piedmont Natural Gas Co, Inc.	Gas Utility		-	-	-		
Hickory Springs Mfg. Co., Inc.	Manufacturing		55,172,963	9	0.34		
Draka Comteq American Medical	Cable Mfg.		75,099,121	6	0.47		
Valley Hills Mall, LLC	Retail		45,891,969	10	0.29		
		\$	1,778,866,878		11.09		

\$ 16,027,884,358

Source: Catawba County Tax Collector

Total Assessed Valuation

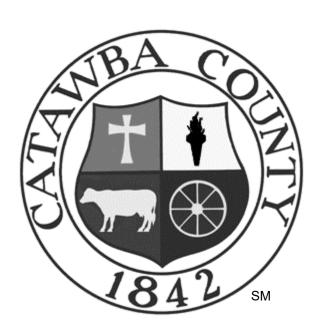
Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy **Total Collections to Date Total Tax Collections in Fiscal** Tax Levy for Fiscal Percentage Subsequent Percentage Year (1) Year Year Amount of Levy Years **Amount** of Levy 2013 2012 84,947,787 81,441,422 95.87 3,216,211 84,657,633 99.66 2014 2013 88,513,192 99.74 85,800,420 96.94 2,483,775 88,284,195 2015 2014 88,178,346 86,413,676 98.00 99.91 1,685,910 88,099,586 2016 2015 92,542,456 90,856,714 98.18 1,613,657 92,470,371 99.92 2017 2016 94,639,996 93,070,059 98.34 1,480,570 94,550,629 99.91 2018 2017 96,140,422 94,571,921 98.37 1,461,834 96,033,755 99.89 2019 2018 99,113,042 97,751,358 98.63 1,183,804 98,935,162 99.82 2020 2019 106,244,575 104,660,807 98.51 1,325,318 105,986,125 99.76 2021 2020 110,229,070 109,080,596 98.96 711,038 109,791,634 99.60 2022 2021 114,633,420 113,541,410 99.05 113,541,410 99.05

Source: Catawba County Tax Collector

⁽¹⁾ Includes discoveries, releases and abatements



Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities											
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Installment Purchases	Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	Qualified School Construction Bonds	Build America Bonds	Limited Obligation Bonds	Long-Term Leases				
2013	3,325,000	16,465,000	48,618,040	450,000	27,808,553	7,242,872	37,770,939	-				
2014	799,341	12,208,902	44,692,131	400,000	27,808,553	6,663,443	63,119,732	-				
2015	-	11,885,455	40,764,047	350,000	27,808,553	6,084,013	57,768,142	-				
2016	-	10,582,008	37,299,345	300,000	27,808,553	5,504,583	52,638,035	-				
2017	-	9,293,560	72,741,291	250,000	27,808,553	-	47,533,477	-				
2018	-	8,020,112	65,653,300	200,000	27,808,553	-	86,320,939	- -				
2019	-	6,776,664	58,593,253	150,000	27,808,553	-	80,993,922	-				
2020	-	5,558,217	51,671,667	100,000	27,808,553	-	74,282,324	-				
2021	-	4,369,770	63,366,667	50,000	27,808,553	-	67,583,819	-				
2022	-	2,880,000	66,675,408	-	27,808,553	-	48,816,483	1,229,837				

N/A = Not available

Sources:

¹ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis

² Population based on estimates issued by the Bureau of the Census

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Business	Туре				
<u>Year</u>	North Carolina Department of Commerce	Installment Purchases	Limited Obligation Bonds	Revolving Loan	Long-Term Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Per Capita ⁽²⁾
2013	2,600,000	8,000,000	5,504,061	1,275,000	-	159,059,465	2.95	1,023
2014	2,600,000	7,397,122	5,401,752	1,200,000	-	172,290,976	3.15	1,109
2015	2,600,000	6,783,333	5,097,634	1,125,000	-	160,266,177	2.80	1,028
2016	2,600,000	6,158,434	4,562,032	1,050,000	-	148,502,990	2.36	953
2017	2,100,388	5,522,224	4,030,882	975,000	-	170,255,375	2.63	1,091
2018	1,590,784	4,874,499	3,501,003	900,000	-	198,869,190	2.89	1,263
2019	1,070,988	4,215,049	2,972,398	825,000	-	183,405,827	2.55	1,157
2020	540,796	3,543,664	2,528,372	750,000	-	166,783,593	2.24	1,039
2021	-	2,860,127	2,086,253	675,000	-	168,800,189	2.13	1,050
2022	-	1,567,592	-	600,000	12,151	149,590,024	N/A	924

N/A = Not available

Sources:

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis

² Population based on estimates issued by the Bureau of the Census

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Assessed value (after exemption) Debt limit rate	19,836,704,600 8%	19,134,815,417 8%	18,456,695,118 8%	17,181,488,855 8%	16,699,988,355 8%
Debt limit	1,586,936,368	1,530,785,233	1,476,535,609	1,374,519,108	1,335,999,068
Less: Total net debt applicable to limit	129,084,877	149,537,030	149,376,135	167,855,980	198,869,191
Legal debt margin	1,457,851,491	1,381,248,203	149,376,135	1,206,663,128	198,869,191
Total net debt applicable to the					
limit as a percentage of debt limit	8%	10%	10%	12%	15%
A C C	Legal Debt Margin of Assessed value (after Debt limit (8% of assect applicable to limit Certificates of part Installment purchat Qualified Zone Acadualified School County Limited Obligation North Carolina Deprederal Revolving Less: Statutory description of the Carolina Cept and Lebt margin assect debt margin assect assect debt margin		\$ 19,836,704,600 1,586,936,368 2,880,000 68,243,000 - 27,808,553 48,816,483 - 600,000 (19,263,159) 129,084,877 \$ 1,457,851,491		
L	egal debt margin			<u>\$ 1,457,851,491</u>	

CATAWBA COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Table 10 Page 2 of 2

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Assessed value (after exemption) Debt limit rate	16,421,192,679 8%	16,094,340,156 <u>8%</u>	16,637,423,792 <u>8%</u>	16,700,602,238 <u>8%</u>	16,027,884,358 8%
Debt limit Less: Total net debt applicable to limit	1,313,695,414 170,255,375	1,287,547,212 148,502,990	1,330,993,903 152,703,618	1,336,048,179 158,887,591	1,282,230,749 154,634,710
Legal debt margin	1,143,440,039	1,139,044,222	1,178,290,285	1,177,160,588	1,127,596,039
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	13%	12%	11%	12%	12%

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population Estimate ⁽¹⁾	Personal Income	Per Capita Income ⁽²⁾	Median Age ⁽³⁾	School Enrollment ⁽⁴⁾	Unemployment Rate (5)
2013	155,494	5,357,979,000	34,716	40.25	24,241	10.80
2014	155,411	5,478,237,750	35,250	40.47	24,204	7.10
2015	155,832	5,725,579,344	36,742	40.67	23,889	6.00
2016	156,182	6,243,298,000	40,265	40.82	23,679	4.90
2017	156,106	6,489,428,000	41,477	41.06	23,509	4.00
2018	157,424	6,895,726,000	43,651	41.20	23,203	3.80
2019	158,579	7,193,629,000	45,342	41.25	22,705	4.20
2020	160,504	7,397,881,000	46,367	39.23	22,593	8.30
2021	160,732	7,886,011,000	49,193	41.70	21,701	4.7
2022	161,909	N/A	N/A	41.40	21,636	3.8

N/A = Not available

Sources:

¹ NC Budget and Management Office of State Planning - Based upon estimates issued by the U.S. Census Bureau

² Bureau of Economic Analysis

³ NC Budget and Management Office of State Planning

⁴ North Carolina Department of Public Instruction

⁵ United States Department of Labor - Bureau of Labor Statistics

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

F	la diretur	2022	Dank	2013	
Employer	Industry	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank
Catawba County Schools	Education & Health Services	1,000+	1	1,000+	1
Target Stores Div.	Transportation & Warehousing	1,000+	2	-	-
Catawba Valley Medical Center	Education & Health Services	1,000+	3	1,000+	2
Corning Optical Communications, LLC	Manufacturing	1,000+	4	1,000+	7
CommScope	Manufacturing	1,000+	5	1,000+	4
Catawba County Government	Public Administration	1,000+	6	1,000+	5
Wal-Mart Associates, LLC	Retail Trade	1,000+	7	-	-
Dip Partner Frye, LLC	Health Care & Social Assistance	1,000+	8	1,000+	3
Gkn Driveline Newton, LLC	Manufacturing	500-999	9	-	-
Catawba Valley Community College	Educational Services	500-999	10	-	-
Hickory Springs Manufacturing Co., Inc.	Manufacturing	-	-	1,000+	6
Ethan Allen, Inc.	Manufacturing	-	-	500-999	8
G&A Outsourcing (Convergys)	Manufacturing	-	-	500-999	9
Pierre Foods	Manufacturing	-	-	500-999	10

CATAWBA COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Full Time Equivalent County Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30 **Function** Governmental activities: General government Public safety Environmental protection Economic and physical development Human services Culture and recreation Total governmental activities 1,193 1,177 1,156 1,103 1,089 Business-type activities: Water sewer Solid waste management Total business-type activities Total primary government 1,224 1,208 1,186 1,133 1,120

Source: Catawba County Human Resources Department

CATAWBA COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Full Time Equivalent County Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30 **Function** Governmental activities: General government Public safety Environmental protection Economic and physical development Human services Culture and recreation Total governmental activities 1,069 1,093 1,093 1,096 1,113 Business-type activities: Water sewer Solid waste management Total business-type activities Total primary government 1,097 1,120 1,120 1,124 1,141

Source: Catawba County Human Resources Department

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year				
Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Governmental activities:					
General government					
Number of registered voters	110,265	107,141	106,113	99,706	105,035
Number of marriage licenses issued	1,035	1,091	995	964	1,081
Number of tax bills issued	111,937	116,095	114,422	111,625	106,065
Public safety					
Number of 911 dispatch/calls	94,350	94,507	89,553	89,712	90,118
Sheriff Department offenses reported	2,265	4,273	2,697	9,417	5,914
Environmental protection					
Cooperative extension agent contacts	93,842	123,654	265,124	170,863	46,075
Economic and physical development					
Number of commercial permits issued	614	590	605	506	602
Number of residential permits issued	2,348	2,210	1,576	1,515	1,467
Human services					
Households received assistance with energy bills	2,653	3,341	3,706	3,681	2,628
Medicaid transportation provided (round trips)	15,225	14,751	17,941	21,368	25,679
Child support services cases currently open	5,482	5,886	6,139	6,512	6,501
Public health clients served	39,451	44,616	42,100	40,768	17,148
Restaurant inspections	1,406	1,386	1,303	1,374	1,434
Culture and recreation					
Total circulation for library system	493,586	535,336	426,914	476,434	468,898
Number of patrons visiting parks	278,253	151,326	208,492	166,853	160,803
Education					
Public school student enrollment K-12	21,636	21,701	22,593	22,705	23,203
Business-type activities:					
Solid waste management					
Tons buried - MSW	173,994	167,940	159,100	157,312	153,207
Tons buried - C&D	49,399	47,974	45,316	34,384	33,858
Tons recycled	20,875	24,597	19,255	19,685	20,256

⁽¹⁾ The State of North Carolina implemented combined motor vehicle registration renewal and property tax collection system whereby the State issues the bills for motor vehicle taxes

Sources: Catawba County Departments, NC Department of Public Instruction

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year				
Function	2017	2016	2015	2014 ⁽¹⁾	2013
Governmental activities:					
General government					
Number of registered voters	101,790	101,330	98,344	101,442	100,431
Number of marriage licenses issued	1,081	1,074	1,017	1,009	1,023
Number of tax bills issued	104,928	104,396	103,835	99,196	232,881
Public safety					
Number of 911 dispatch/calls	92,049	93,089	89,426	84,974	85,938
Sheriff Department offenses reported	6,054	6,169	4,866	4,823	5,436
Environmental protection					
Cooperative extension agent contacts	46,997	41,348	22,733	28,860	64,719
Economic and physical development					
Number of commercial permits issued	605	631	603	598	730
Number of residential permits issued	1,398	1,182	1,098	993	892
Human services					
Households received assistance with energy bills	3,344	3,550	3,501	2,994	4,045
Medicaid transportation provided (round trips)	27,235	27,590	23,810	26,279	23,669
Child support services cases currently open	6,562	6,682	6,849	6,847	6,848
Public health clients served	9,037	10,958	13,887	18,698	22,087
Restaurant inspections	1,353	1,347	1,344	1,333	1,351
Culture and recreation					
Total circulation for library system	525,988	555,132	572,569	585,517	604,829
Number of patrons visiting parks	166,319	170,295	104,330	109,550	114,721
Education					
Public school student enrollment K-12	23,509	23,679	23,889	24,204	24,241
Business-type activities:					
Solid waste management					
Tons buried - MSW	139,638	133,843	123,325	120,579	117,787
Tons buried - C&D	33,041	32,819	27,638	28,670	26,786
Tons recycled	21,761	19,737	21,135	24,228	27,601

⁽¹⁾ The State of North Carolina implemented combined motor vehicle registration renewal and property tax collection system whereby the State issues the bills for motor vehicle taxes

Sources: Catawba County Departments, NC Department of Public Instruction

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		
Governmental activities:	<u> </u>			· <u></u>			
General government							
Buildings	5	5	5	5	6		
Vehicles	7	5	8	5	6		
Public safety							
Buildings	15	14	14	14	13		
Vehicles	258	260	233	225	247		
Environmental protection							
Buildings	2	2	2	2	2		
Vehicles	3	3	3	3	3		
Economic and physical development							
Buildings	2	2	2	2	2		
Vehicles	71	74	60	66	62		
Human services							
Buildings	37	38	38	38	38		
Vehicles	28	41	37	35	39		
Culture and recreation							
Buildings	5	5	5	5	5		
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	1		
Business-type activities:							
Solid waste management							
Buildings	10	10	10	10	10		
Vehicles	23	26	25	24	26		
Water and sewer							
Buildings	0	0	0	0	0		
Vehicles	0	0	0	0	0		

N/A = Not available

Sources: Catawba County Departments

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
Function	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
Governmental activities:							
General government							
Buildings	6	6	6	6	5 7		
Vehicles	4	5	6	8	7		
Public safety							
Buildings	12	11	10	10	10		
Vehicles	230	221	218	216	211		
Environmental protection							
Buildings	2	2	2	2	2 2		
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2		
Economic and physical development							
Buildings	2	2	2	2	2		
Vehicles	58	48	43	42	50		
Human services							
Buildings	37	38	38	38	38		
Vehicles	40	41	41	38	37		
Culture and recreation							
Buildings	5	5	6	5	5		
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1		
Business-type activities:							
Solid waste management							
Buildings	10	10	10	10	6		
Vehicles	24	23	24	25	25		
Water and sewer							
Buildings	0	0	0	0	0		
Vehicles	0	0	0	0	0		

N/A = Not available

Sources: Catawba County Departments

